CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

Year Ended June 30, 2020

Prepared by:

DEPARTMENT OF FINANCE

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2020

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January 27, 2021

TO: Citizens of the City of LaGrange, Georgia

Honorable Mayor and Members of the City Council

City of LaGrange, Georgia

The comprehensive annual report of the City of LaGrange, Georgia (the City), for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 is hereby submitted. Responsibility for both the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge and belief, the enclosed data are accurate in all material respects and are reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

This is the eighteenth year the City of LaGrange is subject to the requirements of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement 34, Basic Financial Statements and Management's Discussion and Analysis for State and Local Governments (GASB 34). The GASB pronouncement requires management discussion and analysis of the statements, government-wide financial statements, budgetary comparison schedules, added infrastructure reporting requirements and changes to the statement of cash flows, to name a few. Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A) immediately follows the independent auditor's report and provides a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis of the basic financial statements. MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

The City of LaGrange, incorporated in 1828, operates under the Council-Manager form of government. The City is organized under seven (7) departments: Community Development, Communications, Finance/Human Resources, Information and Technology, Public Safety, Public Services and Public Utilities. These departments operate under the direct supervision of the City Manager, who is appointed by the Mayor and Council, and provide a full range of services to an estimated 31,000 citizens. Included among these services are traditional city functions, such as police and fire protection, sanitation services (garbage and trash collection, landfill, and recycling center), street construction and maintenance, landscaping, cemeteries, building inspection, zoning enforcement and economic development, as well as electric, gas, water and sewer utilities and telecommunications services.

The Housing Authority of the City of LaGrange and the LaGrange Industrial Development Authority have not met the established criteria for inclusion in the reporting entity and, accordingly, are excluded from this report. The Solid Waste Management Authority of the City of LaGrange, City of LaGrange Gas Authority, and Downtown Development Authority are reported on a blended basis.

The Downtown LaGrange Development Authority and Visit LaGrange are legally separate entities for which the City is financially accountable, and therefore are included as component units. Both Authorities are presented as discretely presented component units under GASB-14 (as amended by GASB-61) because the Authorities are legally separate, the municipality appoints a voting majority of the Authorities and is able to impose its will on the Authorities, and the Authorities provide services and benefits which are not limited to the City.

CITY OF LAGRANGE OFFICE OF THE CITY MANAGER

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

The City of LaGrange is located in the west central part of Georgia, approximately 70 miles southwest of the city of Atlanta with Interstate 85 and Interstate 185 adjacent on the east side of the city and West Point Lake adjacent on the west side. Hartsfield Atlanta International Airport is 45 minutes away via I-85 and Columbus is less than an hour away via I-185 south. CSX provides full-service rail facilities with east/west and north/south lines. Truck lines include interstate and intrastate carriers and local terminals. United Parcel Service, Federal Express, and several other national and local firms provide delivery services.

LaGrange is home to over 40 industries in three industrial parks. The 1,600-acre LaGrange Industrial Park and the 640-acre Jim Hamilton Industrial Parks are home to a dozen Fortune 500 companies. Callaway South Industrial Park is currently developing and is home to Sewon America and Badcock Distribution Center.

COVID-19

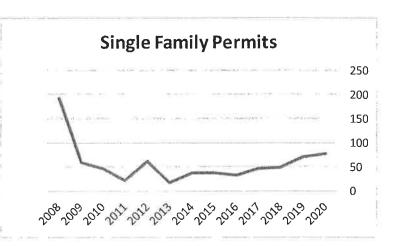
The pandemic has caused several economic challenges for the City of LaGrange – most notably the loss of revenue. Specific concerns focused on declining utility sales, loss of hotel/motel taxes, loss of revenue to pay Great Wolf Lodge (GWL) Conference Center Bonds, and the loss of revenue from AMC Theaters. CARES Act funding in the amount of \$1.5 million was secured in July/September 2020 to help offset some of these revenue losses.

Unemployment Rate

As is the case nationally, the unemployment rate is a measure of how well our local economy is doing. In 2009, the unemployment rate in LaGrange ranged from 2.8% in November to a peak of 16.2% in June. A gradual decline was seen from 2010 to 2019, with the rate ultimately hovering around 3.3%. COVID-19 had a tremendous impact on business and industry in 2020. The unemployment rate soared to a peak of 17.1% in April as many of our largest employers were forced to suspend operations during the lockdown. Fortunately, the rate slowly receded back to 5.9%, October of 2020.

Real Estate

Real estate plays an integral role in our local economy. Residential real estate not only provides housing for families, but it's often their greatest source of wealth and savings. Data shows that LaGrange's single family housing market continues to slowly recover from the 2008 market crash. The total number of single family building permits issued to date in 2020 is 74, which is significantly below what we were experiencing before the recession. Over the past two years, we have had 3 multi-family developments (540 units) under construction and begin to open their doors.



Local Option Sales Tax

The City of LaGrange remains economically healthy.

Local Option Sales Taxes over the past several years have seen a positive trend upward, with the exception of Fiscal

FY 03-04
FY 03-04
FY 03-04
FY 05-06
FY 06-07
FY 03-09
FY 08-09
FY 09-10
FY 11-12
FY 11-12
FY 11-12
FY 11-12
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FY 11-13
FY 11-14
FY 11-15
FY 11-15
FY 11-15
FY 11-16
FY

Year 2020. A 7% decrease in sales tax receipts from Fiscal Year 2019 to Fiscal Year 2020 is shown on the graph.

FINANCIAL INFORMATION

Cash Position

The City's operational and financial performance remains strong. The City's average cash/investment balance for Fiscal Year 2020 was \$53 million. MEAG trust funds increased the cash balances for a ten year period ending in Fiscal Year

2018. Deliberate decisions were made not to spend these funds and to manage the City with sustainable revenues and expenses on an annual basis. A cash reserve is one of the most important things that a long-standing, successful governmental entity should have. The reserve is in place should the city face difficult times, cover unforeseen emergencies or unexpected costs, or address a downturn in the economy. The reserve was also set aside for the purpose of electric rate stabilization should it become necessary with the costs associated with the new Vogtle Nuclear units coming online.



Steps have been taken over the past several years to control expenses and to position the City for financial soundness in the coming years. In Fiscal Year 2011 and 2012, as reflected in the chart, the City paid off significant amounts of Water and Sewer and

Cash/Investment Balances

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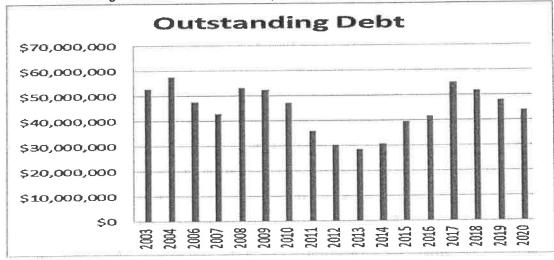
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Sanitation debt. Several revenue bonds were refinanced in Fiscal Years 2012 and 2014 to take advantage of lower interest rates. These steps allowed the City to use cash to avoid interest costs which were significantly higher than what we were receiving in interest on our bank deposits.



Due to infrastructure needs in 2015 and 2016, the City secured financing through low interest loans from the Georgia Environmental Authority. **Facilities** Infrastructure improvements were made to the Long Cane wastewater treatment facility to replace effluent vertical turbine pumps and pump gas engines. The completed project construction in early 2016 on and payments \$8.637.735 loan

March 1, 2016. The City has also made additional investments in the sewer system with another GEFA loan to replace an existing pump station and install roughly 16,000 linear feet of 14" force main. This was a 5.6 million dollar project completed in October of 2015 with principal and interest payments commencing on November 1, 2015. Another strategic infrastructure investment was made to construct a new cell in the City's subtitle D landfill. Funds were secured through a loan GEFA in the amount of \$3 million. Loan payments commenced on November 1, 2015.

With the recruitment of Great Wolf Lodge to the community, the City financed the construction of a \$17 million conference center. A bond was issued in December of 2016 that will be paid back with the incremental hotel motel tax from the project. The bond was issued by the LaGrange Development Authority. The conference center will be leased to Great

Wolf Resort for 50 years and Great Wolf will operate the facility. Since the facility opened in May of 2018, the City portion of hotel/motel tax receipts have totaled \$3.1 million (City retains 56.25% of returns to pay principal and interest payments on bond).

Budgeting Controls

In addition, the City maintains budgetary controls, the purpose of which is to assure compliance with the legal provisions embodied in the annual appropriated budget approved by the City Council of LaGrange. Activities of the general fund and special revenue funds are included in the annual appropriated budget. Project length financial plans are adopted for the capital projects fund. The level of budgetary control (that is the level at which expenditures cannot legally exceed the appropriated amount) is established at the departmental level.

As demonstrated by the statements and schedules included in the financial section of this report, the City continues to meet its responsibility for sound financial management. The following schedule presents a summary of the total governmental funds' revenues for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and the amount and percentage of increases and decreases in relation to the prior year's revenue. Total Revenues showed a decrease in revenue from 2019 to 2020. (5.6%) Revenues were down due to the COVID-19 pandemic which is largely attributed to loss of hotel/motel taxes, sales tax, and court/probation fees. General government expenses showed a minor reduction in expenses at (1.4%) due to a slowdown in capital projects or purchase of capital items.

Revenues	Amount	% of Total	Increase (Decrease) from 2019	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
Taxes, Licenses and Permits	\$ 13,709,187	60.5%	\$ (1,114,589)	(7.5%)
Intergovernmental	5,041,033	22.3%	(63,498)	(1.2%)
Charges for services	343,663	1.5%	48,981	16.6%
Grant and Subsidies	500,000	2.2%	500,000	N/A
Fines	803,272	3.6%	(234,328)	(22.6%)
Investment Income	86,107	0.4%	(18,310)	(17.5%)
Garage Charges	809,000	3.6%	(235,834)	(22.6%)
Lease Income	842.178	3.7%	(86,728)	(9.3%)
Miscellaneous	490,537	2.2%	(130,179)	(21.0%)
TOTAL	\$ 22,624,977	100.0%	\$ (1,334,485)	(5.6%)

Expenditures	Amount	% of Total	Increase (Decrease) From 2019	Percent of Increase (Decrease)
General Government	\$ 4,016,784	10.0%	\$ 254,139	6.8%
Public Safety	18,893,216	47.0%	1,126,294	6.3%
Public Services	2,955,747	7.3%	175,523	6.3%
Culture and Recreation	1,620,773	4.0%	153,759	10.0%
Community Development	3,267,663	8.1%	(628,987)	(16.1%)
Debt Service	2,396,558	6.0%	154,801	6.9%
Capital Outlay	7,083,458	17.6%	(1,791,584)	(20.2%)
TOTAL	\$ 40,234,199	100.0%	\$ (556,055)	(1.4%)

OTHER INFORMATION

Independent Audit

Georgia Law requires cities to be audited every two years by independent certified public accountants. The City chooses to have an annual audit and this year the Council selected the firm of AJK, LLC to perform the audit. The auditor's report on financial statements is included in the financial section of this report.

Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City of LaGrange for its comprehensive annual financial report for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2019. This was the thirty third (33rd) year that the City has received this award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, the City must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report, whose contents conform to program standards. Such reports must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principals and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe our current report continues to conform to the Certificate of Achievement Program requirements, and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

Acknowledgments

The timely preparation of this report was possible because of the hard work and dedication of the Finance Department, the cooperation of all City employees in following City policy in purchasing and accounting for revenues and expenditures and the invaluable assistance of AJK, LLC, the City's auditors. All of these individuals and organizations have our sincere appreciation for their contributions in the preparation of this report. We also wish to acknowledge the leadership and support of the Mayor and Council of the City of LaGrange.

Respectfully submitted,

Meg B. Kelsey City Manager



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

City of LaGrange Georgia

For its Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

June 30, 2019

Christopher P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

City of LaGrange, Georgia

LIST OF PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

June 30, 2020

ELECTED OFFICIALS

Jim Thornton Mayor

Willie Edmondson Council Member

Tom Gore Council Member

Jim Arrington Council Member

Nathan Gaskin Council Member

LeGree McCamey Council Member

Mark Mitchell Council Member

OTHER OFFICIALS

Meg Kelsey City Manager

Bill Bulloch Assistant City Manager

Jeff Todd City Attorney

Alton West Director of Community

Development

Patrick Bowie Director of Public Utilities

Louis M. Dekmar Chief of Police

John Brant Fire Chief

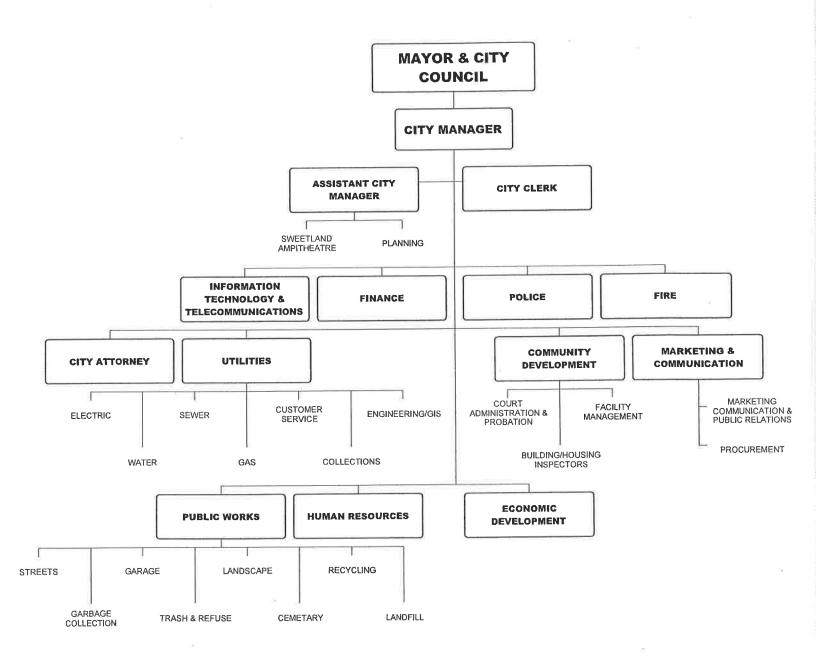
Alan Slaughenhaupt Director of Information

and Technology

Katie Van Schoor Marketing and

Communications Manager

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA ORGANIZATIONAL CHART June 30, 2020



AJK

AJK, LLC

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

P.O. Box 609 ☐ 405 Second Street ☐ Manchester, GA 31816 (706) 846-8401 ☐ Fax (706) 846-3370

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of LaGrange, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaGrange, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of LaGrange, Georgia's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditors consider internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component units, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of LaGrange, Georgia, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof and the respective

MEMBERS OF AMERICAN INSTITUTE OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS GEORGIA SOCIETY OF CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS budgetary comparison for the General Fund for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 4 through 9 and schedule of changes in net pension liability and related ratios, schedule of contributions, and schedule of changes in the total OPEB liability information on pages 50 through 52 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of LaGrange, Georgia's basic financial statements. The introductory section, combining, comparative, budgetary comparative schedules and individual fund financial statements and schedules, other supplemental information, and statistical section, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining, comparative, budgetary comparative schedules and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and other supplemental information are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining, comparative, budgetary comparative schedules and individual fund financial statements and schedules, and other supplementary information are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

The introductory and statistical sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

We also have previously audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the City of LaGrange, Georgia's basic financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2019, which are not presented with the accompanying financial statements and we expressed unmodified opinions on the respective financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, the discretely presented component unit, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. That audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of LaGrange, Georgia's basic financial statements as a whole. The individual fund financial statements related to the 2019 financial statements, for the year ended June 30, 2019 are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the 2019 basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of those basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the 2019 individual fund financial statements are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements from which they have been derived.



Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated January 27, 2021, on our consideration of the City of LaGrange, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of LaGrange, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City of LaGrange, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Manchester, Georgia January 27, 2021

Management's Discussion and Analysis

As management of the City of LaGrange (City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with additional information that we have furnished in our letter of transmittal, which can be found on pages i –v of this report.

Financial Highlights

- The assets and deferred outflows of resources of the City exceeded its liabilities and deferred inflows of resources at the close of 2020 by \$175,129,341.
- The City's total net position decreased by \$707,394.
- As of the close of 2020, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$(2,668,719), a decrease of \$3,877,004 from the prior year.
- At the end of 2020, the fund balance for the general fund was \$435,374 or 1.4 percent of general fund expenditures.
- Increase in net pension liability of \$4,594,092
- Increase in OPEB of \$188,279.
- Investment in Capital Assets for governmental and business-type activities amounted to \$177,185,472 (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt). An increase of 2.2% from FY 2019.

Overview of the Financial Statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the basic financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements

The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net positions may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected revenues and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and fines and forfeiture revenues from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges. The government activities of the City include general government, public safety, public works, community services, and development services. The business-type activities of the City include water and sewer, solid waste, telecommunications, electric, and natural gas services; as well as the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) a community development venture that will generate revenue through ticket sales for hosting a variety of events in the City. See Note 19 for additional information concerning DDA.

The government-wide financial statements include not only the City of LaGrange itself (known as the primary government), but also two legally separate component units, the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority (DLDA) and Visit LaGrange for which the City of LaGrange is financially accountable. Financial information for the component units is reported separately from the financial information presented for the primary government itself.

Fund financial statements

A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds

Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of the governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the governmental funds and government activities.

The City maintains three individual governmental fund types. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the General Fund and the SPLOST Fund which are the City's major governmental funds. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these non-major governmental funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its General Fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the General Fund to demonstrate compliance with this fund. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for the Special Revenue Funds in the supplementary financial information elsewhere in this report. Since the Capital Project Fund budget is adopted on a project basis, a supplementary budgetary comparison statement has not been provided.

Proprietary funds

The City maintains two different types of proprietary funds. Enterprise funds are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses enterprise funds to account for its Utility operations, Water and Sewerage Fund, Solid Waste operations, and a community development venture (DDA). Internal service funds are an accounting device used to accumulate and allocate costs internally among the City's various functions. The City uses internal service funds to account for its Group Insurance, and Property and Casualty activities. These two services primarily benefit the City's general governmental operations and have been allocated to the governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements.

Proprietary fund financial statements provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund statements provide separate information for the Utility, Water and Sewerage, Solid Waste operations, and DDA. Individual fund data for the internal service funds is provided in the form of combining statements elsewhere in this report.

Notes to the Basic Financial Statements

The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Government-wide Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City, assets and deferred outflows of resources exceeded liabilities and deferred inflows of resources by \$175,129,341 at the close of 2020.

A substantial portion of the City's net position (101 percent) reflects its investments in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, infrastructure, machinery, and equipment); less any related debt used to acquire those assets that is still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these are not available for future spending. Although the City's investments in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

A summary of the statement of net position as of June 30, 2020 and June 30, 2019, are as follows:

	Governme	ntal Activities	Business-tv	pe Activities	Tot	al
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Assets:						
Current and other assets	\$ 1,193,552	\$ 5,895,288	\$ 67,492,782	\$ 62,842,363	\$ 68,686,334	\$ 68,737,651
Capital assets	77,537,484	74,514,466	122,687,549	124,299,421	200,225,033	198,813,887
Total assets	78,731,036	80,409,754	190,180,331	187,141,784	268,911,367	267,551,538
Deferred Outflows of Resources: Pensions and OPEB: Difference between expected						
and actual experience	951,690	757,389	498,614	427,142	1,450,304	1,184,531
Changes of assumptions Contributions after	1,828,763	344,392	958,135	194,225	2,786,898	538,617
measurement date	1,890,707	1,408,318	990,591	794,243	2,881,298	2,202,561
Total deferred outflows of						
resources	4,671,160	2,510,099	2,447,340	1,415,610	7,118,500	3,925,709
Liabilities:					00.045.400	70 504 040
Long-term liabilities	40,858,777	38,362,445	39,956,331	41,142,174	80,815,108	79,504,619
Other liabilities	5,427,973	4,789,439	12,322,481	11,821,786	17,750,454	16,611,225
Total liabilities	46,286,750	43,151,884	52,278,812	52,963,960	98,565,562	96,115,844
Deferred Inflows of Resources: Pensions and OPEB: Difference between projected and actual earnings on investments and expected						0.454.455
and actual experience	270,909	1,567,269	141,937	883,888	412,846	2,451,157
Changes of assumptions	1,261,294	697,481	660,824	393,355	1,922,118	1,090,836
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,532,203	2,264,750	802,761	1,277,243	2,334,964	3,541,993
Net Position: Net invested in capital assets	75,206,491	71,977,857	101,978,981	101,324,627	177,185,472	173,302,484
Restricted	2,019,890	1,354,746	125,000		2,144,890	1,354,746
Unrestricted	(41,643,138)	(35,829,384)		32,991,564	(4,201,021)	(2,837,820)
Total net position	<u>\$35,583,243</u>	\$ 37,503,219	<u>\$139,546,098</u>	<u>\$134,316,191</u>	<u>\$175,129,341</u>	\$ 171,819,410

A portion of the City's net position (1.2%) represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. At the end of 2020, the City is able to report positive balances in net position or fund balances, both for the governmental as a whole, as well as for its business-type activities. The following funds reported a negative fund balance at June 30, 2020:

- Major funds: SPLOST Fund
- Non-major (other governmental funds): Capital Projects Fund and Tax Allocation Fund Marriott.

Governmental activities

Governmental activities decreased the City's net position by \$1,919,976. Revenue shortfalls due to COVID were seen in court and probation fees, sales tax and hotel and motel tax, while expenses for governmental activities were up 8%. Below is a breakdown of revenues and expenses by governmental and business type activities for 2020 and 2019.

	Government	al Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Tot	al
	2020	2019	2020	2019	2020	2019
Revenues:						
Program revenues:						
Charges for services	\$ 3,547,701	\$ 4,214,626	\$ 84,955,804	\$ 95,191,085	\$ 88,503,505	\$ 99,405,711
Capital grants &						
Contributions	5,123,036	4,556,503	225,538		5,348,574	4,556,503
Operating grants &					440 400	040.000
Contributions	418,466	910,388			418,466	910,388
General revenues:						
Other taxes	13,450,136	14,547,509			13,450,136	14,547,509
Other	85,638	100,637	1,466,586	2,405,522	1,552,224	2,506,159
Total revenues	22,624,977	24,329,663	86,647,928	97,596,607	109,272,905	121,926,270
Expenses:						
General government	4,573,835	4,006,623			4,573,835	4,006,623
Public safety	20,681,558	18,711,064			20,681,558	18,711,064
Public service	4,059,207	3,149,068			4,059,207	3,149,068
Culture and recreation	1,726,942	1,579,867			1,726,942	1,579,867
Community development	5,777,406	6,359,208	232,707		6,010,113	6,359,208
Interest on long-term debt	803,005	831,861			803,005	831,861
Utilities			69,206,676	75,375,845	69,206,676	75,375,845
Solid waste			2,918,963	8,097,230	2,918,963	8,097,230
Total expenses	37,621,953	34,637,691	72,358,346	83,473,075	109,980,299	118,110,766
Increase (decrease) in						
Net position		// 0 000 000)	44 000 500	44 400 500	(707 204)	3,815,504
before transfers	(14,996,976)	(10,308,028)	14,289,582_	14,123,532	(707,394)	3,013,304
T	13,077,000	13,842,000	(13,077,000)	(13,842,000)		
Transfers	13,077,000	13,042,000	(13,077,000)	(13,042,000)		!
Increase (decrease) in						
net position	(1,919,976)	3,533,972	1,212,582	281,532	(707,394)	3,815,504
het position	(1,010,010)	0,000,072	1,212,002	,	. ,	
Net position-beginning of						
year,	37,503,219	33,969,247	138,333,516	134,034,659	175,836,735	168,003,906
•		8				
Net position-end of year	\$ 35,583,243	\$ 37,503,219	\$139,546,098	\$134,316,191	\$175,129,341	\$171,819,410
•						

Business-type activities

Business-type activities increased the City's net position by \$1,212,582. Total business-type revenues decreased by \$10,948,679 (13%) due to decreases in utility commodity prices and closure of Commercial Sanitation, while expenses decreased by \$11,114,729 (15%) due to closure of the Commercial Sanitation division.

Financial Analysis of the Government's Funds

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of 2020, unassigned fund balance of the General Fund was \$(1,021,517) while total fund balances reached \$435,374. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents -3.3 percent of the total General Fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents 1.4 percent of that same amount. Transfers in from other funds to supplement the General Fund were \$2,634,226 from non-major governmental funds and \$13,100,000 from proprietary funds for a total of \$15,734,226, representing 52.2 percent of total fund expenditures. The City of LaGrange does not levy a property tax and uses the enterprise funds to help fund general governmental services.

The fund balance of the General Fund decreased at the end of June 2020. A decrease of \$2,784,287 in fund balance occurred over the course of Fiscal Year 2020. A decrease in revenue and other financing sources (9.2%) and increases in expenses and other financing sources 1.1% and a lower contribution from enterprise funds, contributes to decrease in fund balance for 2020. COVID-19 had a negative impact on sales tax, hotel/motel tax, court and probation fines. Continued growth in public safety and public service departments lead to small increase in expense.

Other non-major governmental funds have a total fund balance of (\$1,738,361). The City showed a net increase of \$56,956 in the fund balance during the current year for non-major governmental funds. The majority of this increase is attributable to the Capital Projects Fund which ended the fiscal year with a total increase in fund balance of \$74,960 and a negative fund balance of \$132,260, as noted earlier.

Proprietary funds

The City's proprietary funds financial statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide financial statements, but in more detail.

As you will find in Note 19, the Downtown Development Authority (DDA) was reclassified to Business-Type Activities for 2020.

Unrestricted net position of the Utility Fund at the end of 2020 amounted to \$29,980,706, Water and Sewerage Fund reported \$13,256,180, Solid Waste Fund reported (\$5,801,920), and DDA reported \$7,151. The total change in net position for each fund was \$2,200,801, (\$858,406), (\$461,324), and \$331,511, respectively. Other factors concerning the finances of these funds have already been addressed in the discussion of the City's business-type activities.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

There were no differences between the original budget and the final budget for revenues. However, a small budget amendment was made to Community Development. During the year, however, revenues were less than budgetary estimates and expenditures were more than budgetary estimates. Contributors to loss in revenues centered around a decline in sales tax, fines and forfeitures, intergovernmental, and miscellaneous fees. Total negative variance of revenues was (3%). COVID-19 had a major impact on revenue losses. Expenses for 2020 were over budget by roughly 14%. Major contributors to the expense over runs were Police, Debt Service, Animal Control, Streets and Capital Outlay.

Capital Asset and Debt Administration

Capital assets

The City's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2020, amounts to \$177,185,472 (net of accumulated depreciation and related debt). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements, vehicles and equipment, park facilities, storm sewers, bridges, streets, gas lines, electric lines, and water and sewer lines.

	Governmenta	alΔ	ctivities	Business-type Activities				Tota	al	
	2020		2019	_	2020		2019	2020	_	2019
Land Building	\$ 13,601,122 25,235,091	\$	13,601,122 22,289,346	\$	3,560,561 30,831,330	\$	3,510,561 26,833,595	\$ 17,161,683 56,066,421	\$	17,111,683 49,122,941
Machinery & equipment Vehicles Transmission & distribution	13.959,624 5,241,239		13,871,607 5,286,288		20,685,837 1,645,646 198,469,761		20,458,784 1,656,325 197,373,381	34,645,461 6,886,885 198,469,761		34,330,391 6,942,613 197,373,381
Other Construction in progress Total	61,950,991 1,413,979 121,402,046	_	56,724,793 3,217,264 114,990,420		859,927 256,053,062	_	911,028 250,743,674	61,950,991 2,273,906 377,455,108		56,724,793 4,128,292 365,734,094
Less, accumulated depreciation	(43,864,562)		(40,475,954)		(133,370,513)		(126,444,253)	(177,235,075)		(166,920,207)
Total net of accumulated depreciation	\$ 77,537,484	\$	74,514,466	\$	122,682,549	\$	124,299,421	\$ 200,220.033	\$	198,813,887

More detailed information can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 4.

Long-term debt

At the end of 2020, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$3,950,000. Of this amount, none is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. All of the City's debt represents bonds secured solely by specific revenue sources (i.e., revenue bonds).

The City maintains a general obligation credit rating of Aa3 from Moody's and AA- from Standard & Poor's.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue to 10 percent of its total assessed value of taxable property located within the municipality. The current debt limitation for the City is \$119,164,061 which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation bonds, which is zero.

More detailed information can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements, Note 5 and 6.

Requests for information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

Meg B. Kelsey City Manager 200 Ridley Avenue LaGrange, Georgia 30240

NOTICE

Certain pages of this report have been left blank intentionally. These pages are identified as shown on this page.



BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

		Р	rima	ıry Governmer	nt			Comp Un		nt
ASSETS		rnmental tivities	Bu	siness-Type Activities	2	Total	La Dev	owntown aGrange velopment authority	Ĺ	Visit aGrange
Cash and cash equivalents Investments		,999,342 ,381,780	\$	14,410,191 34,140,297	\$	16,409,533 35,522,077	\$	382,370	\$	659,466
Receivables (net of allowance): Taxes Accounts Intergovermental	1	,331,397 759,948		9,787,585	Ε.	1,331,397 9,787,585 759,948		815		88,998
Other Internal balances	(5	59,967 ,939,844)		5,939,844		59,967		40,675		00,000
Inventory Prepaid expenses		165,344 144,070		3,010,104 79,761		3,175,448 223,831		2,662		
Restricted cash Restricted investments		421,235 870,313		125,000		546,235 870,313		359,790		
Notes receivable Capital lease Capital assets:						*		235,527 422,998		
Land and construction in progress Other capital assets, net of accumulated	15	,015,101		4,420,488		19,435,589		1,621,710		
depreciation Other assets	62	,522,383		118,262,061 5,000		180,784,444 5,000		5,079,357		1,783
Total assets	78	,731,036	,	190,180,331		268,911,367	1	8,145,904		750,247
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES										
Pension: Difference between expected and actual		504.000		000 704		004 000				
experience Changes of assumptions		591,236 ,828,763		309,764 958,135		901,000 2,786,898				
Contributions after measurement date Other post-employment benefits: Difference between expected and actual	1	,161,170		608,369		1,769,539				
experience Contributions after measurement date		360,454 729,537		188,850 382,222		549,304 1,111,759	? <u></u>			
Total deferred outflows of resources	4	,671,160		2,447,340		7,118,500				

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 (Continued)

	Pr	imary Government		Compor Units	
	Governmental Activities	Business-Type Activities	Total	Downtown LaGrange Development Authority	Visit LaGrange
LIABILITIES	<u></u> !:				
Accounts and claims payable Accrued liabilities Accrued interest Customer deposits Unearned revenue Long-term debt:	2,534,623 230,735 223,761 647,177	3,890,842 168,196 46,216 3,157,308 2,386,306	6,425,465 398,931 269,977 3,157,308 3,033,483	45,269 22,017 72,817	30,925
Due within one year Due in more than one year Other long-term obligations:	743,746 1,587,247	2,162,659 18,540,909	2,906,405 20,128,156	138,449 2,588,076	
Due within one year Due in more than one year Noncurrent liabilities due in more than one year:	1,047,931 18,856,897	510,954 10,719,673	1,558,885 29,576,570 14,493,185		
Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	9,510,428 10,904,205	4,982,757 5,712,992	16,617,197		
Total liabilities	46,286,750	52,278,812	98,565,562	2,866,628	30,925
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES					
Pension: Difference between expected and actual experience Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	8,961 148,651	4,697 77,881	13,658 226,532		
Other post-employment benefits: Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions	113,297 1,261,294	59,359 660,824	172,656 1,922,118		
Total deferred inflows of resources	1,532,203	802,761	2,334,964		
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets Restricted for:	75,206,491	101,978,981	177,185,472	16,701,067	1,783
Perpetual care Public safety Community development Debt service	874,680 85,288 821,925 237,997	125,000	874,680 85,288 946,925 237,997	400,000	
124 Main Street Unrestricted	(41,643,138)	37,442,117	(4,201,021)	(1,821,791)	717,539
Total net position	\$ 35,583,243	\$ 139,546,098	\$ 175,129,341	\$ 15,279,276	\$ 719,322

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

	į			Д.	Primary Government	ţ	Units	ts
Expenses	Charges for Services, Fees, Fines, and Forfeitures	Operating Grants and Contributions	Capital Grants and Contributions	Governmental Activities	Business-type Activities	Total	Downtown LaGrange Development Authority	Visit LaGrange
\$ 3,859,865 20,681,558 4,059,207 1,726,942 5,777,406 206,000 507,970 803,005	\$ 1,280,442 1,225,329 48,545 993,385	\$ 40,000 81,358 297,108	\$ 5,123,036	\$ (2,579,423) (19,416,229) 1,145,187 (1,678,397) (4,486,913) (206,000) (507,970) (803,005)		\$ (2,579,423) (19,416,229) 1,145,187 (1,678,397) (4,486,913) (206,000) (506,000)		
37,621,953	3,547,701	418,466	5,123,036	(28,532,750)	·	(28,532,750)		
13,729,797 9,025,876 42,879,125 2,918,963 3,571,878	17,826,037 12,660,263 48,052,304 2,657,310 3,421,210				4,096,240 3,634,387 5,173,179 (261,653) (150,668)	4,096,240 3,634,387 5,173,179 (261,653) (150,668)		
232,707	338,680	•	225,538		331,511	331,511		
\$ 109,980,299	\$ 88,503,505	\$ 418,466	\$ 5,348,574	(28,532,750)	12,822,996	(15,709,754)		
\$ 2,762,666 837,258 \$ 3,599,924 General revenues:	\$ 1,291,566	\$ 391,201 1,555,103 \$ 1,946,304	69				\$ (1,079,899)	\$ 717,845
Taxes: Franchise tax Insurance premium tax Alcoholic beverage tax Sales tax	ium tax age tax			1,144,431 2,236,482 720,255 5,349,061		1,144,431 2,236,482 720,255 5,349,061		
Au valorein Other Investment earnings Gain on sale of capital assets Miscellaneous	ngs apital assets			3,425,533 85,638	1,460,673 5,913	3,425,533 1,546,311 5,913	112,170 27,725 29,063	1,477
Transfers	godos pao sonacion	4		13,077,000	(13.077.000)	15 002 360	168 958	1 477
Change in net position	change in net position	o D		(1,919,976)	1,212,582	(707,394)	(910,941)	719,322
Net position at beginning of year	jinning of year			37,503,219	138,333,516	175,836,735	16,190,217	
Net position at end of year	d of year			\$ 35,583,243	\$ 139,546,098	\$ 175,129,341	\$ 15,279,276	\$ 719,322

Total business-type activities

Telecommunications Community development

Total primary government

Downtown LaGrange Development

Component units:

Down... Authority Visit LaGrange Total component units

Culture and recreation
Coulture and recreation
Community development
Redevelopment and housing
Telecommunications
Interest on long-term debt
Total governmental activities

Business-type activities: Water and sewer

Gas system Electric system

Sanitation

FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS

Primary government: Governmental activities:

General government Public safety Public service

See the accompanying notes to the financial statements.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Major Govern	mental Funds	Non-Major Governmental Funds	Total
	General	SPLOST	Other Governmental	Governmental
:2	Fund	Fund	Funds	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 407,154	\$ 509,073	\$ 181,508	\$ 1,097,735
Investments	6,410		727,475	733,885
Receivables (net of allowance):	1,331,397			1,331,397
Taxes Intergovermental	1,551,591	759,948		759,948
Other	9,551	. 00,0 10		9,551
Inventory	165,344			165,344
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	421,235			421,235
Restricted investments	870,313	(870,313
Total assets	\$ 3,211,404	\$ 1,269,021	\$ 908,983	\$ 5,389,408
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$ 536,118	\$ 246,753	\$ 270	\$ 783,141
Due to other funds	1,362,000	2,388,000	300,020 2,347,054	4,050,020 2,347,054
Advances to other funds Accrued liabilities	230,735		2,047,004	230,735
Unearned revenue	647,177			647,177
Total liabilities	2,776,030	2,634,753	2,647,344	8,058,127
Fund Balances:				
Non-spendable:	105 244			165,344
Inventory Restricted for:	165,344			100,044
Perpetual care	874,680			874,680
Public safety	85,288			85,288
Community development	81,042		740,883	821,925
Debt service	237,997			237,997
Assigned for:	10 540			12,540
Public safety Unassigned	12,540 (1,021,517)	(1,365,732)	(2,479,244)	(4,866,493)
Total fund balances	435,374	(1,365,732)	(1,738,361)	(2,668,719)
Total liabilities and fund balances	\$ 3,211,404	\$ 1,269,021	\$ 908,983	\$ 5,389,408

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA

RECONCILIATION OF FUND BALANCES ON THE BALANCE SHEET FOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES ON THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

Total fund balance - all governmental funds

\$ (2,668,719)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:

Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the funds.

77,537,484

The deferred outflows below are not current assets or financial resources and the deferred inflows are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the governmental funds. Balances at June 30, 2020 are:

Deferred outflows Deferred inflows 4,671,160

(1,532,203)

Long-term debt and other long-term liabilities applicable to the City's governmental activities are not due and payable in the current period and accordingly are not reported as fund liabilities. Interest on long-term debt is not accrued in governmental funds, but rather is recognized as an expenditure when due. All liabilities, both current and long-term, are reported in the statement of net position. Balances at June 30, 2020 are:

Accrued interest payable	\$ (223,761)	
Capital leases	(2,330,993)	
Compensated absences	(657,328)	
Intergovernmental agreements	(19,247,500)	
Net OPEB liability	(9,510,428)	
Net pension liability	(10,904,205)	(42,874,215)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities, such as insurance, to certain funds. The assets and liabilities of certain internal service funds are included in governmental activities in the statement of net position.

449,736

Net position of governmental activities

\$ 35,583,243

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Major Governm General Fund			mental Funds SPLOST Fund		Non-Major Governmental Funds Other Governmental Funds		Total vernmental Funds
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Sales	\$	5,349,061					\$	5,349,061
Franchise	•	1,144,431						1,144,431
Insurance premium		2,236,482						2,236,482
Alcoholic beverage		720,255						720,255
Ad valorem		574,374						574,374
Other		791,308			\$	2,634,225		3,425,533
Licenses and permits		259,051						259,051
Intergovernmental		271,653	\$	4,622,567		146,813		5,041,033
Grants and subsidies				500,000				500,000
Fines and forfeitures		803,272						803,272
Garage charges		809,000						809,000
Charges for services		343,663						343,663
Investment income		45,278		469		40,360		86,107
Rental income		,				842,178		842,178
Miscellaneous		88,591				401,946		490,537
Total revenues		13,436,419		5,123,036		4,065,522		22,624,977
		10,100,110	-	-1112				***************************************
Expenditures:								
Current:		0.000.504						3,333,594
General government		3,333,594						18,893,216
Public safety		18,893,216						2,955,747
Public service		2,955,747						1,620,773
Culture and recreation		1,620,773				4 744 707		
Community development		1,555,926				1,711,737		3,267,663 206,000
Redevelopment and housing						206,000		
Telecommunications		477,190						477,190
Debt service:						007.644		1,588,199
Principal retirements		590,555				997,644		
Interest and fees		2,434				805,925		808,359
Capital outlay:		54000						54,688
General government		54,688		0.000.040				2,806,260
Public safety		173,447		2,632,813				1,165,725
Public service		226,957		938,768				239,190
Culture and recreation		239,190		0.704.400		116,467		2,817,595
Community development	-	00 100 717	2	2,701,128	-	3,837,773	-	40,234,199
Total expenditures	_	30,123,717	_	6,272,709				
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures		(16,687,298)		(1,149,673)		227,749	_	(17,609,222)
Other financing sources (uses):								
Sale of capital assets		30,135						30,135
Capital lease		625,083						625,083
Transfers in		15,734,226				2,651,433		18,385,659
Transfers out		(2,486,433)				(2,822,226)		(5,308,659)
Total other financing sources (uses)		13,903,011	-	253		(170,793)		13,732,218
Net change in fund balances	-	(2,784,287)		(1,149,673)		56,956		(3,877,004)
Fund balance, beginning of year		3,219,661		(216,059)	_	(1,795,317)	_	1,208,285
Fund balance, end of year	\$	435,374	\$	(1,365,732)	\$	(1,738,361)	_\$_	(2,668,719)
= = = · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			4					

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES Year Ended June 30, 2020

Net change in fund balances - All governmental funds

\$ (3,877,004)

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:

Governmental funds report capital outlay as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense:

Capital outlay	6,733,222
Depreciation	(3,672,900)

The net effect of various transactions involving capital assets (i.e., sales, trade-ins, donations) is to decrease net position. (37,304)

Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable available financial resources. In the statement of activities, however, which is presented on the accrual basis, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. In addition, interest on long-term debt is not recognized under the modified accrual basis of accounting until due, rather than as it accrues. This amount consists of the change in the following balances:

Compensated absences	(37,321)
Accrued interest payable	5,354
Net OPEB liability	(68,449)
Pension expense	(618,446)

Capital lease proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term debt in the statement of net position. Repayment of capital lease principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but the repayment reduces long-term debt in the statement of net position:

Principal retirements	1,588,199
Proceeds from capital leases	(625,083)

Internal service funds are used by management to charge costs of certain activities, such as insurance to certain funds. The net revenue (expenses) of certain internal service funds is reported with governmental activities.

(1,310,244)

Change in net position of governmental activities \$ (1,919,976)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND Year Ended June 30, 2020

		Original Budgeted Amounts	Final Budgeted Amounts		Actual Amount		Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)	
Revenues:								
Taxes:								
Sales	\$	5,670,000	\$	5,670,000	\$	5,349,061	\$	(320,939)
Franchise		1,110,000		1,110,000		1,144,431		34,431
Insurance premium		2,150,000		2,150,000		2,236,482		86,482
Alcoholic beverage		719,000		719,000		720,255		1,255
Ad valorem		350,000		350,000		574,374		224,374
Other		805,000		805,000		791,308		(13,692)
Licenses and permits		217,000		217,000		259,051		42,051
Intergovernmental		513,000		513,000		271,653		(241,347)
Fines and forfeitures		1,028,800		1,028,800		803,272		(225,528)
Garage charges		800,000		800,000		809,000		9,000
Charges for services		292,700		292,700		343,663		50,963
Investment income		15,000		15,000		45,278		30,278
Miscellaneous		200,500		200,500		88,591		(111,909)
Total revenues		13,871,000		13,871,000		13,436,419		(434,581)
Expenditures: Current: General government: Administrative Finance		1,547,219 498,039		1,547,219 498,039		1,758,256 480,409		(211,037) 17,630
Garage		887,589		887,589		868,779		18,810
Risk management		38,000		38,000		38,000		44.045
City hall		199,765		199,765	. —	188,150		11,615
Total general government		3,170,612	-	3,170,612		3,333,594	_	(162,982)
Public safety:								
Court administration		443,851		443,851		396,949		46,902
Probation		326,215		326,215		315,068		11,147
Police		10,551,509		10,551,509		10,898,410		(346,901)
Community service		95,876		95,876		89,872		6,004
Traffic control		1,008,459		1,008,459		964,896		43,563
Fire services		5,686,955		5,686,955		5,705,801		(18,846)
Animal control		397,475	_	397,475		522,220		(124,745)
Total public safety		18,510,340	_	18,510,340		18,893,216	·	(382,876)
Public service: Engineering and supervision		247,120		247,120		223,394		23,726
Streets		1,301,240		1,301,240		1,606,761		(305,521)
Streets Street cleaning		115,518		115,518		99,262		16,256
Trash and refuse		668,131		668,131		733,407		(65,276)
Recycling center		198,227		198,227		199,576		(1,349)
Curbside recycling		133,517		133,517		93,347		40,170
Total public service		2,663,753	-	2,663,753	-	2,955,747		(291,994)
Total pasing solvings	-	, -,	_					

(Continued...)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND

Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Continued)

	Original Budgeted Amounts	_	Actual Amount	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Culture and recreation: Landscaping and cemetery maintenance	1,469,0	1,469,077	1,620,773	(151,696)
Community development: Community development DAL marketing Other community support Total community development	777,6 87,3 436,7 1,301,7	89 87,389 33 436,733	785,203 96,310 674,413 1,555,926	57,965 (8,921) (237,680) (188,636)
Telecommunications: Administration LGTV Total telecommunications	278,9 198,6 477,6	70 198,670	281,096 196,094 477,190	(2,161) 2,576 415
Debt service: Principal retirement Interest and fees Total debt service	369,4 27,8 397,3	70 27,870	590,555 2,434 592,989	(221,105) 25,436 (195,669)
Capital outlay: General government Public safety Public service Telecommunications Culture and recreation Total capital outlay Total expenditures	40,5 220,0 60,0 10,0 60,0 390,5 28,380,9	220,000 60,000 00 60,000 00 60,000 00 390,500	54,688 173,447 226,957 239,190 694,282 30,123,717	(14,188) 46,553 (166,957) 10,000 (179,190) (303,782) (1,677,220)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over (unde expenditures	er) (14,509,9	97) (14,575,497)	(16,687,298)	(2,111,801)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out Sale of capital assets Capital leases Total other financing sources (uses)	16,500,0 (2,673,5 5,0 13,831,4	(2,673,531) (00 5,000	15,734,226 (2,486,433) 30,135 625,083 13,903,011	(765,774) 187,098 25,135 625,083 71,542
Net change in fund balances	(678,5	(744,028)	(2,784,287)	(2,040,259)
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,219,6	====3:	3,219,661	
Fund balance, end of year	\$ 2,541,1	33 \$ 2,475,633	\$ 435,374	\$ (2,040,259)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS June 30, 2020

				Non-Major		Internal
				Enterprise		Service
	Maj	or Enterprise Fu	nds	Fund		Funds
		Water &		Downtown		
	Utility	Sewerage	Sanitation	Development		Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Authority	Total	Activities
ASSETS						
Current assets:						
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,224,144	\$ 3,206,209	\$ 1,943,966	\$ 35,872	\$ 14,410,191	\$ 901,607
Investments	22,345,252	11,795,045			34,140,297	647,895
Receivables:						
Accounts	7,810,028	1,884,721	92,836		9,787,585	
Other						50,416
Due from other funds	2,122,000	460,000	1,638,000		4,220,000	250,020
Prepaids	54,761			25,000	79,761	144,070
Inventory	1,531,513	1,478,591			3,010,104	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	,			125,000	125,000	
Total current assets	43,087,698	18,824,566	3,674,802	185,872	65,772,938	1,994,008
Noncurrent assets:						
Deposits				5,000	5,000	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,574,303	1,233,946	1,437,733	174,506	4,420,488	
Capital assets, being depreciated	32,372,037	64,298,968	17,548,877	4,042,179	118,262,061	
Advances to other funds	2,347,054				2,347,054	
Total noncurrent assets	36,293,394	65,532,914	18,986,610	4,221,685	125,034,603	
Total assets	79,381,092	84,357,480	22,661,412	4,407,557	190,807,541	2,611,218
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pensions:						
Difference between expected and actual						
experience	171,190	115,959	22,615		309,764	
Change of assumptions	529,511	358,673	69,951		958,135	
Contributions after measurement date	336,215	227,739	44,415		608,369	
Other post-employment benefits:						
Difference between expected and actual						
experience	104,367	70,695	13,788		188,850	
Contributions after measurement date	211,234	143,083	27,905		382,222	
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,352,517	916,149	178,674		2,447,340	- B

(Continued...)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

June 30, 2020 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities					30
= W	**			Non-Major		Internal
				Enterprise		Service
	Ma	jor Enterprise Fu	ınds	Fund		Funds
	,	Water &		Downtown		*
	Utility	Sewerage	Sanitation	Development		Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Authority	Total	Activities
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities:						
Accounts payable	3,728,402	133,143	16,396	12,901	3,890,842	51,482
Customer deposits	2,458,351	697,427	1,530		3,157,308	
Accrued liabilities	74,064	48,909	9,403	35,820	168,196	
Accrued compensated absences	93,516	47,300	12,101		152,917	
Due to other funds				10,000	10,000	410,000
Unearned revenue	1,203,915	1,182,391			2,386,306	
Claims reserve					*	1,700,000
Notes payable, current		837,725	185,956		1,023,681	
Capital leases, current	158,893		40,085		198,978	
Intergovernmental agreement						
payable, current	310,000				310,000	
Landfill postclosure liability, current			48,037		48,037	
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:						
Accrued interest	46,216				46,216	
Revenue bonds, current	940,000				940,000	
Total current liabilities	9,013,357	2,946,895	313,508	58,721	12,332,481	2,161,482
Noncurrent liabilities:						
Compensated absences	140,273	70,950	18,151		229,374	
Revenue bonds, long-term	3,010,000				3,010,000	
Notes payable, long-term		12,707,114	2,492,749		15,199,863	
Capital leases, long-term	331,046				331,046	
Intergovernmental agreement						
payable, long-term	1,780,000				1,780,000	
Landfill postclosure liability			8,710,299		8,710,299	
Advances from other funds	617,210				617,210	
Net OPEB liability	2,753,705	1,865,273	363,779		4,982,757	
Net pension liability	3,157,267	2,138,633	417,092		5,712,992	
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,789,501	16,781,970	12,002,070	_	40,573,541	
Total liabilities	20,802,858	19,728,865	12,315,578	58,721	52,906,022	2,161,482
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES						
Pensions:						
Difference between expected and actual						
experience	2,596	1,758	343		4,697	
Net difference between projected and actual	2,390	1,730	543		4,007	
earnings on investments	43,041	29,154	5,686		77,881	
Other post-employment benefits:	45,041	25,104	3,000		17,001	
Difference between expected and actual						
experience	32,805	22,221	4,333		59,359	
Changes of assumptions	365,202	247,376	48,246		660,824	
Total deferred inflows of resources	443,644	300,509	58,608	-	802,761	··
	440,044	000,000	00,000			
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets	29,506,401	51,988,075	16,267,820	4,216,685	101,978,981	
Restricted, Community Development				125,000	125,000	
Unrestricted	29,980,706	13,256,180	(5,801,920)	7,151	37,442,117	449,736
Total net position	\$ 59,487,107	\$ 65,244,255	\$ 10,465,900	\$4,348,836	\$139,546,098	\$ 449,736

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Business-Type Activities						
	-				Non-Major		Internal
					Enterprise		Service
	M	Major Enterprise Funds					Funds
			Water &		Downtown		
	Utility Fund		Sewerage Fund	Sanitation Fund	Development Authority	Total	Governmental Activities
Operating revenues:	-						
Water and sewerage system		\$	17,391,373			\$ 17,391,373	
Gas system	\$ 12,394,141					12,394,141	
Electric system	47,747,760					47,747,760	
Sanitation				\$ 2,637,866		2,637,866	
Premiums							\$ 8,531,588
Telecommunications	3,421,210					3,421,210	
Sponsorships					\$ 304,595	304,595	
Other sales	570,666		434,664	19,444		1,024,774	
Miscellaneous income					34,085	34,085	
Total operating revenue	64,133,777		17,826,037	2,657,310	338,680	84,955,804	8,531,588
Operating expenses:							
Water and sewerage system			9,955,564			9,955,564	
Gas system	7,645,833		0,000,00			7,645,833	
Electric system	42,106,089					42,106,089	
Sanitation	12,100,000			1,653,500		1,653,500	
Telecommunications	3,107,134			.,,		3,107,134	
Administrative services	0,101,101					=	243,932
Depreciation	2,340,428		3,539,045	1,149,225	123,177	7,151,875	
Risk management	2,040,420		0,000,010	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	,	#	9,673,267
Community development					109,530	109,530	
Total operating expenses	55,199,484	-	13,494,609	2,802,725	232,707	71,729,525	9,917,199
Total operating expenses							
Operating income (loss)	8,934,293		4,331,428	(145,415)	105,973	13,226,279	(1,385,611)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):							
Investment income	1,191,821		261,735	7,117		1,460,673	75,367
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	4,265		1,648	(33,770)		(27,857)	
Interest expense	(277,395)		(235, 188)	(82,468)		(595,051)	
Total nonoperating	V 						
revenues (expenses)	918,691	-	28,195	(109,121)		837,765	75,367
Net income (loss) before							
contribution and transfers	9,852,984		4,359,623	(254,536)	105,973	14,064,044	(1,310,244)
					005 500	005 500	
Capital contributions					225,538	225,538	
Transfers in	2,932,822		626,793	93,212		3,652,827	
Transfers out	(10,585,005)	-	(5,844,822)	(300,000)		(16,729,827)	
Change in net position	2,200,801		(858,406)	(461,324)	331,511	1,212,582	(1,310,244)
Net position, beginning of year	57,286,306		66,102,661	10,927,224	4,017,325	138,333,516	1,759,980
Net position, end of year	\$ 59,487,107	\$	65,244,255	\$ 10,465,900	\$ 4,348,836	\$139,546,098	\$ 449,736

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

			Internal			
	B.d.o.i.a	u Enternsies Eu	n de	Enterprise		Service
	IVIAJO	or Enterprise Fu Water &	nas	- Fund Downtown		Funds
£	Utility Fund	Sewerage Fund	Sanitation Fund	Development Authority	Total	Governmental Activities
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 64,796,538 (3,467,348) (49,158,312) 12,170,878	\$ 18,238,212 (4,435,138) (5,331,889) 8,471,185	\$ 1,697,688 (892,342) (1,591,904) (786,558)		\$ 85,081,118 (8,794,828) (56,167,914) 20,118,376	\$ 8,528,760 (9,661,883) (1,133,123)
	12,170,070	0,471,103	(100,000)	202,071	20,110,070	(1,100,120)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Repayment of advance to (from) other funds Advances to other funds Contributions from other government	(105,600) 124,223				(105,600) 124,223	105,600
entities				22,507	22,507	
Transfers in	2,932,822	626,793	93,212		3,652,827	
Transfers out	(10,585,005)	(5,844,822)	(300,000)		(16,729,827)	
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(7,633,560)	(5,218,029)	(206,788)	22,507	(13,035,870)	105,600
Cash flows from capital and						
related financing activities:					(- ()	
Principal payments on revenue bonds	(910,000)	4.040	0.4.000		(910,000)	
Proceeds from sale of assets	4,265	1,648	24,992	(404 500)	30,905	
Acquisition of capital assets	(652,203)	(601,699)	(70.052)	(124,506)	(1,378,408)	
Capital lease payments Payments on notes payable Payments on intergovernmental	(278,409)	(822,960)	(79,053) (180,803)		(357,462) (1,003,763)	
agreement	(295,000)				(295,000)	
Interest paid	(276,778)	(235,188)	(82,468)		(594,434)	
Net cash provided (used) by capital financing activities	(2,408,125)	(1,658,199)	(317,332)	(124,506)	(4,508,162)	
Cash flows from investing activities:						
Sale (purchase) of investments	3,567,763	(690,565)	7,117		2,884,315	(82,007)
Investment income	1,191,821	261,735			1,453,556	75,367
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	4,759,584	(428,830)	7,117		4,337,871	(6,640)
Net increase (decrease) in cash	6,888,777	1,166,127	(1,303,561)	160,872	6,912,215	(1,034,163)
Cash, beginning of year	2,335,367	2,040,082	3,247,527	=	7,622,976	1,935,770
Cash, end of year	\$ 9,224,144	\$ 3,206,209	\$ 1,943,966	\$ 160,872	\$ 14,535,191	\$ 901,607

(Continued...)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activities											
	.—	Non-Major									Internal	
							Ε	nterprise				Service
		Majo	r Er	nterprise Fur	nds	}		Fund			_	Funds
				Nater &			Do	owntown				
		Utility	9	Sewerage	S	anitation	Dev	velopment			Go	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Fund	Δ	\uthority		Total	_	Activities
Cash flows from operating activities:												
Operating income (loss)	\$	8,934,293	\$	4,331,428	\$	(145,415)	\$	105,973	\$	13,226,279	\$	(1,385,611)
Adjustments to reconcile operating												
income to net cash provided by												
operating activities:												
Depreciation		2,340,428		3,539,045		1,149,225		123,177		7,151,875		
Changes in operating assets												
and liabilities:												
Accounts receivable		1,533,255		226,792		478,378				2,238,425		(2,808)
Inventory		(213,369)		15,657						(197,712)		
Prepaid expense		262						(25,000)		(24,738)		(127,635)
Accounts payable		35,326		(48,344)		(56,758)		12,901		(56,875)		22,951
Accrued vacation		18,711		15,486		(384)				33,813		
Due from other funds		(762,000)		(460,000)		(1,438,000)				(2,660,000)		(20)
Due to other funds								10,000		10,000		160,000
Claims reserve										-		200,000
Unearned revenue		(254,236)		542,461						288,225		
Other accrued expenses		36,992		21,592		3,840		35,820		98,244		
Customer deposits		145,742		102,922						248,664		
Closure/postclosure						66,520				66,520		
Net OPEB liability		111,635		42,405		(507,633)				(353,593)		
Net pension liability		243,839		141,741		(336,331)			_	49,249	_	
Net cash provided (used) by												
operating activities	\$	12,170,878	\$	8,471,185	\$	(786,558)	\$	262,871	\$	20,118,376	\$	(1,133,123)
			-		-							

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities: In 2020, Downtown Development Authority received \$198,031 in donated capital assets and a \$5,000 donated vendor deposit.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The City of LaGrange, Georgia (the City) was incorporated in 1828, under the provisions of the State of Georgia. The City operates under a Council-Manager form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), highway and street, sanitation, health and social services, culture and recreation, community development, planning and zoning, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies of the City of LaGrange, Georgia conform to generally accepted accounting principles applicable to governments. The following is a summary of the City's more significant accounting policies used in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements.

A. The Reporting Entity - The City of LaGrange, Georgia is a municipal corporation governed by a Mayor and seven member Council. The City has considered all potential component units for inclusion in these financial statements and determined that the Solid Waste Management Authority of the City of LaGrange and the Downtown Development Authority should be included on a blended basis, and the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority as well as Visit LaGrange should be included as a discretely presented component units.

The Solid Waste Management Authority of the City of LaGrange consists of an eight member board appointed by the governing authority of the City. The Authority provides a means to issue revenue bonds. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as if it were part of the City's Solid Waste Fund because the board and management of the Authority are substantially the same as the City. Additionally, the City is wholly responsible for the debt of the Authority whose sole purpose is to finance, construct, equip, expand, and maintain the City's solid waste facilities. Separate financial statements are not prepared by the Solid Waste Management Authority.

The Downtown Development Authority consists of a six member board appointed by the governing authority of the City. The Authority oversees the operations of the Sweetland Amphitheatre. Although it is legally separate from the City, the Authority is reported as a non-major enterprise fund because the City appoints a majority of the Board, is responsible for support, and the Authority provides services almost entirely to the City. Separate financial statements are not prepared by the Downtown Development Authority.

The component unit column in the financial statements includes the financial data of the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority and Visit LaGrange. The purpose of the Authorities is to revitalize and redevelop central business districts, promote tourism, and promote the public good and the general welfare of the City. They are reported in separate columns to emphasize that they are legally separate from the City. The Downtown LaGrange Development Authority and Visit LaGrange are presented as discretely presented component units under GASB-14, as amended by GASB-61, because the Authorities are legally separate, the municipality appoints a voting majority of the Authorities and is able to impose its will on the Authorities, and the Authorities provide services and benefits which are not limited to the City.

The Downtown LaGrange Development Authority is presented as an enterprise fund type. Complete financial statements can be obtained from the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority, 200 Main Street, Suite 1-B, LaGrange, Georgia 30240.

Visit LaGrange is presented as a governmental fund type. Visit LaGrange has been discretely presented in a separate column in these financial statements and do not issue separate financial statements.

B. <u>Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements</u> - The government-wide statements (the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the activities of the primary government and the component units of the City. As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity, within the governmental and business-type activities columns, has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The government-wide statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given program are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific program. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 (Continued)

from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given program, and 2) operating or capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program.

Taxes and other items such as internally dedicated resources, not properly included among program revenues are reported instead as general revenues.

The City segregates transactions related to certain functions or activities in separate funds in order to aid financial management and to demonstrate legal compliance. Separate statements are presented for governmental funds and proprietary funds. These statements present each major fund as a separate column on the fund financial statements; all non-major funds are aggregated and presented in a single column.

C. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation - The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be *available* when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due.

Grants from other governments, sales tax, charges for services, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - The General Fund is the general operating fund of the City. It is used to account for all financial resources except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

SPLOST Fund - The SPLOST Fund is a capital project fund to account for the City's portion of SPLOST funds received from the County for the purpose of improvement or acquisition of assets and infrastructure.

Additionally, the City reports the following major proprietary funds:

Enterprise Funds - These funds account for operations of the City which are to be financed and operated in a manner similar to a private business enterprise in which the costs (including depreciation) incurred in providing services are being recovered primarily through user charges. These operations include sanitation, water and sewer, electricity, telecommunication, and natural gas services.

- Utility Fund The Utility Fund accounts for operations of the City which are to be financed and operated in a
 manner similar to a private business enterprise in which the costs (including depreciation) incurred in
 providing services are being recovered primarily through user charges. These operations include electricity,
 telecommunication, and natural gas services.
- Water and Sewerage Fund The Water and Sewerage Fund accounts for the operations of the City's water and sewerage activities.
- Sanitation Fund The Sanitation Fund accounts for the provision of solid waste collection and disposal services to the residents and businesses of the City.

Additionally, the government reports the following fund types:

Internal Service Fund - The Group Insurance Fund and the Property and Casualty Insurance Fund account for the City's partial self-insurance of employee medical claims, workers' compensation claims, and general liability claims provided to other departments of the government on a cost reimbursement basis.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the government's water and sewer function and various other functions of the City. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Proprietary funds distinguish *operating* revenues and expenses from *nonoperating* items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and production and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the enterprise funds are charges to customers for sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

The City's net position is reported in three parts - (1) net investment in capital assets; (2) restricted net position; and (3) unrestricted net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

D. <u>Budgets and Budgetary Accounting</u> - On or about May 1 of each year, the City Manager presents a proposed operating budget to the City Council for the fiscal year commencing the following July 1. After revisions, if any, by the council, the budget is legally enacted through passage of an ordinance. The City Manager is authorized to transfer budgeted amounts within departments within any fund; however, any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any department or fund must be approved by the City Council. Any supplemental appropriations are approved by the City Council. No supplemental appropriations were made during the year ended June 30, 2020.

The budgets for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Capital Projects Fund and SPLOST Fund are budgeted on a project basis, which may be one or more years in length. Proprietary fund type budgets are adopted for management control purposes only.

- E. <u>Cash and Cash Equivalents</u> Cash and cash equivalents shown on the balance sheet represent demand deposits and non-negotiable certificates of deposit. All highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less when purchased are considered to be cash equivalents.
- F. <u>Investments</u> The statutes of the State of Georgia authorize the City to invest in U.S. government obligations; U.S. governmental agency obligations; State of Georgia or other states obligations; obligations of other counties, municipal corporations and political subdivisions of the State of Georgia which are rated "A" or better by Moody's Investors Service, Inc.; negotiable certificates of deposit issued by any bank or trust company organized under the laws of any state of the United States of America or any national banking association; repurchase agreements when collateralized by U.S. government or agency obligations; banker's acceptances that are eligible for purchase by the Federal Reserve Bank; and pooled investment programs sponsored by the State of Georgia for the investment of local government funds.

Investments are stated at fair value based upon quoted market prices.

G. Receivables and Payables - Activity between funds that are representative of lending/borrowing arrangements outstanding at the end of the fiscal year are referred to as either "due to/from other funds" (i.e., the current portion of interfund loans) or "advances to/from other funds" (i.e., the non-current portion of interfund loans). All other outstanding balances between funds are reported as "due to/from other funds." Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as "internal balances."

Advances between funds, as reported in the fund financial statements, are offset by a fund balance reserve account in applicable governmental funds to indicate that they are not available for appropriation and are not expendable available financial resources.

H. <u>Inventory and Prepaid Items</u> - Inventory is valued at cost determined principally using the first-in, first-out (FIFO) method. Inventory is recorded on the consumption method which means that inventory acquisitions are recorded in inventory accounts initially and charged as expenditures or expenses when used. Prepaid items are also recorded on the consumption method.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 (Continued)

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements.

I. <u>Capital Assets</u> - Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure assets (e.g. streets, traffic signals, sewers, and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of \$5,000 or greater and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Some assets are capitalized when the aggregated amount of a group of an asset is material. Capital assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual historical cost is not available. Donated capital assets are recorded at their acquisition value at the time of acquisition plus any ancillary charges incurred to put the asset into service. Construction period interest is capitalized with the cost of the asset. Depreciation has been provided over the estimated useful lives of the assets using the straight-line method.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed.

Property, plant, equipment, and infrastructure of the primary government, as well as any reported component units, are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Buildings	40-50 years
Distribution systems	33-50 years
Furniture and fixtures	5-10 years
Equipment and vehicles	5-25 years
Infrastructure	10-50 years

J. <u>Long-Term Obligations</u> - In the government-wide financial statements, and proprietary fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or proprietary fund type statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium or discount. Bond issuance costs are expensed when incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

- K. <u>Accrued Vacation</u> A liability for accrued vacation pay is recorded by the City. A liability for unused sick leave pay is not recorded since these amounts do not vest.
- L. <u>Fund Equity</u> The City has implemented GASB Statement 54, *Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions*. This Statement provides more clearly defined fund balance categories to make the nature and extent of the constraints placed on a government's fund balance more transparent. The following classifications describe the relative strength to the spending constraints placed on the purposes for which resources can be used:
 - Nonspendable fund balance Amounts that are not in a spendable form (such as inventory or prepaid items)
 or are required to be maintained intact;
 - Restricted fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by their providers (such as grantors, bondholders, and higher levels of government), through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation;
 - Committed fund balance Amounts constrained to specific purposes by a government itself, using its highest
 level of decision-making authority. To be reported as committed, amounts cannot be used for any other purpose
 unless the government takes the same highest level action to remove or change the constraint;
 - Assigned fund balance Amounts a government intends to use for a specific purpose. Intent can be
 expressed by the governing body or by an official or body to which the governing body delegates the authority;
 - Unassigned fund balance Amounts that are available for any purpose. Positive amounts are reported only in the general fund.

City Council establishes (and modifies or rescinds) fund balance commitments by the passage of an ordinance or resolution. This is typically done through adoption and amendment of the budget. A fund balance commitment is further indicated in the budget document as a designation or commitment of the fund (such as for special incentives). Assigned fund balance is established by the City Council through adoption or amendment of the budget as intended for specific purpose (such as purchase of capital assets, construction, debt service, or for other purposes). It is the City's policy to use restricted fund balances first followed by committed amounts, assigned amounts, and then unassigned amounts, respectively.

M. <u>Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources</u> - In addition to assets, the financial statements of the City will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources in the form of expenditures until that time. The differences between expected and actual experience, the changes of assumptions, and the contributions made to the pension plan after the measurement date are the pension related items that the City has that qualify for reporting in this category. The items related to other postemployment benefits (OPEB) that qualify for reporting in this category are the contributions made after the measurement date and differences between expected and actual experience.

In addition to liabilities, the financial statements of the City will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate element, deferred inflows in resources, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources in the form of revenue until that time. The difference between expected and actual experience and the net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments are the pension related items that the City has that qualify for reporting in this category. Items related to other post-employment benefits (OPEB) that qualify for reporting in this category are as follows: the differences between expected and actual experience, and the changes of assumptions.

- N. <u>Pensions</u> For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to pensions, and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the City of LaGrange Georgia's Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) plans and additions to/deductions from the Plans' fiduciary net pension have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by GMEBS. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.
- O. Other Post-Employment Benefits (OPEB) For purposes of measuring the total OPEB liability, deferred outflows/inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expenses have been determined in accordance with GASBS No. 75, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Post-Employment Benefits Other than Pensions. Benefit payments are recognized when due, and payable in accordance with the benefit terms.
- P. <u>Reclassifications</u> Certain amounts presented in the prior year data have been reclassified in order to be consistent with the current year's presentation.
- Q. <u>Use of Estimates to Prepare Financial Statements</u> Management uses estimates and assumptions in preparing financial statements in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles. Those estimates and assumptions affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities, and the reported revenues and expenses. Actual results could vary from the estimates that were assumed in preparing the financial statements.
- R. <u>Subsequent Events</u> Subsequent events have been evaluated by management through January 27, 2021 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.
- S. <u>Recently Issued Accounting Principles</u> The "Governmental Accounting Standards Board" (GASB) has approved the following GASB Statements that have been adopted by the City for the year ended June 30, 2020.

GASB Statement No. 95 "Postponement of the effective dates of certain authoritative guidance" which is to provide temporary relief to governments and other stakeholders in light of the COVID-19 pandemic. The objective of this Statement is to postpone the effective dates of certain provisions in the Statements and Implementation Guides that first became effective for periods beginning after June 15, 2018 and later.

2. DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS

Primary Government

At year end, the carrying amount of the City's deposits was \$16,947,918, which includes \$7,850 petty cash and the bank balance was \$17,474,224. Of the bank balance, \$251,014 was covered by federal deposit insurance, and \$17,223,210 was collateralized through a multiple financial institution collateral pool. The City does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk.

The City adopted and now applies all guidance related to fair value measurement in accordance with U.S. generally accepted accounting principles, which defines fair value and establishes a framework for measuring fair value and enhances disclosures about fair value measurements in regards to their investments.

These standards define fair value at the exchange price that would be received for an asset or paid to transfer a liability (an exit price) in the principal or most advantageous market for the asset or liability in an orderly transaction value hierarchy, which requires an organization to maximize the use of the observable inputs when measuring fair value.

The following provides a description of the three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value under the standard, the types of investments that fall under each category, and the valuation methodologies used to measure these investments at fair value.

- Level 1 Investments reflect prices quoted in active markets.
- Level 2 Investments reflect prices that are based on a similar observable asset either directly or indirectly, which may include inputs in markets that are not considered to be active.
- Level 3 Investments reflect prices based upon unobservable sources.

The categorization of investments within the hierarchy is based upon the pricing transparency of the instrument and should not be perceived as the particular investment's risk.

Investments classified in Level 1 of the fair value hierarchy are valued directly from a predetermined primary external pricing vendor. Assets classified in Level 2 are subject to pricing by an alternative pricing source due to lack of information available by the primary vendor. Investments classified in Level 3, due to lack of an independent pricing source, are valued using an internal fair value as provided by the investment manager.

	Fair Value 6/30/2020	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Unob	nificant oservable nputs evel 3)
Description U.S. Treasury Bond/Note	\$ 16,010,894	(Level I)	\$ 16,010,894		010.07
Municipal Bond/Note	2,145,079		2,145,079		
Federal Agency CMO	8,510,110		8,510,110		
Federal Agency Bond/Note	8,827,840		8,827,840		
Municipal Competitive Trust	21,744			\$	21,744
Coca Cola Stock	870,313	\$ 870,313			
Georgia Fund 1 (State Investment Pool)	6,410		·		6,410
Coorgia v and v (como more more)	\$ 36,392,390	\$ 870,313	\$ 35,493,923	\$	28,154

Interest Rate Risk – The City's investment policy limits investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing interest rates. Securities purchased by or on behalf of the City shall have a final maturity of five and one-half years or less from the date of settlement. The maximum effective duration of the entire portfolio shall be three years. The City has adopted a cash flow needs and market conditions method for its interest rate risk.

Credit Risk – As discussed in Note 1. F., state law limits investments available to local governments by statute. The City's investment policy follows these guidelines.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The City's investment policy limits its investment choices to maximum per issuer which does not exceed 40% for obligations of any corporation of the United States Government or Agency Mortgage - Backed Securities (MBS).

The City's investment of \$6,410 in the Georgia Fund 1 local government investment pool has not been categorized as to risk level because it is a pool managed by another government. Georgia Fund 1, which was created by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) 36-83-8, is a stable net asset value investment pool which follows Standard & Poor's criteria for AAA rated market funds. Georgia Fund 1 is not considered to be a 2a-7 like pool. The pool is not registered with the Securities and Exchange Commission as an investment company. The Office of State Treasurer is the regulatory oversight agency of Georgia Fund 1. The pool's primary objectives are safety of capital, investment income liquidity and diversification while maintaining principal (\$1.00) per share value. Net asset value is calculated weekly to ensure stability. The pool distributes earnings (net of management fees) on a monthly basis and determines participant's shares sold and redeemed based on \$1.00 per share. As of June 30, 2020, the City's investment in the state investment pool was rated AAAf by Standard & Poor's. The maturity at June 30, 2020 for this fund was 38 day WAM.

Component Units

At year end, the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority did not have any investments, and the carrying amount of the Authority's deposits (checking and certificates of deposit) was \$742,160 and the bank balance was \$755,730. Of the bank balance, \$632,309 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC), and \$123,421 was collateralized through a multiple financial institution collateral pool (Georgia Secure Deposit Program). The Authority does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk.

At year end, Visit LaGrange did not have any investments, and the carrying amount of Visit LaGrange's deposits was \$659,466 and the bank balance was \$814,112. Of the bank balance \$445,697 was covered by federal depository insurance (FDIC), and \$368,415 was collateralized through a multiple financial institution collateral pool (Georgia Secure Deposit Program). Visit LaGrange does not have a deposit policy for custodial risk.

3. NOTES AND ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

Primary Government

At June 30, 2020, there were no outstanding notes receivables.

Accounts receivable at June 30, 2020 in the Utility Fund, the Water and Sewerage Fund, and the Sanitation Fund is reported net of an allowance for doubtful accounts of \$7,810,028, \$1,884,721, and \$92,836, respectively.

Component Units

Note receivable at June 30, 2020 for LaGrange Downtown Development Authority consist of the following:

Note receivable from an individual, 3.25% per annum, to be paid in monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of \$1,307 from October 1, 2012 through September 1, 2028.	\$ 113,824
Due within one year	\$ 12,181
Note receivable from an individual, 4.00% per annum, to be paid in monthly installments of principal and interest in the amount of \$760 from September 1, 2014 through August 1, 2039.	\$ 121,703
Due within one year	\$ 4.337

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

Primary Government

Capital asset activity for governmental activities for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Governmental activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 13,601,122 3,217,264	\$ 1,271,433	\$ (3,074,718)	\$ 13,601,122
Total capital assets not being depreciated	16,818,386	1,271,433	(3,074,718)	15,015,101
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	22,289,346 13,871,607 5,286,288 56,724,793	2,945,745 216,632 147,932 5,226,198	(128,615) (192,981)	25,235,091 13,959,624 5,241,239 61,950,991
Total capital assets being depreciated	98,172,034	8,536,507	(321,596)	106,386,945
Less, accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	(6,198,493) (8,534,192) (3,744,376) (21,998,893)	(538,305) (851,852) (502,526) (1,780,217)	93,648 190,644	(6,736,798) (9,292,396) (4,056,258) (23,779,110)
Total accumulated depreciation	(40,475,954)	(3,672,900)	284,292	(43,864,562)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	57,696,080	4,863,607	(37,304)	62,522,383
Governmental activities capital assets, net	<u>\$ 74,514,466</u>	\$ 6,135,040	\$ (3,112,022)	\$ 77,537,484
Business-type activities: Capital assets, not being depreciated: Land Construction in progress	\$ 3,510,561 911,028	\$ 50,000 638,818	\$ (689,919)	\$ 3,560,561 859,927
Total capital assets, not being depreciated	4,421,589	688,818	(689,919)	4,420,488
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure	26,833,595 20,458,784 1,656,325 197,373,381	3,997,735 440,001 60,750 1,096,380	(212,948) (71,429)	30,831,330 20,685,837 1,645,646 198,469,761
Total capital assets being depreciated	246,322,085	5,594,866	(284,377)	251,632,574
Less, accumulated depreciation for: Buildings Machinery and equipment Vehicles Infrastructure Total accumulated depreciation	(16,776,550) (15,153,789) (1,471,481) (93,042,433) (126,444,253)	(1,192,187) (64,537) (5,288,694)	154,186 71,429	(17,383,007) (16,191,790) (1,464,589) (98,331,127) (133,370,513)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	119,877,832	(1,557,009)	(58,762)	118,262,061
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$ 124,299,421	\$ (868,191)	\$ (748,681)	\$ 122,682,549

Transfer of the Downtown Development Authority's capital assets has been included in the "increases" column under business-type activities for the City.

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

Governmental activities:

General government Public safety Public service Culture and recreation Community development	j1 Si	\$ 304,959 536,196 381,680 55,155 2,394,910
Total depreciation expense for governmental activities		\$ 3,672,900
Business-type activities:	*!	
Water and sewerage Electric system Gas system Telecommunications Sanitation Community development		\$ 3,539,045 773,036 1,102,648 464,744 1,149,225 123,177
Total depreciation expense for business-type activities		\$ 7,151,875

Component Units

Activity for the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Increases	Decreases	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land - Property held for lease Land - Event center	\$ 1,586,750 34,960			\$ 1,586,750 34,960
Total capital assets not being depreciated	1,621,710	\$ -	\$	1,621,710
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Equipment	19,410,994 1,094,116	93,585 100,657	(31,880) (286,504)	19,472,699 908,269
Total capital assets being depreciated	20,505,110	194,242	(318,384)	20,380,968
Less, accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Equipment	(4,085,530) (673,023)	(490,865) (72,423)	1,470 18,760	(4,574,925) (726,686)
Total accumulated depreciation	(4,758,553)	(563,288)	20,230	(5,301,611)
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	15,746,557	(369,046)	(298,154)	15,079,357
Total capital assets, net	\$ 17,368,267	\$ (369,046)	\$ (298,154)	\$ 16,701,067

Depreciation expense for the Authority was charged to functions as follows:

Community development 5 563.288	Community development	\$ 563,288
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CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 (Continued)

Activity for Visit LaGrange for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	In	creases	Decr	eases	nding alance
Capital assets being depreciated: Equipment Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ -	\$	2,057 2,057	\$	-	\$ 2,057 2,057
Less, accumulated depreciation: Equipment Total capital assets, net	\$	<u> </u>	(274) 1,783	\$		\$ (274) 1,783
Depreciation expense for Visit LaGrange was charge Community development	ged to functions as	follow	rs:			\$ 274
Activity for the Downtown Development Authority for	or the year ended .	lune 3	0 2020 wa	s as fol	lows:	

Activity for the Downtown Development Authority for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases_	-	Ending Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land Capital assets heing depreciated:	\$ 50,000	\$		\$	(50,000)	\$	
Capital assets being depreciated: Infrastructure Less, accumulated depreciation for: Infrastructure	4,121,896	_			(4,121,896)	_	
	 (154,571)	_	<u>=</u>	_	154,571		-
Total capital assets being depreciated, net	3,967,325	_		_	(3,967,325)	-	
Total capital assets, net	\$ 4,017,325	\$		\$_	(4,017,325)	\$	

As noted above, transfer of the Downtown Development Authority's capital assets has been included in the "increases" column under business-type activities for the City.

5. LONG-TERM DEBT

A. Revenue Bonds

Primary Government

Business-Type Activities

The City issued direct placement revenue bonds where the City pledges income derived from the acquired or constructed assets to pay debt service. The Utility Fund currently has revenue bonds outstanding to be paid from the gas system revenue.

In prior years, the City issued \$10,500,000 in direct placement revenue bonds to finance construction projects to expand existing facilities and construct additional facilities. Revenue bonds outstanding at year end are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rates_	 Amount
Series 2009 Gas Authority Revenue Bonds	4.09%	\$ 1,810,000
Series 2012 Gas Authority Revenue Refunding Bonds	2.035%	2,140,000
Ochos 2012 Odo Madionly Novolido Nordinanig 2 ondo		\$ 3,950,000

Revenue bond service requirements to maturity are as follows:

venue bond service requirements to maturity are as follows.	В	usiness-Typ	e Ac	ctivities
		Principal		Interest
Year ending June 30:				
2021	\$	940,000	\$	117,578
2022		975,000		89,715
2022		1,000,000		60,729
2024		1,035,000		30,927
EUE 7	\$	3,950,000	\$	298,949

B. Notes Payable

Primary Government

Business-Type Activities

In prior years, the City's Water and Sewerage Fund and Sanitation Fund entered into direct borrowing notes payable for system improvements under loan agreements with Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority in the amounts of \$18,028,366 and \$4,006,058 respectively. In the event of default, the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority may declare all or any part of the indebtedness immediately due and payable.

Notes payables currently outstanding are as follows:

Purpose	Interest Rate		Amount
Gas recirculation project at landfill – Sanitation Fund	2.33%	\$	225,836
Construction of Cell No. 5 at landfill – Sanitation Fund	3.03%		2,452,869
Construction of water line – Water and Sewerage Fund	4.10%		327,791
Improvements at water pollution control plant – Water and Sewerage Fund	3.00%		1,798,403
Long Cane pump station – Water and Sewerage Fund	1.40%		6,965,711
Yellow Jacket Creek pump station – Water and Sewerage Fund	1.40%	_	4,452,934
		\$	16,223,544

Notes payable service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Business-Type Activities			
		Principal	Interest		
Year ending June 30:					
2021	8	\$ 1,023,681	\$ 297,736		
2022		1,044,011	277,407		
2023		1,064,836	256,581		
2024		1,070,343	235,282		
2025		1,043,975	214,368		
2026-2030		5,447,196	752,997		
2031-2035		5,027,332	257,207		
2036-2037		502,170	2,459		
		\$ 16,223,544	\$ 2,294,037		

The City is in compliance with the covenants as to rates, fees, and charges in the loan agreements authorizing the issuance of the Georgia Environmental Facilities Authority. The loan agreements require the City to establish a schedule of rates, fees, and charges sufficient to produce net revenues at least equal to 1.05 times the amounts required to pay the principal and interest on all notes payable. The debt service coverage ratio calculation for the year ended June 30, 2020 is as follows:

		er & Sewerage Fund	 Sanitation Fund
Operating revenues Operating expenses (less depreciation) Nonoperating revenues Income available for debt service Debt service, principal and interest paid (notes payable only) Debt service coverage ratio	\$	17,826,037 (9,955,564) 263,383 8,133,856 1,058,147 7,69	\$ 2,657,310 (1,653,500) 7,117 1,010,927 263,270 3,84

Component Units

The Downtown LaGrange Development Authority converted a line of credit into a 20 year direct borrowing note payable in September 2016 for the construction of the District 4 Health building. The total amount of the loan is \$2,070,000. The Authority also entered into a 15 year direct borrowing note payable in September 2017 for the renovation of a building for a craft brewery. The total amount of the loan is \$556,149.

The Authority entered into two separate direct borrowing notes payable in September 2017 for the purpose of refinancing a line of credit for the acquisition of equipment for the craft brewery company. Each loan is a 10 year loan for \$250,000. All of the Authority's direct borrowing notes payable are secured with collateral of assignment of lease income on real property, and/or real property. Also, all notes contain a provision that in the event of default, outstanding amounts become immediately due if the Authority is unable to make a payment.

Purpose	Interest Rate	Balance
Construction of District 4 Health building Renovation of craft brewery building Craft brewery equipment Craft brewery equipment	3.39% 3.85% 2.00% 3.00%	\$ 1,858,104 481,980 192,103 194,338
		\$ 2,726,525

Notes payable service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Pri	ncipai Interest
Year ending June 30:		
2021	\$	138,449 \$ 90,790
2022	•	143,001 86,238
2023	•	147,710 81,529
2024	•	152,425 76,814
2025	•	157,611 71,628
2026-2030	7	723,929 280,836
2031-2035		574,928 165,738
2036-2037		688,472 27,150
	\$ 2,	726,525 \$ 880,723

Dringing

Interest

C. Capital Leases

The City has entered into lease agreements for financing the acquisition of various pieces of equipment and vehicles for the governmental activities and business-type activities. Capital leases for governmental activities are being repaid through the General Fund. Capital leases for business-type activities are being repaid through the Utility and Sanitation Funds. These lease agreements qualify as capital leases for accounting purposes, and the expense resulting from amortization of assets recorded under capital leases is included in depreciation expense. Therefore, the lease agreements have been recorded at the present value of their future minimum lease payments as of the inception date.

The assets acquired through capital leases are as follows:

	GovernmentalActivities	Business-type Activities
Asset: Machinery and equipment Less, accumulated depreciation	\$ 9,799,812 (6,592,803)	\$ 12,959,952 _(10,251,530)
Total	\$ 3,207,009	\$ 2,708,422

The future minimum lease obligations and the net present value of these minimum lease payments as of June 30, 2020, were as follows:

V 1 1 00		overnmental Activities		siness-type Activities
Year ending June 30:			_	
2021	\$	750,376	\$	204,609
2022		573,336		162,184
2023		294,409		152,828
2024		293,015		20,719
2025		292,938		·
2026		292,938		
Total lease payments		2,497,012		540,340
Less, amount representing interest	:	(166,019)		(10,316)
	\$	2,330,993	\$	530,024

D. Changes in Long-Term Debt

Primary Government

Long-term debt activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Governmental activities:	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Capital leases	\$ 2,536,609	\$ 625,083	\$ (830,699)	\$ 2,330,993	\$ 743,746
Governmental activities long-term debt	\$ 2,536,609	\$ 625,083	<u>\$ (830,699)</u>	\$ 2,330,993	\$ 743,746
Business-type activities:					
Revenue bonds	\$ 4,860,000		\$ (910,000)	\$ 3,950,000	\$ 940,000
Notes payable	17,227,306		(1,003,762)	16,223,544	1,023,681
Capital leases	887,486		(357,462)	530,024	198,978
Business-type activities long-term debt	\$ 22,974,792	\$ -	\$ (2,271,224)	\$ 20,703,568	\$ 2,162,659

Component Unit

Long-term debt activity for Downtown LaGrange Development Authority for the year ending June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending <u>Balance</u>	Due Within One Year
Notes payable	\$ 2,844,744	\$ -	\$ (118,219)	\$ 2,726,525	\$ 138,449

OTHER LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

Primary Government

A. Compensated Absences

The City accrues compensated absences for their employees. Both governmental and business-type activities have accrued absences at June 30, 2020. Accrued compensated absences from governmental activities are repaid through the General Fund. Business-type activities accrued compensated absences are repaid through the Utility Fund, Water and Sewerage Fund, and Sanitation Fund.

B. Intergovernmental Agreements Payable

The City of LaGrange has entered into three separate intergovernmental contracts for governmental activities and one separate intergovernmental contract for business-type activities.

- The LaGrange Development Authority (LDA), the Troup County Development Authority, the City of LaGrange, and Troup County entered into an intergovernmental contract under which the LDA is to acquire, construct and equip a new industrial park (Callaway South Industrial Park) on approximately 1,100 acres located within LaGrange. The LDA issued two series of revenue bonds, Series 2007A in the aggregate amount of \$1,565,000 and Series 2007B in the aggregate amount of \$5,285,000. In the year ended June 30, 2014, the LDA refunded the 2007B in full. The revenue bonds, 2012 Revenue Refunding Bonds are secured by the intergovernmental contract under which the City of LaGrange and Troup County have agreed to each pay one-half of the debt service on the bonds when due, commencing in February, 2013. LDA is obligated for up to 50 years to reimburse the City of LaGrange and Troup County for payments made under the intergovernmental contract from net proceeds received from the sale or lease of parcels.
- The City entered into a contract dated April 1, 2005, with the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority obligating the City to service the principal and interest on the Authority's Series 2005 Revenue Bonds. The bond proceeds were used to construct a movie theater in the downtown area of LaGrange. In the year ended June 30, 2015 the Downtown LaGrange Development Authority refunded the Series 2005 Revenue Bonds with Series 2014 Revenue Bonds, which the City is obligated to service.
- The City entered into an intergovernmental agreement under which the LaGrange Development Authority (LDA) is to construct a conference center. The LDA issued revenue bonds, Series 2016 in the amount of \$16,920,000 and the City is obligated to service the principal and interest.
- The City also entered into a contract dated December 1, 2005 with the LaGrange Development Authority obligating the City to service the debt of the Authority's Series 2005A and 2005B Revenue Bonds. The proceeds of the bonds were used to acquire, construct and equip a new office park (Ridley Office Park). The Authority is obligated to reimburse the City for payments made under the contract from net proceeds received from the sale of parcels.

Intergovernmental agreements outstanding at year end are as follows:

Governmental Activities

Purpose	Interest Rates		Balance
Callaway South Industrial Park - LaGrange Development Authority 2012 Series Revenue Bond Refunding	2.60%	\$	1,792,500
Carmike Cinema - Downtown LaGrange Development Authority Series 2014 Revenue Bonds	3.45%		1,220,000
Conference Center – Downtown LaGrange Development Authority 2016 Series Revenue Bonds	3.00% - 5.00%	5	16,235,000
		\$	19,247,500

Governmental activities intergovernmental agreements service requirements to maturity are as follows:

		Principal		Interest	
Year ending June 30:					
2021	\$	785,000	\$	723,124	
2022		815,000		691,999	
2023		852,500		659,572	
2024		887,500		625,604	
2025		915,000		590,162	
2026-2030		3,317,500		2,473,786	
2031-2035		2,975,000		1,961,006	
2036-2040		3,525,000		1,411,369	
2041-2045		4,225,000		703,587	
2046	-	950,000		38,000	
	\$	19,247,500	\$	9,878,209	
Business-Type Activities					
Purpose	Int	erest Rates	-	Balance	
Ridley Office Park - LaGrange Development Authority Series 2005A and 2005B Revenue Bonds	4.4	1% to 5.50%	\$	2,090,000	

Business-type activities intergovernmental agreements service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Principal		Interest	
Year ending June 30:				
2021	\$	310,000	\$ 92,169	
2022		325,000	78,498	
2023		340,000	64,165	
2024		355,000	49,172	
2025		370,000	33,516	
2026		390,000	17,199	
	\$	2,090,000	\$ 334,719	

C. Landfill Closure and Postclosure Care Cost

State and federal laws and regulations require the City's Sanitation Fund to place a cover on landfill sites when it stops accepting waste, and to perform certain maintenance and monitoring functions at the sites for thirty years after closure. Although closure and post-closure care costs will not be paid until after the date a landfill stops accepting waste, the Sanitation Fund is required to accrue these closure and post-closure care costs over the landfill's operational period. The \$8,758,336 reported as the landfill closure and post-closure care liability at June 30, 2020 includes \$1,545,575, which represents the cumulative amount accrued to date, less amounts already paid, based on the use of one hundred percent of the estimated capacity of the landfill which was closed during the fiscal year ended June 30, 1998. The liability is based on the current costs of closure and post-closure care. Actual costs may be higher due to inflation, changes in technology, or changes in regulations. According to EPD guidelines this liability will be frozen at the present amount.

The remaining amount reported as landfill closure and post-closure cost of \$7,212,761 relates to an additional landfill site, which began accepting waste during the year ended June 30, 1999. This landfill site has an estimated closure and post-closure cost of \$9,845,785, which is based on the current cost necessary to perform all closure and post-closure care. The City expects to close the landfill in 2026. As of June 30, 2020, approximately 71% of this landfill's capacity had been utilized and accordingly, a liability of \$7,212,761 has been recognized. The City will recognize the remaining estimated closure and post-closure care of \$2,633,024 as the remaining capacity is used.

D. Changes in Other Long-Term Obligations

Primary Government

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended June 30, 2020 was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Reductions	Ending Balance	Due Within One Year
Governmental activities: Compensated absences Intergovernmental agreements	\$ 620,007 20,005,000	\$ 548,7	5 \$ (511,394) (757,500)	\$ 657,328 19,247,500	\$ 262,931 785,000
Governmental activities other long-term obligations	\$ 20,625,007	\$ 548,7	5 \$ (1,268,894)	\$ 19,904,828	\$ 1,047,931
Business-type activities: Compensated absences Intergovernmental agreements Landfill closure/postclosure	\$ 348,478 2,385,000 8,691,816	\$ 440,57 66,52	(295,000)		\$ 152,917 310,000 48,037
Business-type activities other long-term obligations	\$ 11,425,294	\$ 507,09	5 <u>\$ (701,763</u>)	\$ 11,230,627	\$ 510,954

7. DEBT LIMITATION

Generally, the Georgia Constitution limits indebtedness to 10% of the assessed value of taxable property located within a municipality. This provision also states that no new debt may be incurred without the assent of a majority of the qualified voters voting on the question of whether the City should incur the debt. The Constitution exempts from this debt limitation several categories of indebtedness, including but not limited to, temporary loans that are payable on or before December 31 of the calendar year in which they are made, and revenue bonds issued for the purpose of purchase or construction of public works.

The City's total indebtedness at June 30, 2020 was \$23,034,561. Of this total, none of the amount is chargeable to the constitutional debt limit.

The debt limitation for the City at June 30, 2020 would be \$119,164,061.

8. INTERFUND RECEIVABLES, PAYABLES AND TRANSFERS

The composition of interfund balances as of June 30, 2020 is as follows:

Due to/from other funds:

			Rec	eivable Fund		
	 later and ewerage Fund	Sanitation Fund	L	Itility Fund	Internal rvice Fund	Total
Payable Fund: General Fund SPLOST Fund	\$ 160,000	\$ 1,218,000	\$	1,112,000 1,010,000	\$ 250,000	\$ 1,362,000 2,388,000
Nonmajor governmental Internal Service Fund Nonmajor proprietary	300,000	410,000 10,000			20	300,020 410,000 10,000
riominajo. Propilotory	\$ 460,000	\$ 1,638,000	\$	2,122,000	\$ 250,020	\$ 4,470,020

Outstanding balances between funds reported as "due to/from other funds" include outstanding charges by one fund to another for services or goods, subsidy commitments to supplement operations outstanding at year end and other miscellaneous receivables/payables between funds. All due to/from balances are expected to be repaid within one year.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2020

(Continued)

Advances to/from other funds at June 30, 2020 consisted of the following:

Payable Fund	Receivable Fund	Amount	
Utility Fund	Internal Service Fund	\$ 617,210	
Nonmajor governmental	Utility Fund	\$ 2,347,054	

The advance between the Property and Casualty Fund (Internal Service Fund) and the Utility Fund represents a long-term interfund loan. The original advance was for \$1.7 million made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2007, for the purpose of expanding the gas system infrastructure. The advance is being repaid in annual installments through June 2023.

The advance between the Nonmajor Governmental Fund and Utility Fund represents a long-term interfund loan between the Utility Fund and the Tax Allocation District Fund - Marriott. The original advance was for \$2,595,496 made during the fiscal year ended June 30, 2017, for the purpose of assisting with a portion of the cost of construction in the downtown area. The advance is being repaid in annual installments through February 2043.

The following table represents the noncurrent portion of interfund loans and is therefore classified as a noncurrent asset/liability on the Proprietary Funds Statement of Net Position. A reconciliation to the government-wide Statement of Net Position is as follows:

Total enterprise fund non-current liabilities per fund level Statement of Net Position Advances from other funds Net OPEB liability Net pension liability	\$ 40,573,541 (617,210) (4,982,757) (5,712,992)
Long-term debt and other long-term obligations - Due in more than one year per government-wide Statement of Net Position	\$ 29,260,582

Transfers are primarily used to move funds between the proprietary funds and the governmental funds for expenses paid through the accounts payable system. The City does not levy property taxes to its citizens and therefore relies upon the enterprise funds to supplement the general fund operating expenditures. Other transfers represent flows of cash or goods from one fund to another without a requirement for repayment. These transfers were as follows:

	Transfers In					
				Water and		
	General	Nonmajor	Utility	Sewerage	Sanitation	
	Fund	Governmental	Fund	Fund	Fund	Total
Transfers out:						
General Fund		\$ 2,486,433				\$ 2,486,433
Nonmajor governmental	\$ 2,634,226		\$ 188,000			2,822,226
Utility Fund	9,700,000	165,000		\$ 626,793	\$ 93,212	10,585,005
Water & Sewerage Fund	3,400,000		2,444,822			5,844,822
Sanitation			300,000	<u> </u>	·	300,000
	<u>\$15,734,226</u>	\$ 2,651,433	\$2,932,822	\$ 626,793	\$ 93,212	\$ 22,038,486

9. RISK MANAGEMENT AND SELF-INSURANCE

The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts; thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. To manage and provide for these risks, the City has established a Group Insurance Fund and a Property and Casualty Insurance Fund which are reported as internal service funds. These funds account for the risk financing activities of the City and do not constitute a transfer of risk from the City.

Charges to other funds for these benefits are based upon an estimate of actual claims, administrative costs, and stoploss insurance premiums. Such charges are reported as revenue in the internal service funds and expenditures/expenses in the paying fund. An estimate of unpaid claims has been accrued as of June 30, 2020.

The City records an estimated liability for employee medical claims, workers' compensation, torts and other claims against the City. Claims liabilities are based on estimates of the ultimate cost of reported claims (including future claim adjustment expenses) and an estimate for claims incurred but not reported based on historical experience.

- A. <u>Group Insurance Fund</u> The purpose of this Fund is to pay the medical claims of City employees and their covered dependents and to minimize the total cost of medical insurance to the City. Under this plan, the City is self-insured for claims aggregating up to \$5,460,985 for the year ended June 30, 2020. Claims exceeding this amount are covered by a private insurance carrier.
- B. <u>Property and Casualty Insurance Fund</u> The purpose of this Fund is to pay worker's compensation, general, automobile and personal liability claims. This program is administered by a third party, which provides claims review and processing. Under this plan, the City is self-insured for claims per occurrence up to \$100,000 for general insurance liability and \$600,000 for workers compensation liability for the plan year ended June 30, 2020. Claims exceeding this amount are covered by a private insurance carrier.

The following represents changes in these liabilities for the last two fiscal years:

	Group Insurance	Property and Casualty
Liability balance, June 30, 2018 Claims and changes in estimate	\$ 700,000 7,359,520	\$ 600,000 3,476,427
Claims payments Liability balance, June 30, 2019	<u>(7,159,520)</u> 900,000	(3,476,427) 600,000
Claims and changes in estimate Claims payments	7,360,643 (7,160,643)	691,604 (691,604)
Liability balance, June 30, 2020	\$ 1,100,000	\$ 600,000

The liability is an estimate of claims at June 30, 2020 to be paid within the next fiscal year, therefore this is a current liability.

C. Changes in Coverage and Claims Paid - Neither the Group Insurance Fund nor the Property and Casualty Fund had significant decreases in coverage from the prior year. The Group Insurance Fund has not paid claims that exceeded its insurance coverage for the past three years. The Property and Casualty Insurance Fund has not paid claims exceeding its insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2020; however, one claim exceeded its insurance coverage during the year ended June 30, 2019.

10. DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

A. General Information About the Pension Plan

Plan Description – All full-time City employees and all City officials are eligible to participate in the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System (GMEBS) which is an agent multiple employer defined benefit pension plan administered by the Georgia Municipal Association which acts as a common investment and administrative agent for its participating member employers. Benefit provisions under the plan are established by state statute and city ordinance. The Georgia Municipal Association issues a publicly available annual report that includes financial statements and required supplementary information for the Georgia Municipal Employees Benefit System Retirement Trust. That report may be obtained by writing to Georgia Municipal Association, 201 Pryor Street, SW, Atlanta, Georgia 30303 or by calling 404/688-0472.

Benefits Provided – GMEBS provides service retirement, disability benefits and death benefits to plan members, who must be public employees and beneficiaries. Benefits are based on years of credited service, equal to one year of full-time employment. Members with ten years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with enhanced early retirement reduced benefits. Members with five years of total service are eligible to retire at age 65 and with thirty years of total service are eligible to retire at age 55 with full retirement benefits.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

June 30, 2020 (Continued)

Employees Covered - At June 30, 2020 the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the plan:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	251
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	80
Active employees	389
Total	720

Contributions – The City's employee's participation is noncontributory. The City is subject to the minimum funding standards of the Public Retirement Systems Standards Law (Georgia Code Section 47-20-10). Policy set by the City for contributing the annual pension expense exceeds the minimum requirements. Employer contribution rates are determined on an annual basis by the actuary and shall be effective on the July 1 following notice of a change in the rate.

The annual minimum contribution is the sum of 1) the normal cost (including administrative expenses), 2) the closed level dollar amortization of the unfunded actuarial accrued liability over a period that ranges from 10 to 30 years based on the funding policy adopted by the GMEBS Board of Trustees, and 3) interest on these amounts from the valuation date to the date contributions are paid (assumed monthly). The total recommended contribution as a percentage of the expected payroll is 10.00% for June 30, 2020.

B. Net Pension Liability – The City's net pension liability for the plan is measured as the total pension liability (TPL), less the pension plan's fiduciary net position (FNP). The net pension liability of the plan is measured as of September 30, 2019, using an annual actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2020. A summary of principal assumptions and methods used to determine the net pension liability is shown below.

Valuation Date	January 1, 2020
Valuation Date	ouridary 1, 2020

Measurement Date	September 30, 2019
Meachrement Liate	Sentember 311 71110
Micasurement Date	Jedlelibel JV. ZV 13

Actuarial Cost Method Entry age normal

Amortization Method Closed level dollar for remaining unfunded liability.

Remaining Amortization Period Remaining amortization period varies for the bases,

with a net effective amortization period of 10 years.

Asset Valuation Method Sum of actuarial value at the beginning of the year

and the cash flow during the year plus the assumed investment return, adjusted by 10% of the amount that the value exceeds or is less than the market value at end of year. The actuarial value is adjusted,

if necessary, to be within 20% of market value.

Discount Rate 7.375%

Inflation Rate 2.25%

Net investment rate of return 7.375%

Projected salary increase 2.25% plus service based merit increases

Cost of living adjustments Not applicable

Postretirement benefit increase Not applicable

The investment return and inflation assumptions used in the January 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial study conducted in November and December 2019. The underlying mortality assumptions and all other actuarial assumptions used in the January 1, 2020 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through June 30, 2019. Further details of the experience study can be obtained by contacting The Georgia Municipal Association. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the pension liabilities for the governmental funds.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.375%. The discount rate has decreased 0.125% since the prior measurement date. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from employers will be made at contractually required rates, actuarially determined. Based on those assumptions, the Plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on Plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The difference between the resulting rate and the rate on the ongoing basis is a margin for adverse deviation. Best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class included in the pension plan's target asset allocation as of March 31, 2019 are summarized in the following table:

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return
Domestic equity	45%	6.41%
International equity	20%	6.96%
Real estate	10%	4.76%
Global fixed income	5%	3.06%
Domestic fixed income	20%	1.96%
Cash	0%	
Total	100%	

C. Changes in the Net Pension Liability

The changes in the Net Pension Liability for the plan are as follows:

	Total Pension Liability	Fiduciary Net Position	et Pension ability/Asset
Balances at September 30, 2018	\$ 53,842,666	\$ 41,819,561	\$ 12,023,105
Changes for the year:	500 400		599,482
Service cost	599,482		•
Interest	3,971,716		3,971,716
Difference between expected and			
actual experience	446,629		446,629
Contributions - employer		2,395,939	(2,395,939)
Contributions - employee			
Net investment income		1,223,468	(1,223,468)
		,,===,,	()
Benefit payments, including refunds	(2,971,882)	(2,971,882)	_
of employee contributions	(2,971,002)	31 (6)	69,344
Administrative expense		(69,344)	,
Other	3,126,328		3,126,328
Net changes	5,172,273	578,181	 4,594,092
Balances at September 30, 2019	\$ 59,014,939	\$ 42,397,742	\$ 16,617,197
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			

Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to changes in the discount rate is as follows:

1% Decrease (6.375%)	Current Discount Rate (7.375%)	1% Increase (8.375%)	
\$ 24,301,429	\$ 16,617,197	\$ 10,232,337	

D. Pension Expenses and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized pension expense of \$2,586,351. At June 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions as follows:

	С	Deferred outflows of desources	Ir	Deferred oflows of esources
Difference between expected and actual experience Pension contributions subsequent to measurement date	\$	901,000 1,769,539	\$	13,658
Changes of assumptions Net difference between projected and actual earnings on		2,786,898		200 520
pension plan investments Total	\$	5,457,437	\$	226,532 240,190

\$1,769,539 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized as pension expense as follows:

Year Ended June 30			
2021		\$	(762,949)
2022	ä		(720,419)
2023			(890,299)
2024		· —	(1,074,041)
		<u>\$</u>	(3,447,708)

11. DEFINED CONTRIBUTION PLAN

The City has a defined contribution plan which is administered by Nationwide Retirement Services. The plan is a combined 457 plan and 401A plan. The City matches employee contributions on a 1:2 ratio up to a maximum of \$667 per year. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City contributed \$178,633 and employees contributed \$586,463. Plan provisions and contribution requirements are established and amended by a resolution of the City Council. Employees are vested in the 401A plan upon two years of employment. For year ended June 30, 2020, 302 employees participated in the plan.

12. COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENCIES

<u>Agreements with Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia</u> - During 1976, the City, along with 45 other cities and one county, all political subdivisions of the State of Georgia, entered into a Power Sales Contract with the Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia, a public corporation and instrumentality of the State of Georgia.

Under the terms of the agreement, the Authority agrees to provide, and the cities are obligated to purchase, all of the cities' bulk power supply requirements for a period not to exceed 50 years. The cities have agreed to purchase all their future power and energy requirements in excess of that received by the cities through the Southeastern Power Administration at prices intended to cover the operating costs of the systems and to retire any debt incurred by the Authority. In the event that revenues are insufficient to cover all costs and retire the outstanding debt, each city has guaranteed a portion of the unpaid debt based on their individual entitlement shares of the output and services of generating units acquired or constructed by the Authority. In addition, in the event of discontinued service to a participant in default, the City would be obligated to purchase additional power subject to contractual limitations.

At June 30, 2020, the outstanding debt of the Authority was approximately \$7.3 billion. The City's guarantee varies by individual projects undertaken by the Authority and totals approximately \$422 million at June 30, 2020.

On April 1, 1999, the City approved a resolution adopting the provisions of the Municipal Competitive Trust (the "Trust"), which was created by MEAG for the mutual benefit of MEAG and its wholesale customers which have elected to become beneficiaries. The Trust was established to provide MEAG and the Trust's beneficiaries a means to mitigate the expected differential between market rates for power and the costs of power generated by MEAG facilities, after deregulation of the electric industry.

The Trust created two types of funds, which are held by MEAG in the name of the City. The first type represents amounts that are available to the City for withdrawal without restriction. The second type represents amounts that are available to the City in the form of a loan or as an off-set to billings from MEAG for power usage if certain criteria related to the difference between the cost of power generated by MEAG facilities and the market rates for power are met.

At June 30, 2020, \$21,744 has been placed into the Trust for the benefit of the City, of which \$21,744 is available without restriction and none of the balance is subject to restrictions.

The City is contingently liable as guarantor of a promissory note from the Development Authority of LaGrange to Synovus. The initial balance guaranteed was \$1,225,000 and the balance remaining at June 30, 2020 is \$787,673.

Various claims and lawsuits are pending against the City. Although the outcome of these lawsuits is not presently determinable, in the opinion of City management, after consultation with legal counsel, the resolution of these matters will not have a material adverse effect on the financial condition of the City.

13. JOINT VENTURES

Under Georgia Law, the City, in conjunction with other cities and counties in the five county west Georgia area, is a member of the Three Rivers Regional Commission (the "Commission") and is required to pay annual dues thereto. During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City paid \$30,291 in dues.

Membership in a regional commission is required by the Official Code of Georgia Annotated (OCGA) Section 50-8-34 which provides for the organizational structure of the Commission in Georgia. The RC Board membership includes the chief elected official of each county and municipality in the area. OCGA 50-8-39.1 provides that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of the Commission. Separate financial statements may be obtained from: Three Rivers Regional Commission, P.O. Box 1600, Franklin, Georgia 30217.

14. HOTEL / MOTEL LODGING TAX

During the year ended June 30, 2020, the City levied a 5% lodging tax and received \$2,466,784 for this tax. The Official Code of Georgia Annotated 48-13-50 requires that all lodging taxes levied in excess of 3% be expended or obligated contractually for the promotion of tourism, conventions or trade shows. Visit LaGrange has certified that the \$2,486,433 of lodging tax received from the City during the year ended June 30, 2020 was used for the promotion of tourism.

15. RELATED ORGANIZATION

The City's council is responsible for appointing a majority of the board members of the City of LaGrange Housing Authority. However, the City has no further accountability for the Authority.

16. EXCESS OF EXPENDITURES OVER APPROPRIATIONS

The General Fund reported material budget violations when expenditures of the primary government exceeded budgeted appropriations in some of the functions, as shown on page 17 and 18 of these financial statements. In future years, the City will analyze the budget periodically for deficiencies. All deficiencies will be investigated, and budget amendments will be adopted when appropriate.

17. POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS OTHER THAN PENSIONS (OPEB)

A. General Information About the OPEB Plan

Plan Description - The City of LaGrange OPEB Plan is a single-employer defined benefit plan for which no assets are accumulated in a trust meeting the criteria in GASBS No. 75 paragraph 4. This plan provides health and prescription drugs benefits to eligible retirees and their spouses. Retirees may choose which benefits administered by Taylor Benefits Resource, Inc. are desired. Retirees and spouses are eligible to participate in the Plan until age 65 or Medicare eligibility, whichever comes first. Participation in the Plan is voluntary. The City of Lagrange City Council has the authority to establish and amend benefit levels, contribution rates, and eligibility provisions of the Plan in accordance with council resolution adopted as in Personnel Policy 6.15 Retirement System. These benefit provisions and all other related Plan requirements are established annually by the City Council. The Plan does not issue a stand-alone financial report. The City's General Fund bears most of the administrative cost of the Plan. The Plan is actuarially evaluated every other year.

Benefits Provided – The City provides post-retirement healthcare insurance and prescription drug benefits to all employees who retire from the City and meet the eligibility requirements. To be eligible for benefits, members of the Plan must be retired, at least 55 years of age, and receiving a pension from GMA (the City's pension plan). The coverage only continues until age 65 or Medicare eligibility, whichever comes first.

Employees Covered - At January 1, 2019, the most recent valuation date, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms for the Plan:

Inactive employees currently receiving benefits	29
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	<u> </u>
Active employees	397
Total	426

Contributions – The City has not elected to advance fund the OPEB Plan, but rather maintains the OPEB Plan on a "pay-as-you-go" basis, in that claims are paid as they arise, rather than establishing an irrevocable trust to accumulate restricted funds. City Council has the authority to establish or amend requirements for the City to pay OPEB as the benefits come due. Contributions to the Plan are derived from two sources:

Member contributions
Employer contributions

Member contributions are made up of retiree and spouse contributions. Retiree and spouse contribution rates are set by the City Council. Monthly contributions of these plan members for the current fiscal year were as follows:

	15-20	Years of			Mo	re Than
	Sen	rice and	20-2	5 Years	25	Years
	Over	Age 60	of S	Service	of	Service
Healthcare:						
Single	\$	359	\$	287	\$	180
Retiree and spouse	\$	697	\$	558	\$	349

If less than 15 years of service and under age 60, then the employee would pay the entire COBRA rate.

Contributions paid by retirees in the current fiscal year totaled \$102,987.

The City contributes annually an amount equal to the pay-as-you-go cost of retiree benefits. For year ending June 30, 2020 the City contributed \$1,111,759 or 5.38% of the covered payroll for employees of \$20,679,445 under the Plan.

B. Total OPEB Liability - The City's total OPEB liability for the plan was measured as of June 30, 2019, using an

actuarial valuation as of January 1, 2019. A summary of actuarial assumptions and methods used to determine the total OPEB liability is shown below.

Valuation Date

January 1, 2019

Measurement Date

June 30, 2019

Reporting Date

June 30, 2020

Actuarial Cost Method

Entry age level percent of pay

Amortization Method

Open 30 years, level percent of payroll

Remaining Amortization Period

30 years

Asset Valuation Method

Market value

Discount Rate

3.50%

Inflation Rate

2.25%

Healthcare cost trend rates

Medical:

7.00% trended down to 4.50%

over 10 years

Prescription drug: 7.00% trended down to 4.50%

over 10 years

Payroll increases

2.25% plus service based merit increases

Salary increases

3.75% to 8.75%, including inflation

Health mortality rates

Pri-2012 head-count weighted Healthy Retiree

Mortality Table with rates multiplied by 1.25.

Changes of assumptions

The discount rate effective for June 30, 2019 was 3.50%, and effective for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. Per capita health costs and trend rates were updated

to reflect the most recent claims experience.

Benefit changes

There have been no benefit changes since GASBS

No. 75 implementation.

The mortality tables in the January 1, 2019 valuation are adjusted from 2012 to future years with sex-distinct generational projection using 60% of the improvement rates used in the intermediate (alternative II) assumptions for projections in the 2019 OASDI Trustees Report. The General Fund has been used in prior years to liquidate the OPEB liabilities for the governmental funds.

The benefits valued in the actuarial valuation are limited to the terms of the substantive plan in effect at the time of the valuation and on the pattern of sharing costs between the employer and plan members. The projection of benefits is not limited by legal or contractual limits on funding the plan unless those limits clearly translate into benefit limits on the substantive plan being valued.

Discount Rate – The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 3.50%. The discount rate was 3.87% as of the last measurement date, June 30, 2018.

Since the City funds this Plan on a pay-as-you-go basis, GASB requires the discount rate be based on a yield or index rate for 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation municipal bonds with an average rating of AA/Aa or higher (or equivalent quality on another rating scale). To comply with this requirement, the discount rate is based on an index of 20-year, tax-exempt general obligation bonds. The chosen rate of 3.50%, reflects the Bond Buyer 20-Bond GO Index rate published closest to, but not later than, the measurement date of June 30, 2019.

Sensitivity of the Total OPEB Liability to Changes in the Discount Rate – The following presents the total OPEB liability of the City as well as what the City's total OPEB liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is one percentage point lower (2.50%) or one percentage point higher (4.50%) than the current rate. Also, shown is the total OPEB liability as if it were calculated using healthcare cost trend rates that were one percentage point lower or one percentage point higher than the current healthcare trend rates.

	1% Decrease	Current Discount	1% Increase
	in Discount Rate	Rate	in Discount Rate
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 16,190,351	\$ 14,493,185	\$ 13,014,015
	1% Decrease	Current	1% Increase
	in Healthcare Cost	Healthcare Cost	in Healthcare Cost
	Trend Rates	Trend Rate	Trend Rates
	(2.50%)	(3.50%)	(4.50%)
Total OPEB Liability	\$ 12,681,467	\$ 14,493,185	\$ 16,676,492

C. Changes in the Total OPEB Liability

The changes in the Total OPEB Liability for the plan are as follows:

	Total OPEB Liability
Balance at June 30, 2018	\$ 14,304,906
Changes for the year: Service cost Interest Change of benefit terms Difference between expected and actual experience Changes of assumptions Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions Net changes	566,816 567,864 617,966 (1,167,899) (396,468) 188,279
Balance at June 30, 2019	\$ 14,493,185

D. OPEB Expense and Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB

For the year ended June 30, 2020, the City recognized OPEB expense of \$264,160. At June 30, 2020 the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB as follows:

3	19	0	Deferred outflows of Resources		Deferred Inflows of Resources
Difference between expected and actual experience OPEB contributions subsequent to measurement date		\$ 70	549,304 1,111,759	\$	172,656
Changes of assumptions			, .		1,922,118
Total		\$	1,661,063	\$	2,094,774
				_	

\$1,111,759 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the total OPEB liability in the year ended June 30, 2021. Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB will be recognized as OPEB expense as follows:

Year Ended	
June 30	\$ 308,068
2021	
2022	308,068
2023	308,068
2024	308,068
2025	129,886
2026, and thereafter	183,312
,	\$ 1,545,470

18. FUND BALANCES

On the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances, the SPLOST fund has a negative balance of \$1,365,732. Also, on the Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures, and Changes in Fund Balances for nonmajor governmental funds the Capital Project Fund has a negative balance of \$132,260 and the Tax Allocation Fund - Marriott has a negative balance of \$2,346,984. The City plans to liquidate the negative balance by containing operating costs.

19. RECLASSIFICATION OF COMPONENT UNIT

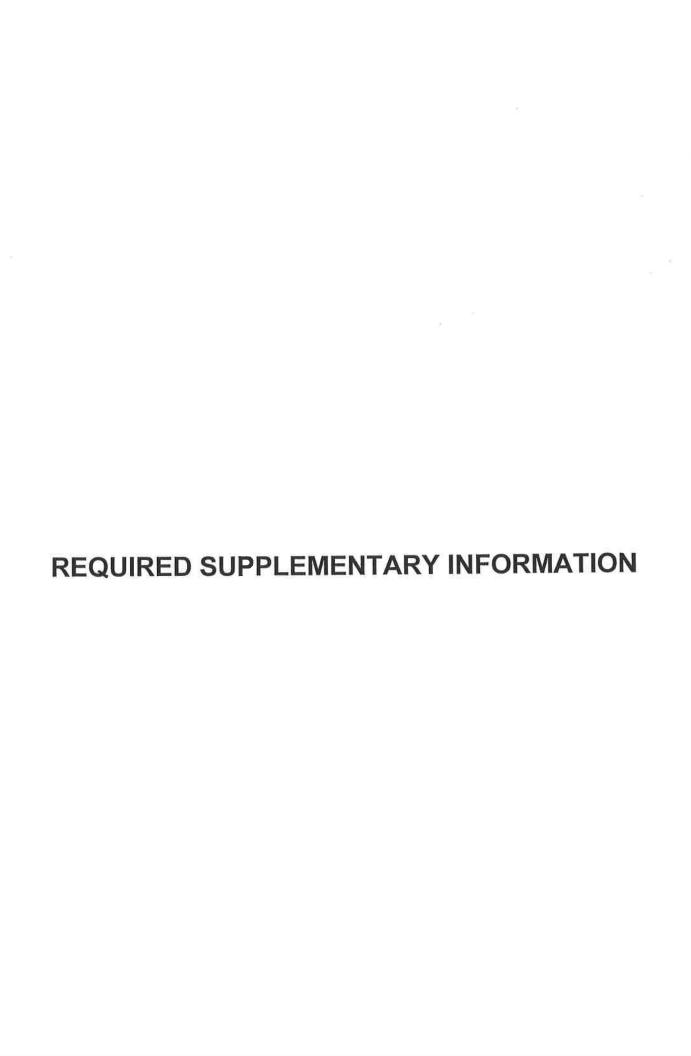
For fiscal year ending June 30, 2019, the Downtown Development Authority was reported as a discretely presented component unit in the City's government-wide financial statements. Because the City is responsible for the Authority's support and the Authority provides services almost entirely to the City, the Downtown Development Authority is now reported as a blended component unit effective for fiscal year ending June 30, 2020. The June 30, 2019 net position of \$4,017,325 which was previously reported on the government-wide statements has been reclassified as follows:

- To increase the net position at beginning of year, business-type activities on the Statement of Activities.
- Net position at beginning of year, business-type activities (non-major enterprise fund) on the Statement of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position for Proprietary Funds.

20. SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

As a result of the spread of the COVID-19 coronavirus, economic uncertainties have arisen which have the potential to negatively impact values of the retirement plan investments and related earnings. While the disruption is currently expected to be temporary, there is considerable uncertainty around the duration. However, the duration and related financial impact cannot be reasonably estimated at this time.





CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015
Total pension liability	1+					
Service cost	\$ 599,482	\$ 675,133	\$ 606,810	\$ 566,691	\$ 601.117	\$ 576.632
Interest	3,971,716	3,811,600	3,689,948	3,467,194	3,246,447	ω,
Difference between expected and actual experience	446,629	588,937	(34,143)	1,246,142	1,221,867	894,970
Changes of assumptions	3,034,773		897,697			(190,059)
Changes of benefit terms	91,555	*}	92		*	*
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,971,882)	(2,758,396)	(2,494,300)	(2,317,271)	(2,124,885)	(2,000,469)
Net change in total pension liability	5,172,273	2,317,274	2,666,012	2,962,756	2,944,546	2,350,201
Total pension liability - beginning	53,842,666	51,525,392	48,859,380	45,896,624	42,952,078	40,601,877
Total pension liability - ending	59,014,939	53,842,666	51,525,392	48,859,380	45,896,624	42,952,078
Plan fiduciary net position Contributions:						
Employer	2,395,939	2,365,708	2,248,158	2,119,251	1,967,135	1,850,496
Employee	×	ř	•	*	**	19
Net investment income	1,223,468	3,788,480	5,053,361	3,396,335	353,223	3,132,262
Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(2,971,882)	(2,758,396)	(2,494,300)	(2,317,271)	(2,124,885)	(2,000,469)
Administrative expense	(69,344)	(72,327)	(74,652)	(44,222)	(49,424)	(38,786)
Other		1		(*	(i)	ñ
Net change in plan fiduciary net position	578,181	3,323,465	4,732,567	3,154,093	146,049	2,943,503
Plan fiduciary net position - beginning	41,819,561	38,496,096	33,763,529	30,609,436	30,463,387	27,519,884
Plan fiduciary net position - ending	42,397,742	41,819,561	38,496,096	33,763,529	30,609,436	30,463,387
Net pension liability - ending	\$ 16,617,197	\$ 12,023,105	\$ 13,029,296	\$ 15,095,851	\$ 15,287,188	\$ 12,488,691
Plan fiduciary net position as a % of total pension liability Covered payroll	71.84%	77.67% \$ 20.614.975	74.71%	69.10% \$ 19.666.770	66.69%	70.92%
Net pension liability as a % of covered payroll						

Changes in assumptions

In 2015, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted primarily from adjustments made based on an actuarial experience study covering the period January 1, 2010 to June 30, 2014. The City implemented GASB 68 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015.

In 2018, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted from adjustments to assumptions based on an actuarial study conducted in September 2017. These adjustments included a decrease in the investment return assumption from 7.75% to 7.50%, and a decrease in the inflation assumption from 3.25% to 2.75% In 2020, amounts reported as changes in assumptions resulted from adjustments to assumptions based on an experience study for the period January 1, 2015 through June

In time this schedule will present the required ten years of data.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS DEFINED BENEFIT PENSION PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2020

	2020		2019	ļ	2018		2017		2016		2015
Actuarially determined contribution	2,359,385	↔	2,408,124	↔	2,351,569	↔	2,213,688	↔	2,080,493		\$ 1,929,349
Contributions in relation to actuarially determined contribution \$	2,359,385	↔	2,408,124	↔	2,351,569	()	2,213,688	↔	2,085,952	↔	1,929,349
Contribution deficiency (excess)		↔	I	↔	ı	↔	ı	↔	5,459	↔	1
Covered payroll	\$ 23,588,951		\$ 23,103,423	↔	\$ 22,517,609	↔	\$ 22,088,302	↔	\$ 21,792,805	↔	\$ 20,454,970
Contributions as a percentage of covered payroll	10.00%	. 0	10.42%		10.44%		10.02%		9.57%		9.43%

The City implemented GASB 68 for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. In time, this schedule will present the required ten years of data.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN THE TOTAL OPEB LIABILITY OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS PLAN Year Ended June 30, 2020

Total OPEB Liabilify	2020	2019		2018
Service cost	\$ 566 816	570 148	¥	652 817
Interest	567,864)	431,222
Change of benefit terms				777,101
Differences between expected and actual experience	617,966	(85,513)		(195,255)
Changes of assumptions	(1,167,899)	(395,962)	7	1,052,013)
Benefit payments, including refunds of member contributions	(396,468)	(446,057)	•	(342,027)
Net change in Total OPEB Liability	188,279	161,381		(505,256)
Total OPEB Liability - beginning	14,304,906	14,143,525	14	14,648,781
Total OPEB Liability - ending	\$ 14,493,185	\$ 14,304,906	\$ 14	\$ 14,143,525
Covered employee payroll	\$ 20,679,445	\$ 19,975,967	\$ 19	\$ 19,347,185
Plan Total OPEB Liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll	70.08%	71.61%		73.10%

Notes to Schedule:

Benefit changes:

There have been no benefit changes since GASB 75 implementation.

The discount rate effective for June 30, 2017 was 3.58%, and effective for June 30, 2018 was 3.87%. Changes of assumptions:

The discount rate effective for June 30, 2019 was 3.50%

For June 30, 2020 per capita health costs and trend rates were updated to reflect the most recent claims experience.

No assets related to the OPEB plan are accumulated in a trust meeting the criteria in GASBS No. 75, paragraph 4, to pay related benefits.

The City implemented GASB 75 for the first time beginning with the fiscal year ended June 30, 2018. In time, this schedule will present the required ten years of

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION



NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>Capital Projects Funds</u> - Capital projects funds account for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursements of such resources in obtaining or renovating major capital assets (other than those financed by the Enterprise Funds).

 Capital Projects Fund: This fund accounts for the accumulation of resources and the subsequent disbursement of such resources in obtaining or renovating major capital assets (other than those financed by the Enterprise Funds).

<u>Special Revenue Funds</u> - Special revenue funds are used to account for specific revenues that are legally restricted to expenditures for a particular purposes. They are as follows:

- Community Development Fund: This fund is used to account for the financial activity related to loans and notes advanced to private third parties for community development projects.
- Hotel/Motel Tax Fund: This fund is used to account for the City's share of hotel/motel tax revenues that are legally restricted to promote tourism, conventions, and trade shows.
- **Grant Fund**: This fund is used to account for certain grant activity that is legally restricted for particular purposes or required by state law to be presented as a special revenue fund.
- Tax Allocation Fund LaGrange Mall: This fund is used to account for activity related to the rebate of annual
 incremental property tax revenue derived from the increase in property taxes generated by new development in a
 designated redevelopment area to be used for specified redevelopment costs.
- Tax Allocation Fund Marriott: This fund is used to account for resources devoted to construction of capital
 improvements in a district located in the City's downtown. Incremental property tax revenues derived from the increase
 in market values of property located within the district will be devoted to capital improvements.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2020

	Capit	Capital Projects			Specia	Special Revenue	je Je			
	0 6	Capital Projects	Community Development	Hotel/Motel Tax	() L	Grant	Tax Allocation Fund-	Tax Allocation	~ ŏ	Total Nonmajor Govermental
ASSETS		2	2		니	ם חום חום	LaGrange Mall	Fund- Marriott		Funds
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	↔	167,740	\$ 13,678 727,475		↔	20		02 \$	₩	181,508 727,475
Total assets	မှ	167,740	\$ 741,153	Ф	ω	20	€	\$ 70	₩.	908,983
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE										
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds	↔	300,000	\$ 270		↔	20			↔	270 300,020
Advances from other funds Total liabilities		300,000	270	69		20	€	\$ 2,347,054 2,347,054		2,347,054
Fund balance: Restricted for: Community development Unassigned		(132,260)	740,883					(2,346,984)		740,883 (2,479,244)
Total fund balance		(132,260)	740,883			•		(2,346,984)		(1,738,361)
Total liabilities and fund balance	↔	167,740	\$ 741,153	ι 6	8	20	G €	\$ 70	69	908,983

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Capital Projects			Special Revenue	0		Total
	Capital Projects	Community Development	Hotel/Motel Tax	Grant		Tax Allocation	Nonmajor Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Fund	LaGrange Mall	Fund- Marriott	Funds
Revenues: Hotel/Motel tax			\$ 2,634,225				\$ 2,634,225
Rental income	\$ 764,578	\$ 77,600					842,178
Intergovernmental					\$ 146,813		146,813
Investment income	1,728	38,632					40,360
Miscellaneous	265,959	11,764				\$ 124,223	401,946
Total revenues	1,032,265	127,996	2,634,225	ω	146,813	124,223	4,065,522
Expenditures:							
Current:							
Community development		64,223	1,500,701		146,813		1,711,737
Redevelopment and housing		206,000					206,000
Debt service:							
Principal retirement	647,644		350,000				997,644
Interest and fees	170,194		635,731				805,925
Capital outlay:							
Community development	116,467						110,40/
Total expenditures	934,305	270,223	2,486,432	10	146,813	r	3,837,773
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	096,76	(142,227)	147,793	*	T	124,223	227,749
Other financing sources (uses):							2 661 433
Transfers in	165,000		2,486,433				(2,822,226)
I ransters out Total other financing sources	(23,000)	Ŷ	(147,793)	200			(170,793)
Net change in fund balance	74,960	(142,227)			TC	124,223	56,956
	(100 700)	883.110				(2,471,207)	(1,795,317)
Fund balance, beginning of year Fund balance, end of year	\$ (132,260)	es	φ.	€9	€9	\$ (2,346,984)	\$ (1,738,361)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		2
Cash	\$ 167,740	\$ 333,816
Total assets	\$ 167,740	\$ 333,816
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities: Accounts payable Due to other funds Total liabilities	\$ 300,000 300,000	\$ 3,036 538,000 541,036
Fund balance: Restricted for: Capital projects Unassigned	(132,260)	(207,220)
Total fund balance	(132,260)	(207,220)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 167,740	\$ 333,816

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
Revenues: Rental income Interest Miscellaneous	\$	764,578 1,728 265,959	\$	844,306 1,342 132,355
Total revenues		1,032,265		978,003
Expenditures: Debt service:				
Principal retirement Interest and fees		647,644 170,194		637,676 182,396
Capital outlay: General government Community development		116,467		487,627
Total expenditures	8	934,305		1,307,699
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	0	97,960		(329,696)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	-	165,000 (188,000)		130,000 (188,000)
Total other financing sources (uses)		(23,000)		(58,000)
Net change in fund balance		74,960		(387,696)
Fund balance, beginning of year	_	(207,220)	-	180,476
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(132,260)	\$	(207,220)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	- 12	2020	2019		
ASSETS	- GI				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	13,678	\$	41,041	
Investments		727,475		843,952	
Total assets	\$	741,153	\$	884,993	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities:					
Accounts payable	_\$_	270	_\$	1,883	
Total liabilities		270	-	1,883	
Fund balance: Restricted for:					
Community development		740,883	-	883,110	
Total fund balance	-	740,883		883,110	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	741,153	\$	884,993	

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020	2019		
Revenues: Rental income Investment income Miscellaneous	\$	77,600 38,632 11,764	\$	84,600 41,037 4,839	
Total revenues	-	127,996		130,476	
Expenditures: Current: Community development Redevelopment and housing		64,223 206,000		74,945 206,000	
Total expenditures		270,223	X	280,945	
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	9=	(142,227)		(150,469)	
Net change in fund balance		(142,227)		(150,469)	
Fund balance, beginning of year		883,110		1,033,579	
Fund balance, end of year	\$	740,883	\$	883,110	

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMMUNITY DEVELOPMENT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

Year Ended June 30, 2020

	ar Bı	Driginal nd Final udgeted imount		Actual	Fin:	iance with al Budget Positive legative)
Revenues:	-					
Rental income	\$	84,600	\$	77,600	\$	(7,000)
Investment income		12,000		38,632		26,632
Miscellaneous		1,000		11,764		10,764
Total revenues		97,600	-	127,996		30,396
Expenditures: Current:						
Community development		77,100		64,223		12,877
Redevelopment and housing		206,000		206,000		
			-		19	
Total expenditures		283,100		270,223		12,877
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures		(185,500)		(142,227)		43,273
Net change in fund balance		(185,500)		(142,227)		43,273
Fund balance, beginning of year	X	883,110	()	883,110	-	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$	697,610	\$	740,883	\$	43,273

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Revenues: Hotel/Motel tax	\$ 2,634,225	\$ 3,526,384
Total revenues	2,634,225	3,526,384
Expenditures: Current: Community development	1,500,701	1,688,515
Debt service: Principal retirements Interest and fees	350,000 635,731	335,000 652,981
Total expenditures	2,486,432	2,676,496
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	147,793	849,888
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	2,486,433 (2,634,226)	2,676,497 (3,881,571)
Total other financing sources (uses)	(147,793)	(1,205,074)
Net change in fund balance	=	(355,186)
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	355,186
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA HOTEL/MOTEL TAX FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budgeted Amount	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Hotel/Motel tax	\$ 3,400,000	\$ 2,634,225	\$ (765,775)
Total revenues	3,400,000	2,634,225	(765,775)
Expenditures: Current:			
Community development Debt service:	1,874,000	1,500,701	373,299
Principal retirements Interest and fees	350,000 635,731	350,000 635,731	# # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # # #
Total expenditures	2,859,731	2,486,432	373,299
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	540,269	147,793	(392,476)
Other financing sources (uses): Transfers in Transfers out	2,859,731 (3,400,000)	2,486,433 (2,634,226)	(373,298) 765,774
Total other financing sources (uses)	(540,269)	(147,793)	392,476
Net change in fund balance	<u> </u>	9	ž
Fund balance, beginning of year	[=====================================		×_
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GRANT FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019		
ASSETS		Y			
Cash	\$	20			
Total assets	\$	20	\$	2	
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE					
Liabilities: Due to other funds	\$	20			
Total liabilities	-	20_	\$	·	
Fund balance: Unassigned		 :			
Total fund balance		<u> </u>		_	
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	20	\$		

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GRANT FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019			
Revenues:						
Intergovernmental	\$	-	_\$	-		
Total revenues				250		
Expenditures:						
Current:						
Redevelopment and housing						
Total expenditures	-	<u>=</u> ,		-		
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	1	_=				
Net change in fund balance		ž		9		
Fund balance, beginning of year				_		
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$	-		

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GRANT FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Orig and F Budg Amo	Final eted	A	ctual	Final Po	nce with Budget sitive gative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$	/# <u>.</u>	\$	79	\$	¥
Total revenues		2				
Expenditures: Current: Redevelopment and housing	1	<u>~</u> ;			-	
Total expenditures					9	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	7		95	====		H
Net change in fund balance		-		=		=
Fund balance, beginning of year			<u> </u>		:	<u> </u>
Fund balance, end of year	\$		\$		\$	3

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION FUND-LAGRANGE MALL COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	 2020	2019		
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 146,813	\$	202,382	
Total revenues	 146,813		202,382	
Expenditures: Current:				
Community development	 146,813	(202,382	
Total expenditures	 146,813	-	202,382	
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	 	7	()E	
Net change in fund balance	ä			
Fund balance, beginning of year	 	1		
Fund balance, end of year	\$ =====	\$	-	

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION FUND-LAGRANGE MALL SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budgeted Amount	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Intergovernmental	\$ 147,000	\$ 146,813	\$ (187)
Total revenues	147,000	146,813	(187)
Expenditures: Current: Community development	147,000	146,813	187
Total expenditures	147,000	146,813	187
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	<u> </u>		
Net change in fund balance	-	*	æ'
Fund balance, beginning of year	***************************************		(**)
Fund balance, end of year	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION FUND-MARRIOTT COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	2020	2019
Cash	\$ 70	\$ 70
Total assets	\$ 70	\$ 70
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		8
Liabilities: Advances from other fund:	\$ 2,347,054	\$ 2,471,277
Total liabilities	2,347,054	2,471,277
Fund balance: Unassigned	(2,346,984)	(2,471,207)
Total fund balance	(2,346,984)	(2,471,207)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 70	\$ 70

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION FUND-MARRIOTT COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
Revenues: Miscellaneous	\$	124,223	\$	124,219
Total revenues	1	124,223		124,219
Expenditures: Current: Community development			5), (************************************	
Total expenditures	-			= =
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	15-	124,223		124,219
Net change in fund balance		124,223		124,219
Fund balance, beginning of year	-	(2,471,207)		(2,595,426)
Fund balance, end of year	\$	(2,346,984)	\$	(2,471,207)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA TAX ALLOCATION FUND-MARRIOTT SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Original and Final Budgeted Amount	Actual	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)
Revenues: Miscellaneous	\$ 125,000	\$ 124,223	\$ (777)
Total revenues	125,000	124,223	(777)
Expenditures: Current: Community development			: <u>:=</u>):
Total expenditures	<u> </u>	- - -	- T
Excess of revenue over (under) expenditures	125,000	124,223_	(777)
Net change in fund balance	125,000	124,223	(777)
Fund balance, beginning of year	(2,471,207)	(2,471,207)	(
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (2,346,207)	\$ (2,346,984)	\$ (777)

MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

<u>General Fund</u> - This fund accounts for resources traditionally associated with governments which are not required to be accounted for in another fund.

<u>SPLOST Fund</u> - This fund is used to account for the City's portion of SPLOST funds received from the County for the purpose of improvement or acquisition of assets and infrastructure.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
ASSETS	-			3
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	407,154	\$	81,141
Investments		6,410		1,019,220
Receivables:				
Taxes		1,331,397		1,562,569
Other		9,551		9,551
Inventory		165,344		170,003
Restricted cash and cash equivalents		421,235		505,729
Restricted investments		870,313	-	1,002,897
Total assets	\$	3,211,404	\$	4,351,110
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE				
Liabilities:				
Accounts payable	\$	536,118	\$	568,031
Due to other funds		1,362,000		372,000
Accrued liabilities		230,735		110,060
Unearned revenue	-	647,177		81,358
Total liabilities	:	2,776,030	-	1,131,449
Fund balance:				
Nonspendable:				
Inventory		165,344		170,003
Assigned for:				
Public safety		12,540		7,000
Restricted for:		074.000		000 004
Perpetual care		874,680		860,384
Public safety		85,288		60,963
Community development Debt service		81,042		50,339 383,060
		237,997		•
Unassigned		(1,021,517)		1,687,912
Total fund balance	_	435,374	!(=====	3,219,661
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$	3,211,404	\$	4,351,110

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GENERAL FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Revenues:	\(\frac{1}{2} \)	
Taxes:	b 5040,004	¢ 5750.444
Sales	\$ 5,349,061	\$ 5,750,141
Franchise	1,144,431	1,130,709
Insurance premium	2,236,482	2,110,111
Alcoholic beverage	720,255	760,968
Ad valorem	574,374	480,732
Other	791,308	788,464
Licenses and permits	259,051	276,267
Intergovernmental	271,653	708,006
Fines and forfeitures	803,272	1,037,600
Garage charges	809,000	1,044,834
Charges for services	343,663	294,682
Investment income	45,278	58,258
Miscellaneous	88,591	359,303
Total revenues	13,436,419_	14,800,075
Expenditures:		
Current:	2 222 504	3,096,624
General government	3,333,594	•
Public safety	18,893,216	17,766,922
Public service	2,955,747	2,780,224
Culture and recreation	1,620,773	1,467,014
Community development	1,555,926	1,930,808
Telecommunications	477,190	460,021
Debt service:		400 500
Principal retirement	590,555	403,506
Interest and fees	2,434	30,198
Capital outlay:		450.040
General government	54,688	159,248
Public safety	173,447	944,106
Public service	226,957	671,750
Culture and recreation	239,190	80,891
Total expenditures	30,123,717	29,791,312
Excess of expenditures over (under) revenues	(16,687,298)	(14,991,237)
Other financing sources (uses):		
Sale of capital assets	30,135	11,621
Capital lease	625,083	213,418
Transfers in	15,734,226	17,781,571
Transfers out	(2,486,433)	(2,676,497)
Total other financing sources (uses)	13,903,011	15,330,113
Net change in fund balance	(2,784,287)	338,876
Fund balance, beginning of year	3,219,661	2,880,785
	\$ 435,374	\$ 3,219,661
Fund balance, end of year	φ 430,374	5,210,001

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SPLOST FUND COMPARATIVE BALANCE SHEETS June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Cash and cash equivalents Receivables:	\$ 509,073	\$ 376,215
Intergovernmental	759,948	691,850
Total assets	\$ 1,269,021	\$ 1,068,065
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE		
Liabilities:		
Accounts payable	\$ 246,753	\$ 634,124
Due to other funds	2,388,000	650,000
Total liabilities	2,634,753	1,284,124
Fund balance: Restricted for capital project		
Unassigned	(1,365,732)	(216,059)
Total fund balance	(1,365,732)	(216,059)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 1,269,021	\$ 1,068,065

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SPLOST FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Revenues: Intergovernmental Grants and subsidies Investment income (loss)	\$ 4,622,567 500,000 469	\$ 4,194,143
Total revenues	5,123,036	4,197,923
Expenditures: Capital outlay: Public safety Public service Community development	2,632,813 938,768 2,701,128	1,235,688 1,697,009 3,598,723
Total expenditures	6,272,709	6,531,420
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(1,149,673)	(2,333,497)
Net change in fund balance	(1,149,673)	(2,333,497)
Fund balance, beginning of year	(216,059)	2,117,438
Fund balance, end of year	\$ (1,365,732)	\$ (216,059)



MAJOR ENTERPRISE FUNDS

<u>Utility Fund</u> - This fund accounts for the provision of utility services to the residents of the City and some residents of the County. All activities necessary to provide such services are accounted for in this fund, including, but not limited to, administration, financing and related debt service, and billing and collection.

Water and Sewerage Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of the City's water and sewerage activities.

Sanitation Fund - This fund accounts for the operation of the City's solid waste disposal activities

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS	-	
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 9,224,144	\$ 2,335,367
Investments	22,345,252	25,913,015
Receivables:	Ŷ.	
Accounts	7,810,028	9,343,283
Due from other funds	2,122,000	1,360,000
Prepaids	54,761	55,023
Inventory	1,531,513	1,318,144
Total current assets	43,087,698	40,324,832
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,574,303	1,574,303
Capital assets, being depreciated	32,372,037	34,060,262
Advances to other funds	2,347,054	2,471,277
Total noncurrent assets	36,293,394	38,105,842
Total assets	79,381,092	78,430,674
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	171,190	212,149
Changes of assumptions	529,511	96,466
Contributions after measurement date	336,215	323,471
Other post-employment benefits:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	104,367	
Contributions after measurement date	211,234	71,008
Total deferred outflows of resources	1,352,517	703,094

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA

UTILITY FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Continued)

(Continued)		
15	2020	2019
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:	3,728,402	3,693,076
Accounts payable	2,458,351	2,312,609
Customer deposits	74,064	37,072
Accrued liabilities	93,516	86,031
Accrued compensated absences	-	1,458,151
Unearned revenue	1,203,915	278,409
Capital leases, current	158,893	295,000
Intergovernmental agreement payable, current	310,000	290,000
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:	46.046	45 500
Accrued interest payable	46,216	45,599
Revenue bonds, current	940,000	910,000 9,115,947
Total current liabilities	9,013,357	9,115,947
Noncurrent liabilities:	4.40.070	100.047
Compensated absences	140,273	129,047
Revenue bonds, long-term	3,010,000	3,950,000
Capital leases, long-term	331,046	489,939
Intergovernmental agreement payable, long-term	1,780,000	2,090,000
Advances from other funds	617,210	722,810
Net OPEB liability	2,753,705	2,562,008
Net pension liability	3,157,267	2,153,339
Total noncurrent liabilities	11,789,501	12,097,143
Total liabilities	20,802,858	21,213,090
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	2,596	3,669
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	43,041	397,227
Other post-employment benefits:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	32,805	38,107
Changes of assumptions	365,202	195,369
Total deferred outflows of resources	443,644	634,372
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	29,506,401	30,006,216
Unrestricted	29,980,706	27,280,090
Officenticled		
Total net position	\$ 59,487,107	\$ 57,286,306

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating revenues:		
Gas system	\$ 12,394,141	\$ 14,689,323
Electric system	47,747,760	51,595,928
Telecommunications	3,421,210	3,376,166
Other sales	570,666	631,073
Total operating revenues	64,133,777	70,292,490
Operating expenses:		
Gas system	7,645,833	10,646,172
Electric system	42,106,089	45,676,473
Telecommunications	3,107,134	2,772,582
Depreciation	2,340,428	2,317,528
Total operating expenses	55,199,484	61,412,755
Operating income	8,934,293	8,879,735
Nonoperating revenues (expenses):		
Investment income	1,191,821	1,084,801
Gain (loss) on sale of assets	4,265	11,448
Interest expense	(277,395)	(312,393)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	918,691	783,856
Net income before transfers	9,852,984	9,663,591
Transfers in	2,932,822	2,547,395
Transfers out	(10,585,005)	(10,107,292)
Change in net position	2,200,801	2,103,694
Net position, beginning of year	57,286,306	55,182,612
Net position, end of year	\$ 59,487,107	\$ 57,286,306

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 64,796,538 (3,467,348) (49,158,312) 12,170,878	\$ 67,770,014 (3,717,610) (54,947,084) 9,105,320
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Repayment of advance to (from) other funds Advances to other funds Transfers in Transfers out Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(105,600) 124,223 2,932,822 (10,585,005) (7,633,560)	(100,331) 124,219 2,547,395 (10,107,292) (7,536,009)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities: Principal payments on revenue bonds Proceeds from sale of assets Acquisition of capital assets Capital lease payments Payments on intergovernmental agreement Interest paid Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(910,000) 4,265 (652,203) (278,409) (295,000) (276,778) (2,408,125)	(880,000) 11,448 (1,048,097) (286,720) (285,000) (379,530) (2,867,899)
Cash flows from investing activities: Sale (purchase) of investments Investment income Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	3,567,763 1,191,821 4,759,584 6,888,777	(1,777,907) 1,084,801 (693,106) (1,991,694)
Net increase (decrease) in cash Cash, beginning of year	2,335,367	4,327,061
Cash, end of year	\$ 9,224,144	\$ 2,335,367

(Continued...)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Continued)

8:	2020		2019	
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Operating income (loss)	\$	8,934,293	\$	8,879,735
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:				
Depreciation		2,340,428		2,317,528
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:				
Accounts receivable	Œ	1,533,255		(136,432)
Inventory		(213,369)		(137,400)
Prepaid expense		262		(6,403)
Accounts payable		35,326		(46,768)
Accrued vacation		18,711		21,881
Due from other funds		(762,000)		(1,260,000)
Due to other funds				(35,000)
Unearned revenue		(254,236)		(1,213,228)
Other accrued expenses		36,992		(28,550)
Customer deposits		145,742		122,184
Net OPEB liability		111,635		437,136
Net pension liability		243,839		190,637
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	12,170,878	\$	9,105,320

Supplemental disclosure of non-cash investing and financing activities:

In 2020 and 2019, the City incurred debt of \$0 and \$224,214, respectively, in the form of capital leases in connection with the acquisition of new equipment.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF OPERATING INCOME Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Gas System	Electric System	Telecom- municatons	Total
Operating revenues	\$ 12,660,263	\$ 48,052,304	\$ 3,421,210	\$ 64,133,777
Operating expenses: Electricity and natural gas purchase Depreciation Other operating	5,689,228 1,102,648 1,956,605 8,748,481	36,073,603 773,036 6,032,486 42,879,125	464,744 3,107,134 3,571,878	41,762,831 2,340,428 11,096,225 55,199,484
Operating income	\$ 3,911,782	\$ 5,173,179	\$ (150,668)	\$ 8,934,293

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY FUND SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN UTILITY PLANT IN SERVICE Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Net Asset Value	16,357,463	10,880,638	6,708,239	33,946,340
	Balance June 30, 2020	30,223 \$ (18,202,905) \$ 16,357,463	(14,479,240)	(5,810,415)	\$ (36,192,810) \$ (2,340,428) \$ 40,678 \$ (38,492,560) \$ 33,946,340
oreciation	Deletions	30,223	10,455		40,678
Allowance of Depreciation	Expenses	\$ (1,102,648) \$	(773,036)	(464,744)	\$ (2,340,428) \$
	Balance June 30, 2019	\$ (17,130,480) \$ (1,102,648)	(13,716,659)	(5,345,671)	\$ (36,192,810)
	Balance June 30, 2020	\$ 34,560,368	25,359,878	12,518,654	\$ 72,438,900
Cost	Deletions	(30,223)	(10,455)		(40,678)
Historical Cost	Additions	156,450 \$ (30,223)	103,023	392,730	652,203 \$
	Balance June 30, 2019	\$ 34,434,141 \$	25,267,310	12,125,924	\$ 71,827,375 \$ 652,203 \$ (40,678)
ı	ال	Gas system \$	Electric system	Telecommunications	₹∥

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY FUND COMPARATIVE SCHEDULES OF REVENUES Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Gas system: Gas sales Miscellaneous	\$ 12,394,141 266,122 12,660,263	\$ 14,689,323 293,770 14,983,093
Electric system: Electricity sales Street and security lights Miscellaneous	45,803,832 1,378,409 870,063 48,052,304	47,231,945 1,443,137 3,258,149 51,933,231
Telecommunications: Internet services Other telecommunications services	2,441,915 979,295 3,421,210	2,316,031 1,060,135 3,376,166
Total operating revenues	\$ 64,133,777	\$ 70,292,490

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets:	9	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 3,206,209	\$ 2,040,082
Investments	11,795,045	11,104,480
Receivables:		
Accounts	1,884,721	2,111,513
Due from other funds	460,000	
Inventory	1,478,591_	1,494,248
Total current assets	18,824,566	16,750,323
Noncurrent assets:		
Capital assets, not being depreciated	1,233,946	1,409,553
Capital assets, being depreciated	64,298,968	67,060,707
Total noncurrent assets	65,532,914	68,470,260
Total assets	84,357,480_	85,220,583
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	115,959	146,290
Changes of assumptions	358,673	66,519
Contributions after measurement date	227,739	223,052
Other post-employment benefits:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	70,695	
Contributions after measurement date	143,083_	48,964
Total deferred outflows of resources	916,149	484,825
		(Continued)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Continued)

	2020	2019
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	133,143	181,487
Customer deposits	697,427	594,505
Accrued liabilities	48,909	27,317
Accrued compensated absences	47,300	41,106
Unearned revenue	1,182,391	639,930
Notes payable, current	837,725	822,938
Total current liabilities	2,946,895	2,307,283
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Compensated absences	70,950	61,658
Notes payable, long-term	12,707,114	13,544,861
Net OPEB liability	1,865,273	1,766,656
Net pension liability	2,138,633	1,484,853
Total noncurrent liabilities	16,781,970	16,858,028
Total liabilities	19,728,865	19,165,311
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions:	4.750	0.500
Difference between expected and actual experience	1,758	2,530 273,911
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	29,154	273,911
Other post-employment benefits:	22,221	26,277
Difference between expected and actual experience	247,376	134,718
Changes of assumptions	247,070	
Total deferred inflows of resources	300,509	437,436
NET POSITION		
	51,988,075	54,102,461
Net investment in capital assets	13,256,180	12,000,200
Unrestricted	10,200,100	.2,000,200
Total net position	\$ 65,244,255	\$ 66,102,661

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019	
Operating revenues: Water and sewerage system Other sales	\$ 17,391,373 434,664	\$ 16,568,787 417,908	
Total operating revenues	17,826,037	16,986,695	
Operating expenses: Water and sewerage system Depreciation	9,955,564 3,539,045	9,870,882 3,530,190	
Total operating expenses	13,494,609	13,401,072	
Operating income (loss)	4,331,428	3,585,623	
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Gain (loss) on sale of assets Interest expense	261,735 1,648 (235,188)	232,323 7,629 (249,625)	
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)	28,195	(9,673)	
Net income before contributions and transfers	4,359,623	3,575,950	
Transfers in Transfers out	626,793 (5,844,822)	532,224 (5,059,395)	
Change in net position	(858,406)	(951,221)	
Net position, beginning of year	66,102,661	67,053,882	
Net position, end of year	\$ 65,244,255	\$ 66,102,661	

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA WATER AND SEWERAGE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
Cash flows from operating activities:			(×
Cash received from customers and users	\$	18,238,212	\$	17,620,424
Cash paid to employees	,	(4,435,138)		(4,333,330)
Cash paid to employees Cash paid to suppliers		(5,331,889)		(5,549,957)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		8,471,185	1	7,737,137
Net easil provided (ased) by operating detivities	-	В		
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		626,793		532,224
Transfers in		(5,844,822)		(5,059,395)
Transfers out	-	(5,218,029)	7	(4,527,171)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		(3,210,023)		(4,027,171)
Cash flows from capital and related financial activities:		4.040		7.000
Proceeds from sale of assets		1,648		7,629
Acquisition of capital assets		(601,699)		(983,753)
Payments on notes payable		(822,960)		(808,521)
Interest paid		(235,188)	-	(249,624)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	-	(1,658,199)		(2,034,269)
Cash flows from investing activities:				.=.==
Sale (purchase) of investments		(690,565)		(520,781)
Investment income		261,735		232,323
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	2	(428,830)		(288,458)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		1,166,127		887,239
Cash, beginning of year		2,040,082	-	1,152,843
Cash, end of year	\$	3,206,209	\$	2,040,082
Cash flows from operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	4,331,428	\$	3,585,623
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided				
by operating activities:		0.500.045		2 520 400
Depreciation		3,539,045		3,530,190
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		006 700		(22 606)
Accounts receivable		226,792		(23,696)
Inventory		15,657		(32,067) 42,769
Accounts payable		(48,344) 15,486		1,649
Accrued vacation		(460,000)		1,049
Due from other funds				639,930
Unearned revenue		542,461 21,592		(27,287)
Other accrued expenses		102,922		17,495
Customer deposits		42,405		56,493
Net OPEB liability		42, 4 05 141,741		(53,962)
Net pension liability		141,141	-	(00,002)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	8,471,185	\$	7,737,137

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SANITATION FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	<u> </u>	2020		2019
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	1,943,966	\$	3,247,527
Receivables:				
Accounts		92,836		571,214
Due from other funds		1,638,000		200,000
Total current assets		3,674,802		4,018,741
Noncurrent assets:				
Capital assets, not being depreciated		1,437,733		1,437,733
Capital assets, being depreciated		17,548,877		18,756,863
Total noncurrent assets		18,986,610		20,194,596
Total assets		22,661,412		24,213,337
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES				
Pensions:				
Difference between expected and actual experience		22,615		68,703
Changes of assumptions		69,951		31,240
Contributions after measurement date		44,415		104,753
Other post-employment benefits:				
Difference between expected and actual experience		13,788		
Contributions after measurement date		27,905		22,995
Total deferred outflows of resources	· <u> </u>	178,674	-	227,691

(Continued...)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SANITATION FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION

June 30, 2020 and 2019 (Continued)

	2020	2019
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
	16,396	73,154
Accounts payable	1,530	1,530
Customer deposits Accrued liabilities	9,403	5,563
	12,101	12,255
Accrued compensated absences	185,956	180,812
Notes payable, current	40,085	79,053
Capital leases, current	48,037	46,189
Landfill postclosure liability, current	313,508	398,556
Total current liabilities	010,000	
Noncurrent liabilities:		40.004
Compensated absences	18,151	18,381
Notes payable, long-term	2,492,749	2,678,695
Capital leases, long-term		40,085
Landfill postclosure liability	8,710,299	8,645,627
Net OPEB liability	363,779	829,685
Net pension liability	417,092	697,340
Total noncurrent liabilities	12,002,070	12,909,813
Total liabilities	12,315,578	13,308,369
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pensions:		
Difference between expected and actual experience	343	1,188
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on investments	5,686	128,639
Other post-employment benefits:	4,333	12,340
Difference between expected and actual experience	48,246	63,268
Changes of assumptions	40,240	
Total deferred inflows of resources	58,608	205,435
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	16,267,820	17,215,950
Unrestricted	(5,801,920)	(6,288,726)
Total net position	\$ 10,465,900	\$ 10,927,224
rotal fiet position		

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SANITATION FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020		2019	
Operating revenues: Sanitation Other sales	\$	2,637,866 19,444	\$	7,802,487 109,413
Total operating revenues	-	2,657,310	(3-	7,911,900
Operating expenses: Sanitation Depreciation		1,653,500 1,149,225		6,431,928 1,577,844
Total operating expenses		2,802,725		8,009,772
Operating income		(145,415)		(97,872)
Nonoperating revenues (expenses): Investment income Gain (loss) on sale of assets Interest expense	2 5	7,117 (33,770) (82,468)		4,635 1,064,686 (87,458)
Total nonoperating revenues (expenses)		(109,121)	-	981,863
Net income (loss) before transfers		(254,536)		883,991
Transfers in Transfers out		93,212 (300,000)		245,068 (2,000,000)
Change in net position		(461,324)		(870,941)
Net position, beginning of year	-	10,927,224		11,798,165
Net position, end of year	\$	10,465,900	\$	10,927,224

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SANITATION FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS

Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
		2019
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Cash received from customers and users	\$ 1,697,688	\$ 7,788,169
Cash paid to employees	(892,342)	(1,509,045)
Cash paid to suppliers	(1,591,904)	(5,219,941)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	(786,558)	1,059,183
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:		
Transfers in	93,212	245,068
Transfers out	(300,000)	(2,000,000)
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	(206,788)	(1,754,932)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:		
Proceeds from sale of assets	24,992	3,000,000
Acquisition of capital assets		(104,116)
Capital lease payments	(79,053)	(586,284)
Payments on notes payable	(180,803)	(175,813)
Interest paid	(82,468)	(87,458)
Net cash provided (used) by capital and related financing activities	(317,332)	2,046,329
Cash flows from investing activities:		
Investment income	7,117	4,635
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	7,117	4,635
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(1,303,561)	1,355,215
Cash, beginning of year	3,247,527	1,892,312
Cash, end of year	\$ 1,943,966	\$ 3,247,527
Cash flows from operating activities:		
Operating income	\$ (145,415)	\$ (97,872)
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash provided by		
operating activities:		
Depreciation	1,149,225	1,577,844
Changes in operating assets and liabilities:		=
Accounts receivable	478,378	76,269
Accounts payable	(56,758)	(544,795)
Accrued vacation	(384)	(25,061)
Due from other funds	(1,438,000)	(200,000)
Other accrued expenses	3,840	(19,005)
Closure/postclosure	66,520	239,943
Net OPEB obligation	(507,633)	55,372
Net pension liability	(336,331)	(3,512)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$ (786,558)	\$ 1,059,183



NONMAJOR ENTERPRISE FUND
<u>Downtown Development Authority</u> - This fund accounts for the operation of the City's Sweetland Amphitheatre and other community development activity.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets:		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 35,872	
Prepaids	25,000	
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	125,000	
Total current assets	185,872	\$ -
Noncurrent assets:		
Deposits	5,000	
Capital assets, not being depreciated	174,506	50,000
Capital assets, being depreciated	4,042,179	3,967,325
Total noncurrent assets	4,221,685	4,017,325
Total assets	4,407,557	4,017,325
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities:		
Accounts payable	12,901	
Accrued liabilities	35,820	
Due to other funds	10,000	
Total current liabilities	58,721	•
Total liabilities	58,721	
NET POSITION		
Net investment in capital assets	4,216,685	4,017,325
Restricted, Community Development	125,000	, , ,
Unrestricted	7,151	
Total net position	\$ 4,348,836	\$ 4,017,325

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA DOWNTOWN DEVELOPMENT AUTHORITY COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

		2020		2019
Operating revenues: Sponsorships Miscellaneous	\$	304,595 34,085		-
Total operating revenues	×	338,680	\$	
Operating expenses: Community development Depreciation		109,530 123,177		113,352
Total operating expenses		232,707		113,352
Operating income (loss)		105,973		(113,352)
Net income before contributions and transfers		105,973		(113,352)
Capital contributions		225,538		
Change in net position		331,511	5	(113,352)
Net position, beginning of year	())	4,017,325		4,130,677
Net position, end of year	\$	4,348,836	\$	4,017,325



LAGRANGE GEORGIA

INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS
Group Insurance Fund - To account for the City's partial self-insurance of employees' medical claims. Property and Casualty Insurance Fund - To account for the City's partial self-insurance of workers' compensation and liability claims.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020

	Group Insurance Fund	Property and Casualty Fund	Total
ASSETS			
Current assets:		41	
Cash and cash equivalents Investments	\$ 162,859	\$ 738,748 647,895	\$ 901,607 647,895
Receivables-other	50,416	,	50,416
Due from other funds	•	250,020	250,020
Prepaids	13,275	130,795	144,070
Advances to other funds		617,210	617,210
Total assets	226,550	2,384,668	2,611,218
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable	42,504	8,978	51,482
Claims reserve	1,100,000	600,000	1,700,000
Due to other funds	410,000	:	410,000
Total liabilities	1,552,504	608,978	2,161,482
NET POSITION			
Net position:			
Unrestricted	(1,325,954)	1,775,690	449,736
Total net position	\$ (1,325,954)	\$ 1,775,690	\$ 449,736

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Year Ended June 30, 2020

•	Group Insurance Fund	Property and Casualty Fund	Total
Operating revenues: Premiums	\$ 7,365,438	\$ 1,166,150	\$ 8,531,588
Operating expenses: Administrative services Risk management	210,882 8,016,352	33,050 1,656,915	243,932 9,673,267
Total operating expenses	8,227,234	1,689,965	9,917,199
Operating income (loss)	(861,796)	(523,815)	(1,385,611)
Nonoperating revenues: Investment income	1,273	74,094	75,367
Total nonoperating revenues	1,273	74,094	75,367
Change in net position	(860,523)	(449,721)	(1,310,244)
Net position, beginning of year	(465,431)	2,225,411	1,759,980
Net position, end of year	\$ (1,325,954)	\$ 1,775,690	\$ 449,736

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA INTERNAL SERVICE FUNDS COMBINING STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS Year Ended June 30, 2020

	Gro	up Insurance Fund		Property d Casualty Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users	\$	7,362,630	\$	1,166,130	\$	8,528,760
Cash paid to suppliers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities		(7,848,048) (485,418)	_	(1,813,835) (647,705)		(9,661,883) (1,133,123)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Repayment of advance to (from) other funds			14	105,600	-	105,600
Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities		<u>*</u>		105,600		105,600
Cash flows from investing activities:				((00.00=)
Sale (purchase) of investments		4.070		(82,007)		(82,007)
Investment income	0.	1,273 1,273	-	74,094 (7,913)	-	75,367 (6,640)
Net cash provided (used) by investing activities		1,273		(7,913)		(0,040)
Net increase (decrease) in cash		(484,145)		(550,018)		(1,034,163)
Cash, beginning of year	N	647,004	_	1,288,766		1,935,770
Cash, end of year	\$	162,859	\$	738,748	\$	901,607
Cash flows form operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$	(861,796)	\$	(523,815)	\$	(1,385,611)
cash (used in) provided by operating activities: (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable		(2,808)		(400 705)		(2,808)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids		3,160		(130,795)		(127,635) (20)
(Increase) decrease in due from other funds Increase (decrease) in accounts payable		16,026		(20) 6,925		22,951
Increase (decrease) in claims reserve		200,000		0,020		200,000
Increase (decrease) in due to other funds		160,000				160,000
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	(485,418)	\$	(647,705)	\$	(1,133,123)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GROUP INSURANCE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
ASSETS		
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Receivables-other Prepaids	\$ 162,8 50,4 13,2	47,608
Total assets	226,5	711,047
LIABILITIES		
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Claims reserve Due to other funds	42,5 1,100,6 410,6	900,000
Total current liabilities	1,552,	1,176,478
NET POSITION		
Net position: Unrestricted	(1,325,	954) (465,431)
Total net position	\$ (1,325,	954) \$ (465,431)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GROUP INSURANCE FUND

COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating revenues: Premiums	\$ 7,365,438	\$ 7,875,709
Operating expenses: Administrative services Risk management	210,882 8,016,352	192,982 7,949,044
Total operating expenses	8,227,234	8,142,026
Operating income (loss)	(861,796)	(266,317)
Nonoperating revenues: Investment income	1,273	4,727
Total nonoperating revenues	1,273	4,727
Change in net position	(860,523)	(261,590)
Net position, beginning of year	(465,431)	(203,841)
Net position, end of year	\$ (1,325,954)	\$ (465,431)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GROUP INSURANCE FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 7,362,630 (7,848,048) (485,418)	\$ 7,874,159 (8,692,060) (817,901)
Cash flows from investing activities: Investment income Net cash provided (used) by investing activities Net increase (decrease) in cash	1,273 1,273 (484,145)	4,727 4,727 (813,174)
Cash, beginning of year	647,004	1,460,178
Cash, end of year	\$ 162,859	\$ 647,004
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net	\$ (861,796)	\$ (266,317)
cash (used in) provided by operating activities: (Increase) decrease in prepaids (Increase) decrease in accounts receivable	(2,808) 3,160	(1,550)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	16,026	(34) 200,000
Increase (decrease) in claims reserve Increase (decrease) in due to other funds	200,000 160,000	(750,000)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (485,418)	\$ (817,901)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PROPERTY AND CASUALTY FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION June 30, 2020 and 2019

ASSETS	_	2020	2019
AGGETG			
Current assets: Cash and cash equivalents Investments Due from other funds Prepaids Advances to other funds	*	738,748 647,895 250,020 130,795 617,210	\$ 1,288,766 565,888 250,000 722,810
Total assets		2,384,668	2,827,464
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities: Accounts payable Claims reserve	_	8,978 600,000	2,053 600,000
Total liabilities		608,978	602,053
NET POSITION			
Net position: Unrestricted	_	1,775,690	2,225,411
Total net position		1,775,690	\$ 2,225,411

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PROPERTY AND CASUALTY FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Operating revenues: Premiums	\$ 1,166,150	\$ 3,362,964
Operating expenses: Administrative services Risk management	33,050 1,656,915	64,701 4,083,299
Total operating expenses	1,689,965	4,148,000
Operating income (loss)	(523,815)	(785,036)
Nonoperating revenues: Investment income	74,094	75,779
Total nonoperating revenues	74,094	75,779
Change in net position	(449,721)	(709,257)
Net position, beginning of year	2,225,411	2,934,668
Net position, end of year	\$ 1,775,690	\$ 2,225,411

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PROPERTY AND CASUALTY FUND COMPARATIVE STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS Years Ended June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Cash flows from operating activities: Cash received from customers and users Cash paid to suppliers Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ 1,166,130 (1,813,835) (647,705)	\$ 4,097,964 (4,157,182) (59,218)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities: Repayment of advances to other funds Net cash provided (used) by noncapital financing activities	105,600 105,600	100,331
Cash flows from investing activities: Sale (purchase) of investments Investment income Net cash provided (used) by investing activities	(82,007) 74,094 (7,913)	(36,936) 75,779 38,843
Net increase (decrease) in cash	(550,018)	79,956
Cash, beginning of year	1,288,766	1,208,810
Cash, end of year	\$ 738,748	\$ 1,288,766
Cash flows from operating activities: Operating income (loss) Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash (used in) provided by operating activities:	\$ (523,815)	\$ (785,036)
(Increase) decrease in prepaids (Increase) decrease in due from other funds	(130,795) (20)	735,000
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable	6,925	(9,182)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$ (647,705)	\$ (59,218)

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS* COMPARATIVE SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS BY SOURCE June 30, 2020 and 2019

	2020	2019
Governmental fund capital assets:		
Land	\$ 13,601,122	\$ 13,601,122
Construction in progress	1,413,979	3,217,264
Buildings	25,235,091	22,289,346
Machinery and equipment	13,959,624	13,871,607
Vehicles	5,241,239	5,286,288
Infrastructure	61,950,991	56,724,793
Total governmental fund capital assets	\$ 121,402,046	\$ 114,990,420
Investment in governmental fund capital assets by source:		
General fund revenues	\$ 16,628,747	\$ 16,256,061
General obligation bonds	3,000,000	3,000,000
Capital projects fund	78,921,722	72,882,782
Special revenues fund	4,429,256	4,429,256
Donations	18,422,321	18,422,321
		100 M 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127 127
Total governmental fund capital assets	\$ 121,402,046	\$ 114,990,420

^{*}This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS* SCHEDULE OF CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY June 30, 2020

Function and Activity	ļ	Total		Land	Construction in Progress	Buildings and Improvements	Machinery and Equipment	Vehicles	Infrastructure
General government	↔	\$ 15,309,005	↔	4,864,794	\$ 73,535	\$ 6,530,298	\$ 2,798,911	\$ 402,202	\$ 639,265
Public safety		9,513,422		21,465		2,266,959	3,037,956	3,960,166	226,876
Public service		13,215,957		636,261			2,421,025	455,189	9,703,482
Culture and recreation		5,598,918		1,843,041	104,614	206,943	749,180	331,544	2,363,596
Community development	Ì	77,764,744		6,235,561	1,235,830	16,230,891	4,952,552	92,138	49,017,772
Total governmental funds capital assets	ഗ	\$ 121,402,046	S	13,601,122	\$ 1,413,979	\$ 13,601,122 \$ 1,413,979 \$ 25,235,091 \$ 13,959,624 \$ 5,241,239 \$ 61,950,991	\$ 13,959,624	\$ 5,241,239	\$ 61,950,991

*This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSETS USED IN THE OPERATION OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS* SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION AND ACTIVITY Year Ended June 30, 2020

Function and Activity	J	Balance une 30, 2019		Additions		Deletions	_Ju	Balance une 30, 2020
General government	\$	15,281,943	\$	54,688	\$	(27,626)	\$	15,309,005
Public safety		9,490,358		173,447		(150,383)		9,513,422
Public service		13,132,587		783,428		(700,058)		13,215,957
Culture and recreation		5,359,729		239,189				5,598,918
Community development		71,725,803	-	8,557,188	(2,518,247)		77,764,744
Total governmental funds capital assets	\$	114,990,420	\$	9,807,940	\$ (3,396,314)	\$	121,402,046

^{*}This schedule presents only the capital asset balances related to governmental funds.

ADDITIONAL DATA

The following data is required by either state statute, specific grant audit requirements, or auditing standards:

Special Local Option Sales Tax Funds - Disclosure required by State of Georgia law.

<u>CHIP Schedules</u> – Disclosures required by specific grant audit requirements.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA SPECIAL LOCAL OPTION SALES TAX FUNDS SCHEDULE OF PROJECTS CONSTRUCTED WITH SPECIAL SALES TAX PROCEEDS Year Ended June 30, 2020

			_		E	xpenditures		
Project	_	Original Estimated Cost		Prior Years	·	Current Year	-	Total
Special Local Option Sales Tax - 2011: Road and bridge improvements Utility relocation Bicycle and sidewalk facilities and neighborhood parks Public safety facilities and equipment	\$	10,550,000 3,000,000 3,000,000 3,400,000	\$	7,938,299 592,989 7,777,087 2,633,339			\$	7,938,299 592,989 7,777,087 2,633,339
Special Local Option Sales Tax - 2017: The Thread - multi-use trail Park upgrades Gateway corridor enhancements Roads and bridge improvements Utility relocation Regional storm water management initiatives Public safety	\$	5,000,000 550,000 2,000,000 6,000,000 1,400,000 4,000,000		958,890 341,353 - 663,119 331 5,449 942,731	\$	2,451,627 214,550 907,844 38,806 28,268 2,631,614	\$	3,410,517 555,903 1,570,963 39,137 33,717 3,574,345

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMMUNITY HOME INVESTMENT PROGRAM GRANT SOURCE AND APPLICATION OF FUNDS STATUS REPORT Year Ended June 30, 2020

CHIP CH14XLAGR-01

Total grant	\$	391,000
Less, total program funds drawn down by recipient for the year ended: June 30, 2020 June 30, 2019 June 30, 2018 June 30, 2017	•	- (74,462) (124,895)
Program funds forfeited	\$	191,643
Total program funds drawn down by recipient for the year ended June 30, 2020 Add, program income applicable to the year ended June 30, 2020	\$	
Total program funds drawn by recipient and program income for the year ended June 30, 2020		
Note: This grant has expired and has been closed, therefore no futher funds are available for draw of	lown.	
CHIP CH19XLAGR-01		
Total grant	\$	464,700
Less, total program funds drawn down by recipient for the year ended: June 30, 2020	8 	
Program funds available for future draw down	\$	464,700
Total program funds drawn down by recipient for the year ended June 30, 2020	\$:=
Add, program income applicable to the year ended June 30, 2020		
Total program funds drawn by recipient and program income for the year ended June 30, 2020	\$	

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA COMMUNITY HOME INVESTMENT PROGRAM GRANT PROJECT COST SCHEDULE Year Ended June 30, 2020

					Expe	nditures			
Activity		udgeted penditures	P	rior Years	Curre	ent Year_		Total	Questioned Cost
CHIP CH14XLAGR-01 Rehabilitation Administration	\$	385,000 6,000	\$	195,506 3,851			\$	195,506 3,851	None None
	\$	391,000	\$	199,357	\$		\$	199,357	
Note: This grant has expired	d and ha	as been close	ed, the	erefore no fu	ither fun	ds are av	ailable	e for draw do	own.
CHIP CH19XLAGR-01									
Construction	\$	464,700	_						None
	\$	464,700	\$	_	\$	-	\$	747	

STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of LaGrange's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the government's overall financial health.

CONTENTS

	PAGE
<u>Financial Trends</u> - These schedules contain trend information to help how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed ove	the reader understand r time. 107
Revenue Capacity - These schedules present information to help the remost significant local revenue source, utility revenue.	eader assess the City's 113
<u>Debt Capacity</u> - These schedules present information to help the reader of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to the future.	assess the affordability issue additional debt in 118
<u>Demographic and Economic Information</u> - These schedules offer demoindicators to help the reader understand the environment within whactivities take place.	ographic and economic ich the City's financial 121
Operating Information - These schedules contain service and infrastr reader understand how the information in the City's financial report religovernment provides and the activities it performs.	ucture data to help the ates to the services the

Unless otherwise noted, the information in these schedules is derived from the City's comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fiscal Year E	Fiscal Year Ended June 30		2		
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities: Net investment										
in capital assets	\$ 37,274,638	\$ 40,409,288	\$ 43,576,398	\$ 43,561,422	\$ 53,207,058	\$ 61,734,629	\$ 62,112,183	\$ 66,096,412	\$ 71,977,857	\$ 75,206,491
Restricted	7,505,427	6,529,006	4,881,359	6,479,502	6,595,665	6,680,165	6,284,954	4,259,880	1,354,746	2,019,890
Unrestricted	(2,908,655)	(3,461,667)	(3,311,359)	(3,569,275)	(9,893,218)	(10,317,280)	(30,591,947)	(36,742,232)	(35,829,384)	(41,643,138)
Total governmental										
activities net position	\$ 41,871,410	\$ 43,476,627	\$ 45,146,398	\$ 46,471,649	\$ 49,909,505	\$ 58,097,514	\$ 37,805,190	\$ 33,614,060	\$ 37,503,219	\$ 35,583,243
Business-type activities:										
in control	0									
ın capıtal assets	\$ 113,856,456	\$ 114,889,792	\$ 113,861,863	\$ 112,233,680	\$ 112,527,782	\$ 110,250,942	\$ 108,454,603	\$ 105,812,200	\$ 101,324,627	\$ 101,978,981
Restricted										125,000
Unrestricted	16,249,506	21,208,735	23,220,112	26,522,639	26,235,390	30,199,537	30,425,124	28,695,522	32,991,564	37,442,117
Total business-type										
activities net position	\$ 130,105,962	\$ 136,098,527	\$ 137,081,575	\$ 138,756,319	\$ 138,763,172	\$ 140,450,479	\$ 138,879,727	\$ 134,507,722	\$ 134,316,191	\$ 139,546,098
Primary government: Net investment		• 0								
in capital assets	\$ 151,131,094	\$ 155,299,080	\$ 157,438,261	\$ 155,795,102	\$ 165,734,840	\$ 171,985,571	\$ 170,566,786	\$ 171,908,612	\$ 173,302,484	\$ 177,185,472
Restricted	7,505,427	6,529,006	4,881,359	6,479,502	6,595,665	6,680,165	6,284,954	4,259,880	1,354,746	2,144,890
Unrestricted	13,340,851	17,747,068	19,908,753	22,953,364	16,342,172	19,882,257	(166,823)	(8,046,710)	(2,837,820)	(4,201,021)
Total primary										
government net position	\$ 171,977,372	\$ 179,575,154	\$ 182,228,373	\$ 185,227,968	\$ 188,672,677	\$ 198,547,993	\$ 176,684,917	\$ 168,121,782	\$ 171,819,410	\$ 175,129,341



LAGRANGE GEORGIA

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN NET POSITION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

Fiscal Year Ended June 30

						000000000000000000000000000000000000000				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	0000
Expenses										0707
Governmental activities:										
General government	\$ 2,023,144	\$ 2,447,844	\$ 2,374,352	\$ 2,702,167	\$ 2,640,850	\$ 2,536,687	\$ 2,151,318	\$ 2,072,410	\$ 3,348,886	\$ 3.859.865
Public safety	13,941,126	14,477,949	15,583,597	16,512,002	15,435,028	16,528,248	17,995,155	17,573,577	18,711,064	20,681,558
Public service	2,829,962	3,129,297	2,925,579	2,855,304	2,762,723	3,281,515	3,582,226	3,861,703	3,149,068	4,059,207
Culture and recreation	990,442	1,103,386	1,090,148	1,156,457	993,631	1,009,469	1,024,270	1,586,548	1,579,867	1.726.942
Community development	2,317,269	2,590,079	2,885,126	3,160,331	3,330,554	3,547,065	25,296,195	4,551,535	6,359,208	5,777,406
Redevelopment and housing		503,278	577,942	335,399	228,000	228,000	352,895	280,462	206,000	206,000
Miscellaneous	817,226	377,065	398,890	415,457	403,159	438,347	443,353	438,966	451,737	976,505
Interest on long-term debt	502,255	600,050	583,580	327,250	326,751	232,542	533,129	788,434	831,861	803,005
Total governmental activities expenses	23,421,424	25,228,948	26,419,214	27,464,367	26,120,696	27,801,873	51,378,541	31,153,635	34,637,691	37,621,953
Business-type activities:								8		-
Water and sewerage	12,069,015	12,730,898	12,813,505	13,023,085	12,275,364	12,491,721	12,714,739	12,609,701	13,650,697	13,729,797
Gas	13,832,177	11,155,525	12,078,193	14,847,586	13,030,969	9,585,058	10,552,167	10,771,403	12,057,058	9,025,876
Electric system	37,470,631	40,414,968	42,433,294	45,996,684	46,100,926	43,771,606	43,424,244	43,465,618	46,453,642	42,879,125
Sanitation	7,507,351	8,672,357	9,325,713	8,239,045	8,093,325	9,320,613	8,947,980	9,050,058	8,097,230	2,918,963
Telecommunications	2,320,373	2,464,563	2,393,405	2,104,518	1,890,481	2,318,542	2,975,585	2,976,708	3,214,448	3,571,878
Collinating development										232,707
Total business-type activities expenses		75,438,211	79,044,110	84,210,918	81,391,065	77,487,540		78,873,488	83,473,075	72,358,346
Total primary government expenses	\$ 96,620,971	\$ 100,667,159	\$ 105,463,324	\$ 111,675,285	\$ 107,511,761	\$ 105,289,413	\$ 129,993,256	\$ 110,027,123	\$ 118,110,766	\$ 109,980,299
Program Revenues										
Oberes for sensions:										
Charges for services.	9 70 040	370.308	410 027			350 053	898	386 548	4 746 504	1 280 442
General government		2/0,306		4 202,030	196,652					
Public safety	2,001,184	2,056,481	2,089,613	1,8/1,655	1,629,624	1,464,513	1,438,475	9/6,806,1	1,388,901	1,225,329
Public service	279,526									
Culture and recreation		66,275	148,511	63,435	61,110	61,010	44,875	57,315	51,180	48,545
Community development	1,080,982	1,104,382	1,248,930	1,232,586	1,238,348	1,079,498	1,162,818	861,664	1,057,964	993,385
Operating grants and contributions	459,031	660,012	812,440	338,610	74,335	218,943	586,037	2,817,707	910,388	418,466
Capital grants and contributions	3,571,714	3,560,013	3,174,313	3,036,190	10,357,243	10,525,756	3,307,053	3,366,043	4,556,503	5,123,036
Total government activities program revenues	7,544,716	7,717,471	7,593,634	6,745,114	13,557,312	13,706,773	6,906,249	8,977,851	9,681,517	9,089,203
Business-type activities:										
Charges for services:										
Water and sewerage	16,516,255	16,229,302	14,844,920	15,430,172	15,634,665	16,165,910	16,667,241	15,996,574	16,986,695	17,826,037
Gas system	17,013,290	13,459,998	14,643,762	17,545,344	16,825,600	11,694,411	11,994,070	13,575,746	14,983,093	12,660,263
Electric system	50,266,129	49,744,322	49,578,253	53,274,874	54,659,256	50,570,883	48,812,549	50,257,072	51,933,231	48,052,304
Santitation	7,645,580	8,368,771	8,533,923	8,420,551	8,731,986	9,456,822	9,406,918	8,713,822	7,911,900	2,657,310
Telecommunications	2,672,258	2,861,178	2,933,962	3,050,010	2,755,585	2,998,812	3,082,439	3,215,182	3,376,166	3,421,210
Community development										338,680
Operating grants and contributions		151,268								
Capital grants and contributions	248,729									225,538
Total business-type activities program revenues	94,362,241	90,814,839		97,720,951	98,607,092	90,886,838	89,963,217	91,758,396	95,191,085	85,181,342
Total primary government program revenues	\$ 101,906,957	\$ 98,532,310	\$ 98,128,454	\$ 104,466,065	\$ 112,164,404	\$ 104,593,611	\$ 96,869,466	\$ 100,736,247	\$ 104,872,602	\$ 94,270,545

	2020	\$ (28,532,750)	12,822,996	\$ (15,709,754)					\$ 6,956,644	5,349,061	1,144,431	85,638	13,077,000	26,612,774	1,460,673	5,913	(13,077,000)	(11,610,414)	\$ 15,002,360		(1,919,976)	1,212,582	\$ (707,394)
	2019	\$ (24,956,174)	11,718,010	\$ (13,238,164)					\$ 7,666,659	5,750,141	1,130,709	100,637	13,842,000	28,490,146	1,321,759	1,083,763	(13,842,000)	(11,436,478)	\$ 17,053,668		3,533,972	281,532	\$ 3,815,504
	2018	\$ (22,175,784)	12,884,908	\$ (9,290,876)					\$ 4,933,177	5,230,046	1,073,386	64,512	13,914,000	25,215,121	183,985		(13,914,000)	(13,730,015)	\$ 11,485,106		3,039,337	(845,107)	\$ 2,194,230
	2017	\$ (44,472,292)	11,348,502	\$ (33,123,790)					\$ 4,586,458	4,968,287	1,083,001	51,222	13,491,000	24,179,968	370,511		(13,491,000)	(13,120,489)	\$ 11,059,479		(20,292,324)	(1,771,987)	\$ (22,064,311)
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	2016	\$ (14,095,100)	13,399,298	\$ (695,802)					\$ 4,545,898	4,769,502	1,110,440	42,269	11,815,000	22,283,109	103,009		(11,815,000)	(11,711,991)	\$ 10,571,118		8,188,009	1,687,307	\$ 9,875,316
Fiscal Year E	2015	\$ (12,563,384)	17,216,027	\$ 4,652,643					\$ 4,395,627	5,021,093	1,204,116	35,789	13,073,728	23,730,353	72,298		(13,073,728)	(13,001,430)	\$ 10,728,923		11,166,969	4,214,597	\$ 15,381,566
	2014	\$ (20,719,253)	13,510,033	\$ (7,209,220)					\$ 4,249,366	4,795,388	1,090,820	29,289	11,879,641	22,044,504	43,952		(11,879,641)	(11,835,689)	\$ 10,208,815		1,325,251	1,674,344	\$ 2,999,595
	2013	\$ (18,825,580)	11,490,710	\$ (7,334,870)					\$ 3,833,147	4,950,107	1,057,342	132,379	10,522,376	20,495,351	15.114		(10,522,376)	(10,507,262)	\$ 9,988,089	1	1,669,771	983,448	\$ 2,653,219
	2012	\$ (17,511,477)	15,376,628	\$ (2,134,849)					\$ 3,460,477	5,067,756	1,082,666	30,635	9,475,160	19,116,694	91 097		(9,475,160)	(9,384,063)	\$ 9,732,631		1,605,217	5,992,535	\$ 7,597,782
	2011	\$ (15,876,708)	21,162,694	\$ 5,285,986					\$ 3,322,394	4,871,868	1,099,653	48,205	10,487,329	19,829,449	116 453		(10,487,329)	(10.370.876)	\$ 9,458,573		3,952,741	10.791.818	\$ 14,744,559
		Net (expense) revenue Governmental activities	Business-type activities	Total primary government net expense	General Revenues and Other Changes	Net Position	Governmental activities:	Taxes:	General purpose taxes	Sales	Franchise taxes	I prestricted investment earnings	Transfers	Total governmental activities	Business-type activities:		Gall Ot sale of capital assets Transfers	Total business-tyne activities	Total primary government	Change in Net Position	(Sovernmental activities	Pusing activities	Total primary government

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

									Fisc	Fiscal Year Ended June 30	nde	3c June 3c								
		2011		2012		2013		2014		2015		2016		2017		2018		2019		2020
General fund:				, i																
Nonspendable	↔	248,238 \$		185,692	€9	203,335	↔	197,596	↔	200,254	↔	183,753	↔	195,491	69	179,260	↔	170,003	69	165,344
Restricted		776,590		861,865		876,905		865,860		812,684		936,059		932,122		928,387	~	1,354,746	,-	1,279,007
Assigned																		7,000		12,540
Unassigned		1,674,201		1,045,441		1,451,702	_	1,532,232		2,416,230		2,203,372		1,902,981		1,773,138	_	1,687,912	ت	(1,021,517)
Total general fund	မာ	2,699,029	↔	2,092,998	S	2,531,942	\$	2,595,688	69	3,429,168	↔	3,323,184	₩	3,030,594	↔	2,880,785	8	3,219,661	↔	435,374
All other governmental funds Nonspendable, reported in: Debt service Capital projects Restricted, reported in: Special revenue Debt service Capital projects Unassigned	ь	2,736,199 \$ 2,432,329 928,295 692,818 3,070,853 2,563,696 (6,510) (85)	↔	2,432,329 (692,818 2,563,696 (85)	↔	2,202,206	↔ ← €	\$ 1,896,347	€9	1,661,268	69	1,439,974	↔	1,243,430 4,109,402 (2,720,609)	↔	1,033,579 2,297,914 (2,595,426)	\$	883,110	\$	740,883
Total all other governmental funds	69	6,728,837 \$ 5,688,758	es	5,688,758 \$		3,969,944	\$	5,674,116	63	5,782,981	↔	5,744,106	↔	2,632,223	↔	736,067	\$	\$ (2,011,376) \$ (3,104,093)	\$	3,104,093)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (MODIFIED ACCRUAL BASIS OF ACCOUNTING)

					Fiscal Year Ended June 30	, nded June 30				
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Revenues										
Taxes, licenses and permits	\$ 9,446,194	\$ 9,768,301	\$ 9,960,423	\$ 10,273,853	\$ 10,746,345	\$ 10,579,163	\$ 10,890,064	\$ 11,434,333	\$ 14,823,776	\$ 13,709,187
Intergovernmental	4,886,129	4,127,929	3,983,314	3,364,073	3,258,124	3,206,315	3,767,004	5,293,293	5,104,531	5,041,033
Fines and forfeitures	1,716,846	1,774,798	1,828,645	1,613,749	1,376,112	1,133,181	1,115,505	1,164,063	1,037,600	803,272
Garage Charges									1,044,834	809,000
Charges for services	284,338	281,683	260,968	257,906	250,170	310,653	253,768	285,318	294,682	343,663
Investment income	52,899	36,484	135,818	39,445	43,704	54,216	67,230	70,866	104,417	86,107
Grants and subsidies	187,920	50,954								200,000
ease income	73	1,085,582	1,083,639	1,091,631	1,140,108	939,322	840,308	857,704	928,906	842,178
Miscellaneous	310,939	233,274	313,802	269,320	197,361	425,595	568,710	507,452	620,716	490,537
Total revenues	16,885,265	17,359,005	17,566,609	16,909,977	17,011,924	16,648,445	17,502,589	19,613,029	23,959,462	22,624,977
Expenditures										
General government	1,425,924	1,805,045	1,652,312	2,059,938	2,100,858	1,901,425	1,964,022	2,085,775	3,096,624	3,333,594
Public safety	13,498,540	14,244,396	15,176,234	15,754,520	15,552,037	15,947,584	16,935,100	17,424,091	17,766,922	18,893,216
Public service	2,306,871	2,759,983	2,493,475	2,540,906	2,507,788	2,941,310	3,253,462	2,856,934	2,780,224	2,955,747
Culture and recreation	818.368	946,692	942,167	1,006,218	959,879	944,873	945,898	1,349,158	1,467,014	1,620,773
Community development	1.525.229	1.674.357	1,815,776	1,769,655	1,987,811	2,049,237	4,917,482	2,320,175	3,896,650	3,267,663
Dedevelopment and borreing	480.592	503.278	577,942	335,399	228,000	228,000	352,895	280,462	206,000	206,000
Telecomminications and technology	326,362	367,318	386,117	392,945	405,217	422,411	443,359	466,364	460,021	477,190
Debt service:								ā		
Principal	1.272.643	1,220,330	1,478,499	1,196,251	3,420,721	978,491	1,366,227	1,440,153	1,376,182	1,588,199
topologic to the second to the	585,208	542.588	597,633	371,047	357,059	226,215	259,488	224,699	865,575	808,359
الازاجان	4 917 057	4 612 883	4,486,441	2.069,941	4,189,642	5,699,449	4,702,862	7,535,200	8,875,042	7,083,458
Capital outay Total expenditures	27.156.794	28,676,870	29,606,596	27,496,820	31,709,012	31,338,995	35,140,795	35,983,011	40,790,254	40,234,199
Excess of revenues over (under) expenditures	(10,271,529)	(11,317,865)	(12,039,987)	(10,586,843)	(14,697,088)	(14,690,550)	(17,638,206)	(16,369,982)	(16,830,792)	(17,609,222)
Other financing sources (uses)										
Refunding bonds issued				101 111	2,299,000	2 725 707	713 427	396 555	213.418	625,083
Capital lease	214,753	176,496	235,475	4/4/19/	216,062	101,021,2	12.00	42.462	11 621	30.135
Proceeds from sale of assets	6,153	20,099	2,266	347	36,733	4,984	29,306	13,402	120,11	10 205 650
Transfers in	13,148,673	12,448,340	14,173,836	14,920,980	14,727,220	•	15,281,892	15,910,705	20,000,000	(010,000,01
Transfers out	(2,661,344)	(2,973,180)	(3,651,460)	(3,041,363)	(1,653,492)		(1,790,892)	(1,996,705)	(6,746,068)	(84,308,63)
Total other financing sources (uses)	10,708,235	9,671,755	10,760,117	12,354,761	15,648,433	14,545,691	14,233,733	14,324,017	14,067,039	13,732,218
secreted bank at accede to M	\$ 436 706	\$ (1.646.110)	\$ (1.279.870)	\$ 1,767,918	\$ 951,345	\$ (144,859)	\$ (3,404,473)	\$ (2,045,965)	\$ (2,763,753)	\$ (3,877,004)
	·		1							

7.15%

6.92%

5.64%

5.24%

4.69%

13.65%

6.16%

8.26%

7.33%

8.35%

Debt service as a percentage of noncapital expenditures

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

i					((
Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Property Tax	Ę.	Lo S	Local Option Sales Tax	Speci Loc Sa	Special Purpose Local Option Sales Tax	Œ	Franchise Tax	Moto	Motor Fuel Tax	R ₩	Alcoholic Beverage Tax	Hot	Hotel/Motel Tax		Total
2011	↔	ű.	69	4,871,868	⇔	2,985,768	6)	1,099,653	↔	C)	↔	725,737	↔	517,277	€	10,200,303
2012		Ř. H		5,067,756		3,117,039		1,082,666		А		725,536		644,444		10,637,441
2013		ĬĪ.		4,950,107		3,074,143		1,057,342		10		723,504		785,900		10,590,996
2014		Ĩ		4,795,388		3,020,767		1,090,820				732,169		733,326		10,372,470
2015		ř		5,021,093		3,147,315		1,204,116		•()		713,873		893,124		10,979,521
2016		ä		4,769,502		2,987,372		1,110,440		я		713,178		916,803		10,497,295
2017		÷ĝ		4,968,287		3,205,545		1,083,001		1 00		718,706		993,808		10,969,347
2018		ï		5,230,046		3,359,689		1,073,386		31		717,267	_	1,122,254		11,502,642
2019		ě		5,750,141		4,194,143		1,130,709		U G		760,968	(1)	3,526,384		15,362,345
2020		8		5,349,061		4,622,567		1,144,431		Œ		720,255	(1	2,634,225		14,470,539



LAGRANGE GEORGIA

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA UTILITY DEPARTMENT - OPERATING AND FINANCIAL RATIO ANALYSIS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

WATER & SEWER FUND: FINANCIAL RATIOS:	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Water & sewer profit margin (%)	210	17.0	13.0	13.0	15.0	14.0	0.47	12.0	0 77	7
Return on total assets (%)	5.0	4.0	3,0	3.0	3.0	0.6	3.0	3.0	<u> </u>	0. 4 0. 0
Return on equity (%)	0.9	4.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	3.0	4.0	3.0	4.0	4.0
Liabilities/Assets (%)	11.0	0.9	5.0	11.0	20.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	22.0	23.0
Current ratio (x)	1.2	9.6	12.5	5.1	8.4	8.6	0.6	9.4	7.3	6.4
Receivables avg. days outstanding	43.5	44.5	46.9	42.9	43.6	45.1	42.9	47.6	45.4	38.6
Equity transfer (% of Income)	(3.0)	4.0	64.0	85.0	109.0	157.0	145.0	179.0	136.0	131.0
Equity transfer (% of Revenue)	(1.0)	1.0	8.0	11.0	16.0	22.0	22.0	23.0	21.0	20.0
Net Equity Transfers Out (\$)	(125)	125	1,185	1,760	2,555	3,585	3,600	3,600	3,605	3,605
Cash and investments(\$)	2,133	4,446	6,600	9,354	11,035	11,557	12,611	11,737	13,144	15,001
Capital investment to depreciation ratio (x)	1.0	0.2	0.5	1.9	2.7	0.8	0.2	0.5	0.3	0.2
Total capitalization (\$)	73,403	76,200	76,699	80,607	86,571	86,217	85,039	81,422	79,647	77,951
Working Capital (\$)	1,097	6,435	8,523	699'6	12,040	12,941	14,030	13,668	14,443	15,879
OPERATING INFORMATION:										
Water KGAL sales	2,187,078	2,076,421	1,913,509	1,890,621	1,923,966	1,918,290	2,016,881	1,897,839	1,942,207	1,961,636
Sewer KGAL sales	1,144,552	1,088,359	1,073,267	1,103,925	1,105,869	1,093,066	1,103,998	1,091,718	1,127,385	1,094,075
Revenues \$/KGAL sold	4.81	5.01	4.97	5.15	5.16	5.37	5.34	5.35	5.53	5.83
Total operating expense \$/KGAL	3.47	3.80	4.23	4.24	3.71	3.69	3.57	3:70	4.15	3.97
Distribution expenses \$/Kgal sold	2.85	3.21	3.32	3.39	3,30	3.40	3.32	3.44	3.52	3.79
Installed Water meters	19,544	19,584	19,607	19,660	19,733	19,783	19,892	19,920	19,991	20,008
Water distribution employees	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	16
Water production employees	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13	13
Meters/distribution employee	1,150	1,152	1,153	1,156	1,161	1,164	1,170	1,172	1,249	1,251
Meters/production employee	1,503	1,506	1,508	1,512	1,518	1,522	1,530	1,532	1,538	1,539
KGAL/distribution employee	128,652	122,142	112,559	111,213	113,174	112,841	118,640	111,638	121,388	122,602
KGAL/production employee	168,237	159,725	147,193	145,432	147,997	147,561	155,145	145,988	149,401	150,895
UTILITY FUND: FINANCIAL RATIOS:								,		
				•			((0	
Gas profit margin (%)	16.0	16.0	17.0	13.0	24.0	19.0	13.0	77.0	Z0.0	ST.U
Electric profit margin (%)	26.0	19.0	17.0	14.0	17.0	17.0	13.0	16.0	13.0	14.0
Telecom profit margin (%)	14.0	14.0	15.0	0.6	33.0	1.0	0.9	10.0	7.0	(1.0)
Return on total assets (%)	19.0	15.0	14.0	13.0	18.0	14.0	12.0	15.0	15.0	16.0
Return on equity (%)	33.0	26.0	22.0	21.0	28.0	20.0	16.0	21.0	20.0	20.0
Liabilities/Assets (%)	46.0	45.0	43.0	42.0	39.0	35.0	32.0	30.0	27.0	26.0
Current ratio (x)	4.2	3.8	3.6	4.0	4.4	4.8	4.3	4.5	5.1	4.8
Receivables avg. days outstanding	49.9	53.1	49.2	42.0	41.0	43.7	46.2	50.5	49.0	44.8

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Fquity transfer (% of Income)	63.0	112.0	96.0	98.0	75.0	77.0	102.0	81.0	82.0	82.0
Equity fund transfer (% of Revenue)	15.0	22.0	16.0	14.0	15.0	13.0	14.0	14.0	13.0	15.0
Net Equity Transfers Out (\$)	10,763	14,277	10,496	10,533	10,900	8,600	9,081	9,400	9,330	9,865
Cash & Investments (\$)	16,504	18,853	20,942	24,982	27,618	30,967	26,642	27,512	28,248	31,569
Capital investment versus depreciation (x)	0.5	0.4	1.0	0.3	0.5	0.4	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.3
Capitalization (\$)	66,172	63,749	63,722	62,757	63,706	64,297	63,423	62,996	63,816	64,608
Working Capital (\$)	24,186	22,705	22,831	26,199	29,083	31,505	27,747	29,578	34,414	34,075
OPERATING INFORMATION:										
Electric MWH purchases ^	532,868	515,529	525,329	535,331	547,324	548,879	543,805	539,512	551,359	533,710
Electric MWH sales	511,050	492,216	505,156	514,629	532,395	535,192	531,624	526,357	539,896	530,999
Electric \$/MWH sold	98.07	100.23	97.81	103.13	102.66	94.27	91.10	94.98	95.57	89.92
Electric total operating expense \$/MWH sold	72.63	80.85	81.55	88.44	84.90	78.29	79.21	80.13	83.61	77.62
Flectric nurchases expense \$/MWH sold	67.68	74.46	74.16	79.54	76.51	71.08	72.06	70.70	73.77	68.37
Flectric distribution expense \$/MWH sold	4.02	5.38	6.37	7.81	7.29	6.11	6.01	8.08	8.40	7.79
Installed electric meters	13,499	13,581	13,561	13,582	13,583	13,594	13,612	13,609	13,561	13,616
Fleatic distribution employees	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	12	17	16
Code of the control o	rc	5	5	ß	2	9	9	ဖ	7	7
Meters/employee	1.125	1.132	1,130	1,132	1,132	1,133	1,134	1,134	848	851
MM/Hs/amployee	42,588	41,018	42,096	42,886	44,366	44,599	44,302	43,863	33,744	33,187
	0 250 620	046.080	2 157 212	2 157 212	2 281 697	2,072,075	1.934.894	2,103,741	2,189,843	2,043,810
Gas Dth purchases "	2,239,020	4,040,000	2,101,212	2,137,212	2 2 1 5 1 4 6	2.037.322	1.914.494	2.088,221	2,160,022	2,085,646
Gas Dth sales	181,112,2	1,937,920	6.145,307	20, 21 20, 00 00 %	7.59	5.60	6.11	6.38	6.80	5.94
Gas revenue \$/Dth sold	04.7	0.0	0.0	0.0	7.76	7.56	5.34	4 99	5.41	4.12
Gas operating expense \$/Dth sold	6.27	5.72	5.0°C	96.0	0.70	, 4 50 70	3.96	3.76	4.12	2.73
Gas purchases expense \$/Dth sold	4.76	0.4	3.92	0.00	£ 6	2.0	0.61	0.54	0.64	0.73
Gas divisional operating expenses \$/Dth sold	69.0	0.77	0.70	0.00	0.00	5.5	9030	0 521	9 165	9 120
Installed Gas meters	9,497	9,444	9,460	9,460	9,500	9,496	9,526	170'8	ς, α α	ć, - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20 - 20
Gas employees	1	10	10	00	x	o i	0 .	0 (,	7
Meters/employee	863	944	946	1,183	1,188	1,187	1,191	1,190	1,146	1,140
Dth/employee	201,017	195,793	214,557	268,196	276,893	254,665	239,312	261,028	270,003	260,706
				7	7	2	2	7	3	ന
Boring Crew	ď	ď	C	9	9	9	9	00	6	თ
Customer Service Reps	2 080	7 102	7 105	7.117	7.136	7,146	7,172	5,381	4,746	4,749
Meters/CSR	000	,	σ	σ	<u>م</u>	0	თ	თ	б	6
Utility Service Workers	9 773	26 750	26 188	22 337	20.816	19.649	18,719	19,048	17,302	16,164
Service Orders Completed	50,473	4 724	4 726	7745	4 757	4 764	4.781	4,783	4,746	4,749
Meters/Service Worker	7,121	4,734	2 910	2.482	2,313	2,183	2,080	2,116	1,922	1,796
Orders per USW	2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2	1 4	1 7	12 203	12 455	12 185	12,681	13.000	12,935	13,470
Total equity transfers out	10,638	4,402	100,11	0.62,21	15.0	15.0	16.0	16.0	15.0	16.0
Total equity transfer (% of Revenue)	12.0	0.0	<u>;</u>	<u>;</u>	2	;				

Data Source: City Utility Department $^{\wedge}$ Electric and gas energy purchases are reported on a cash rather than accrual basis.

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CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL WATER CUSTOMERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2020				2011	
Customer	5 5	Customer Charges	Rank	Percentage of Total Customer Charges		Customer	Rank	Percentage of Total Customer Charges
Milliken & Co.	မာ	590.427	-	3.17%	69	893.570	-	4 90%
City of Greenville		344,394	2	1.85%	-	245,042	െ ന	1.40%
City of Hogansville		176,966	ო	0.95%		172,994	4	1.00%
Troup County Commissioners		173,448	4	0.93%		271,011	7	1.50%
Great Wolf Lodge		169,814	S	0.91%				
Kimberly Clark		112,471	9	0.60%		119,833	9	0.70%
Troup Co. School System		110,668	7	0.59%		105,713	7	%09:0
West Georgia Health Systems		95,816	œ	0.51%		167,212	c)	%06.0
Jindal Films America		92,619	თ	0.50%				
Mountville Mills, Inc.		82,315	10	0.44%		76,001	10	0.40%
LaGrange College						99,506	∞	%09.0
Lee's Crossing Apartments						89,516	ത	0.50%

Data Source: City Utility Department

1,948,938

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL NATURAL GAS CUSTOMERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

		2020			2011	
I.			Percentage of Total			Percentage of Total
Customer	Customer Charges	Rank	Customer Charges	Customer Charges	Rank	Customer Charges
	\$ 2,037,683	_	16.01%	\$ 3,440,873	-	20.90%
KIA Motor Corporation	1,732,357	2	13.61%	2,739,529	7	16.70%
Jindal Films America	555,212	က	4.36%			
Mountville Mills, Inc.	547,406	4	4.30%	545,026	ည	3.30%
Great Wolf Lodge	355,770	S	2.79%			
CW Matthews Contracting Co, Inc.	335,661	9	2.64%	283,958	თ	1.70%
Interface Flooring Systems	250,103	7	1.96%	468,448	9	2.90%
West Georgia Health Systems	247,653	∞	1.95%	398,819	7	2.40%
Kimberly Clark	240,219	თ	1.89%	738,066	ო	4.50%
Troup Co. School System	165,811	10	1.30%	219,244	10	1.30%
Exxon Mobil				604,533	4	3.70%
Custom Organics				343,119	œ	2.10%

Data Source: City Utility Department

59.50%

9,781,615

ക

50.81%

6,467,875

es |

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL ELECTRIC CUSTOMERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

			2020			2011	
Customer	Cus	Customer Charges	Rank	Percentage of Total Customer Charges	Customer Charges	Rank	Percentage of Total Customer Charges
Jindal Films America	ω	3,832,649	←	7.82%			
Duracell USA	2,	2,652,419	7	5.41%	\$ 2,304,591	7	4.60%
Sewon America, Inc.	Έ.	1,701,980	ო	3.47%	991,830	œ	2.00%
West Georgia Health Systems	4	1,356,248	4	2.77%	1,721,503	4	3.40%
Wal-Mart	7	1,334,365	5	2.72%	1,448,258	5	2.90%
Interface Flooring Systems	4	1,228,555	9	2.51%	1,435,924	9	2.90%
Troup Co. School System	←	1,195,408	7	2.44%	1,237,293	7	2.50%
SAFA	₹.	1,028,409	_∞	2.10%	938,783	6	1.90%
LaGrange College		847,671	6	1.73%	818,041	10	1.60%
Seoyon Interior System		696,002	10	1.42%			
Exxon Mobil					3,612,446	~	7.20%
City of LaGrange					1,802,649	ო	3.60%

32.60%	
\$ 16,311,318	
32.39%	
\$ 15,873,706	

Data Source: City Utility Department

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA RATIOS OF OUTSTANDING DEBT BY TYPE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Gove	Governmental Activities	es		Business-Type Activities	Activities				
Fiscal sar Ended June 30	Intergovernmental Agreements	al Capital Leases	Notes Payable	Revenue Bonds	Intergovernmental Agreements	Capital Leases	Notes Payable	Total Primary Government	Percentage of Personal Income**	Per Capita**
1	\$ 5,892,500	\$ 2,336,116	\$ 2,405,000	\$ 14,375,000	\$ 4,275,000	\$ 2,399,862	\$ 4,166,600	\$ 35,850,078	7.13%	\$ 1,195
	5,647,500	1,787,282	2,155,000	10,130,701	4,080,000	2,565,141	3,988,148	30,353,772	6.02%	1,012
	5,442,500	1,029,258	1,875,000	9,735,000	3,875,000	2,837,662	3,804,272	28,598,692	5.66%	953
2014	5,140,000	920,304	1,565,000	8,985,000	3,660,000	2,754,936	7,553,825	30,579,065	6.03%	1,019
2015	4,932,500	576,055	1,225,000	8,215,000	3,435,000	2,874,729	18,296,132	39,554,416	7.80%	1,318
2016	4,570,000	3,055,771	855,000	7,415,000	3,195,000	2,597,314	20,123,755	41,811,840	8.25%	1,394
	21,120,000	3,182,971	445,000	6,590,000	2,940,000	1,650,608	19,176,976	55,105,555	10.87%	1,837
2018	20,737,500	0 2,966,873	4)	5,740,000	2,670,000	1,536,276	18,211,640	51,862,289	10.23%	1,700
2019	20,005,000	0 2,536,609	Ē	4,860,000	2,385,000	887,486	17,227,306	47,901,401	9.45%	1,581
2020	19,247,500	0 2,330,993	T.	3,950,000	2,090,000	530,024	16,223,544	44,372,061	8.75%	1,464

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements.

^{**} See Demographic and Economic Statistics on page 122 for personal income and population data.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

		Estimated	Estimated Share of
	Debt	Percentage	Overlapping
Governmental Unit	Outstanding	Applicable *	Debt
Overlapping debt:			
Troup County, Georgia	\$ 11,348,259	45%	\$ 5.106.717
Troup County Board of Public			
Education	28,000,000	45%	12,600,000
Subtotal, overlapping debt			17,706,717
Direct debt:			
City of LaGrange, Georgia			
governmental activities			21,578,493
Subtotal, direct debt			21,578,493
Total direct and overlapping debt			\$ 39,285,210

Data Sources: Debt outstanding data provided by the County and the Board of Education.

Note: Overlapping governments are those that coincide, at least in part, with the geographic boundaries of the City. This schedule estimates the portion of the outstanding debt of those overlapping governments that is borne by the residents and businesses of the City of LaGrange, Georgia. This process recognizes that, when considering the government's ability to issue and repay long-term debt, the entire burden borne by the residents and businesses should be taken into account. However, this does not imply that every taxpayer is a resident, and therefore responsible for repaying the debt of each overlapping government. * The percentage of overlapping debt applicable is estimated using population. Applicable percentages were estimated by dividing the City's population by the total County population.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Debt limit	\$107,048,174	\$107,048,174 \$103,939,639 \$103,123,860	\$103,123,860	\$104,653,160	\$104,177,955	\$111,425,800	\$104,653,160 \$104,177,955 \$111,425,800 \$112,451,537 \$115,964,793 \$115,660,640 \$ 119,164,061	\$ 115,964,793	\$ 115,660,640	\$ 119,164,061
Total net debt applicable to limit										
Total net debt margin	\$107,048,174	\$107,048,174 \$103,939,639 \$103,123,860	\$103,123,860	\$104,653,160	\$104,653,160 \$104,177,955	\$111,425,800	\$111,425,800 \$112,451,537	\$ 115,964,793	\$ 115,964,793 \$ 115,660,640 \$ 119,164,061	\$ 119,164,061
Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit	t 0.00%	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	%00.0	0.00%	%00.0	%00.0	00.00%
							Legal Debt Mar	Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year	for Fiscal Year	2020
							Net assessed value Add Back: Exempt real property Total assessed value	alue npt real property value	t at	\$ 1,037,985,874 153,654,736 \$ 1,191,640,610
							Debt limit (10% o	Debt limit (10% of total assessed value)	d value)	\$ 119,164,061
							Debt applicable to intin. General obligation bonds	ot applicable to illilit. General obligation bonds Loss: Amount set aside for renavment of	navment of	×
							general oblig general oblig Total net debt a Legal debt margin	Less. Amount set aske for topa general obligation debt Total net debt applicable to limit gal debt margin	mit	\$ 119,164,061

Note: Under state law the City of LaGrange's outstanding general obligation debt should not exceed 10 percent of total assessed property value. By law, the general obligation debt subject to the limitation may be offset by amounts set aside for repaying general obligation bonds.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE WATER AND SEWER DEBT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

	Revenue	Bond	Coverage ***	1.54	1.84
(5)			lotal	4,891,585	3,684,875
ents				↔	
Debt Service Requirements			Interest	281,585	89,875
bt Ser				↔	
De			Principal	4,610,000	3,595,000
				↔	
Service	Net Revenue	Available for	Debt Service	7,531,398	6,769,880
bt Ser	Ν̈́.	€ 0	ٳػ	↔	
Net Revenue Available for Debt (:	Operating	Expenses	8,987,982	9,613,720
eune /			"]	↔	
Net Rev	i i	l otal	Kevenue	\$ 16,519,380	16,383,600
	Fiscal	Year Ended	June 30	2011	2012

Note: Details regarding the government's outstanding debt can be found in the Notes to the Financial Statements. Note: The Water and Sewer Bonds were paid off in fiscal year ended June 30, 2012.

Operating and non-operating revenue available for debt service.

^{**} Operating expenses other than interest on debt, depreciation and amortization.

^{***} Revenue bond coverage is equal to net revenue available for debt service divided by total principal and interest required to be paid during that year.

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total Population *	₩	Personal Income * 502,500,000	⊕ ⊕ ⊕	Per Capita Income * 16,750	Median Age * 33.0	Education Level in Years of Formal Schooling	Consolidated School Enrollment **	Unemployment Rate *** 12.8%
30,000		504,520,000		16,817	33.0	N/A	12,727	12.2%
30,000		504,900,000		16,830	33.0	N/A	12,755	10.0%
30,000		506,900,000		16,897	33.0	N/A	12,667	9.5%
30,000		506,900,000		16,897	33.0	N/A	12,506	6.3%
30,000		506,900,000		16,897	33.0	√/Z	12,386	5.2%
30,000		506,900,000		16,897	33.0	N/A	12,204	4.9%
30,500		506,900,000		16,620	33.0	A/N	12,100	3.9%
30,300		506,900,000		16,730	33.0	A/Z	12,066	3.6%
30,300		506,900,000		16,730	33.0	A/N	12,184	9.1%

N/A = Not Available

Data Sources:

* 2010 U.S. Census: other years - LaGrange Planning Office.

** Board of Education

*** Troup County Department of Labor (latest completed calendar year, City of LaGrange)

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS BY NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES CURRENT YEAR AND TEN YEARS AGO

2011

2020

Employer	Type of Business	Employees	Rank	Percentage	Employees	Rank	Percentage
Troup County School System	Education	1,939	~	21.40%	1,959	7	17.30%
West Georgia Health Systems	Medical Services	1,300	2	14.35%	1,272	ო	11.20%
Wal-Mart Distribution Center	Warehousing	1,175	ო	12.97%	096	Ø	8.50%
Mountville Mills, Inc.	Carpet	965	4	10.65%			
Milliken & Co.	Textiles	794	ß	8.76%	1,130	5	10.00%
Interface Flooring Systems	Floor coverings	717	9	7.91%	1,181	4	10.40%
Sewon America, Inc.	Car Manufacturing Supplier	670	7	7.39%	800	7	%00.7
Troup County Board of Commissioners	Government	552	œ	6.09%	460	თ	4.00%
American Home Shield	Call Center	499	თ	5.51%			
Duracell	Batteries	450	10	4.97%	428	10	3.80%
KIA Motors	Car Manufacturing				2,500	~	22.10%
Intercall, Inc.	Web Conferencing				644	œ	2.70%

Data Source: LaGrange - Troup Chamber of Commerce

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year Ended June 30	ed June 30				
Function	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Governmental activities:									,	,
General government	16	16	16	16	16	16	16	13	13	5
Public safety:					;	ţ	i e	i.	0	,
Police	96	92	92	92	66	105	105	co i	90.7	90 5
Fire	58	58	22	22	57	22	22	64	64	65
Animal control	ო	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4	4
Court services	ო	ო	ო	က	က	ಣ	က	က	ო	က
Prohation services	ιΩ	2	S	c)	2	2	S	2	Ω.	S
Fublic service.	α	oc	00	80	œ	œ	o	18	18	18
Laindscapilig & cellicines	ο ζ	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	16	17
riigiiways & succus	2 .		. "	с,	cr.	m	n	ო	3	2
l raffic control	o 1	o (,) c) 0	0	α	α	00	00
Trash and refuse	∞	xo	×o	ю -	0 (0 (o u) L(י עי
Recycling	*	*	*	*	က	m	ν) ·	ი (ဂ	o (
Engineering	7	2	2	7	7	2	2	77	N	7
Community development:							L.	(C	c
l ife & building safety	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	o	> (> (
Housing & propertions	_	-	-	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Singapode in Billiano I	٠ ٠	-	-		_	~	~		_	-
Economic development	- 1	- 1	- 1	- о	· co	α	00	6	œ	თ
Community and economic development	7	7	,	xo	0	o	o))	
Other governmental services:				(,	0	1,1	17	1,5	12
Vehicle maintenance	16	16	16	16	16	<u>ο</u>	2 (_ (2 c	<u>.</u> c
1 ocal governmental television	2	2	2	2	2	2	2	7	7	7
Total governmental activities	247	246	245	245	252	258	260	276	273	2/4
Business-type activities:				į	6	ć	ç	63	63	63
Water & sewerade	64	64	64	64	63	50	S !	5 6	3 8	23
	17	17	17	17	17	17	1,	0	67	3 (
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Telecommunications	D ¦	> 8	, ;		24	33	31	31	33	15
Sanitation	32	32	32	2 0	- 0	000	56	32	32	33
Business-type activities support services	27	27	/7	17	67	3		700	187	150
Total business-type activities	156	156	155	156	156	156	961	001	2	2
Grand total	403	402	400	401	408	414	416	436	440	424

Data Source: City Finance Office * Information not available

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					Fiscal Year Ended June 30	nded June 3	00			
	2011	2012	2013	2014	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
Function										
Police:										
Physical arrests	4,769	5,451	6,111	5,780	5,431	4,519	4,018	4,175	3,323	2,929
Parking violations	215	185	424	298	255	255	391	611	288	108
Traffic violations	15,163	17,491	20,060	14,488	13,363	12,625	12,955	15,095	14,809	8,029
Fire:										
Number of calls answered	3,724	4,223	4,723	4,477	4,705	4,634	4,607	4,722	5,040	5,470
Inspections	3,242	2,925	2,715	2,715	2,289	2,479	2,451	1,986	2,598	2,236
Health and welfare:										
Animal control (captured animals-City)	1,370	1,448	1,446	1,331	1,209	1,163	1,132	1,394	1,568	1,202
Highways and streets:										
Street resurfacing (miles)	17	12	23	က	7	7	5	2	9	4
Potholes repaired	150	88	22	71	53	74	58	72	13	63
Water and sewerage:										
New water connections	166	22	7	36	105	111	144	162	129	164
New sewage connections	11	120	22	31	22	28	29	17	29	74
Average daily consumption	5,992	5,688	5,242	5,179	5,271	5,288	5,526	5,200	5,321	5,384
(thousands of gallons)										
Average daily sewage treatment	4,710	4,550	4,370	4,940	4,270	5,120	4,900	3,750	3,750	6,480
(thousands of gallons)										
Gas:										
Breaks on gas main	13	14	Υ_	7	2	9	or		_	4
Solid waste:									i	;
Refuse collected (tons/day)	392	412	412	419	442	442	442	442	20	28
Recyclables collected (tons/day)	ග	7	17	13	15	15	15	15	20	5

Data Sources: Various City Departments Note: Indicators not available for the general government function

CITY OF LAGRANGE, GEORGIA CAPITAL ASSET STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Function Public safety: Police: Stations Patrol units Fire eagines Health and welfare: Animal control: Animal control: Animal pounds Culture and recreation: Cemeteries Parks acreage Parks acreage Parks Swimming pools Tennis courts Community centers Highways and streets: Streets (miles) Streets (miles) Streets (miles) Streets (miles) Streets (miles) Streets (miles)	2012	2013	2017	1			1 1		
s age pools posts posts pounds pounds screation: s age tpools urts d streets: iiles) is additions)		2012	4102	2015	2016	2017	2018	2019	2020
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Traffic signals (City owned)		00	xo	0	o	o)		
		I,		7	0440	770	445	449	453
Water mains (miles)		435	447	440	0 140	7	000	1074	2 011
Eiro hydropte		2,060	1,919	1,919	1,929	1,939	008,1	1 /6'1	- 0,0
Winder Condition Williams	•	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000	22,000
									!
(6		245	215	215	215	215	215	216	217
Sanitary sewers (miles)		612	71	1 2	57	57	57	57	61
Storm sewers (miles)		/c	10	70			000	10 000	12.500
Maximum daily sewer treatment capacity 12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	12,500	006,21	0,00	5	
(thousands of gallons)									
		900	327	327	339	343	337	337	341
Gas lines (miles)	270	020	170		0,	19	19	18	14
Number of distribution stations		14) L	<u>o</u>	<u>n</u>	2			
		7	42	44	44	44	44	18	14
Collection trucks 38	- 1	ŕ	ļ						

Data Sources: Various City Department Note: No capital asset statistics are available for the general government function.

